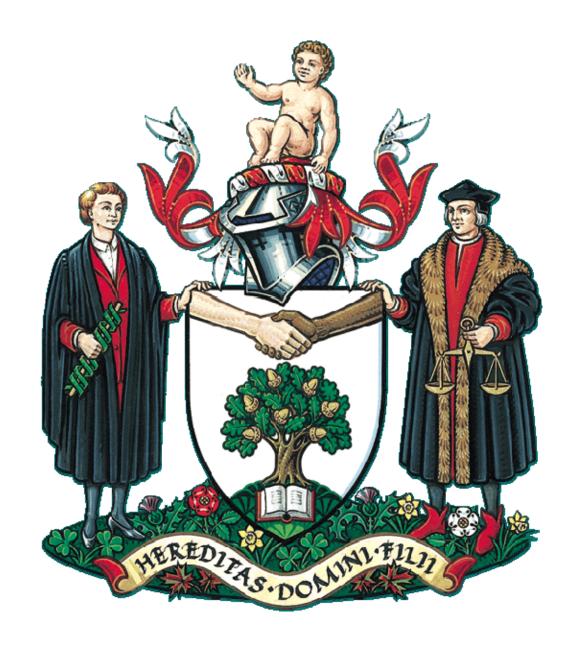
Curriculum for Paediatric
Training
Paediatric Respiratory Medicine
Level 1, 2 and 3 Training

Sept 2010



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Curriculum for Paediatric Respiratory Medicine METABOLIC MEDICINE 109 NEPHRO-UROLOGY 119 NEUROLOGY AND NEURODISABILITY 122 **SECTION 5** Table 1 – Minimum no. of assessments required. **APPENDIX 1 APPENDIX 2 APPENDIX 3**

Quick Start to the Curriculum

1. What does the curriculum tell us?

The curriculum includes

- Competences that need to be achieved by trainees through their stages of training in becoming a paediatrician
- Assessment strategy through the whole of their training to successful completion and the award of a CCT (Certificate of Completion of Training)

2. Who does the curriculum benefit?

- Trainees will be able to develop their personal development plans and chart their progress through training, ensuring they are gaining the appropriate experiences and continuing to develop towards being a consultant. This contributes to appraisal, self-assessment, self-directed learning and educational meetings.
- Trainers will be able to ensure their trainees are developing in the correct areas and ensure their teaching covers the right areas. It will also help them complete their end of post review.
- Tutors will be able to ensure local teaching programmes map to the curriculum.
- Lay people will be able to see what their paediatricians are working towards in their training. A summary is contained within
 Progression in the Professional Development of a Paediatrician

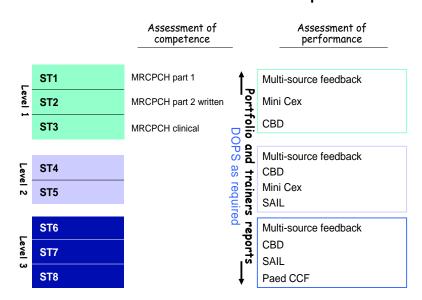
 RCPCH assessment road map

3. How can we use the curriculum and its layout?

The curriculum lists the competences to be gained at each level of training. It is not a checklist to be completed by the trainee against every competence. The assessment strategy ensures that the curriculum is sampled adequately.

Level 1 training / ST1-3 – previously SHOs, this stage is in the first (green) column
Level 2 training / ST4-5 – middle grade is the middle (blue) column
Level 3 training / ST6-8 – (at which stage some trainees will enter national grid
training to train in a sub-specialty) this level is the final (purple) column.

The Contents Page contains hyperlinks to the relevant sections of the document.



⁻ Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health -

i) For those training towards being a General Paediatrician

- Section 1 details how to use the document
- Section 2 gives the competences for a Level 1, Level 2 and General Level 3 trainee paediatrician in the overarching knowledge and skills required e.g.

communication skills, teaching and training skills, research and audit, managing a consultation etc.

The competences are listed under the most relevant assessment standard, e.g. the overall learning outcome. The progression of these

competences can be followed through the levels of training

- Section 3 details the condition-specific knowledge and skills as a list. The level at which they are achieved is highlighted by a tick in the appropriate box and again the progression can be followed as the levels rise.
- Section 4 explains the assessments and the assessment system with the minimum assessment requirements for each year and at each level of training.

See About Assessments

ii) For those training towards a sub-specialty

- Section 1 details how to use the document.
- Section 2 gives the competences for a Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 sub-specialty trainee paediatrician in the overarching knowledge and skills required e.g. communication skills, teaching and training skills, research and audit, managing a consultation etc.

The competences are listed under the most relevant assessment standard, e.g. the overall learning outcome. The progression of these competences can be followed through the levels of training.

- Section 3 contains the new knowledge and skills required for the sub-specialty conditions.
- Section 4 details the condition specific knowledge and skills for all the other specialties that need to be maintained throughout a trainee's final level of training.
- Section 5 explains the assessments and the assessment system.

General Paediatrics or Subspecialty Training at Level 3

By the end of level 3 training all successful trainees will be awarded a CCT in the specialty 'Paediatrics'. The initial core five years (ST1-5) is common to all trainees. In Level 3 training, trainees either continue in General Paediatric training or complete a subspecialty training programme. Following either route will require you to achieve a set of common generic competences to acquire at this stage of training as well as subspecialty specific competences. As a general paediatric trainee you will consolidate your training through a series of general posts. As a subspecialty trainee, whilst acquiring new knowledge and skills in a chosen sub-specialty you will also consolidate your general training and management of the patient with complex multisystem disease.

For further information on entry to sub-specialty training http://www.rcpch.ac.uk/Training/NTN-Grid-Scheme

4. How will the curriculum competences be achieved?

Learning will take place in a variety of settings with a range of approaches:

- Acute settings
- Community settings
- Handover
- Ward rounds
- Multi-disciplinary meetings
- Audits and research
- E-learning
- Seminars
- Lecture
- External training courses
- Reflective practice
- Self-directed learning

Most events in the workplace will contribute to the learning process. Trainees are encouraged to utilise all these opportunities as well as managing their study leave to work towards to completing their personal development plan.

5. How often should it be used?

By Trainees:

The document is for reference and should be used to guide a trainee and trainer through the training programme. Some trainees may find it useful to use as a resource during reflection, helping them to assess what has been achieved and what still needs to be developed. The e-portfolio assists in this process by allowing the trainee to record comments on competences, attach evidence of achievement and highlight confidence in the areas.

By Local Education Providers (usually a hospital trust)/School:

LEPs and schools may use the curriculum to design the structured learning programme throughout the year.

6. Is this the definitive guide?

Yes — this is a comprehensive document detailing the fundamental knowledge skills and behaviours expected from a trained paediatrician working in the UK. Of course as paediatricians develop, they will gain greater knowledge and expertise and build on the elements within this programme.

7. What can't I find?

You won't find any specific details about individual training posts or programmes, formal educational courses or training opportunities – these will be provided by the Deanery, School of Paediatrics or Local Education Provider.

8. Where to go with further questions?

e-mail: training@rcpch.ac.uk

telephone 020 7092 6000

Introduction

The curriculum is for doctors in training in Paediatrics, their tutors, educational supervisors and other stakeholders (internal and external) with an interest in post-graduate medical education

The curriculum gives the doctor in training and their tutors' guidance about the areas that need to be covered. It gives a clear picture of what has to be achieved by the end of each stage of training.

The curriculum can be used to help identify areas of practice that need to be improved and those in which the trainee has confidence.

The competences that are gained during Level 1 training form the basis for progression into Level 2 and Level 3 training and onto consultant posts. The way in which the statements are written is intended to reflect this. The framework of competences reflects a spiral curriculum in that it asks the trainee to demonstrate continual development as their training progresses i.e. basic competences become more complex and sophisticated as the paediatrician in training works towards expertise. Table 1 illustrates this progression through training.

The competencies are expressed as learning objectives. These are the focus of training and at the end of each level of training the ARCP panel will want to know how well these objectives have been achieved. This document is to SUPPORT training and is not intended as an assessment document

What is a Paediatrician?

Paediatricians have a detailed knowledge and understanding of diseases in children. They are skilled in looking at health and ill-health in babies, children and adolescents, and at specific health issues, diseases and disorders related to these stages of growth and development. They develop expertise in practical procedures specifically related to the good clinical care of small babies and children. Paediatricians work in multi-disciplinary teams and with colleagues from a wide range of professional groups in hospitals, general practice and in the community, in social services and schools and with the voluntary sector. They have strong communication and interpersonal skills and take on a variety of roles within their different communities of practice. They share expertise effectively and assume the responsibilities of teaching, leadership and management roles where appropriate. They work with colleagues to ensure consistency and continuity in the treatment and care of children and young people in all aspects of their well-being. They are committed to a policy of advocacy for a healthy lifestyle in children and young people and for the protection of their rights.

Paediatricians are doctors who have a particular compassion and respect for children, young people and their families and enjoy working with them. They have an expert understanding of the ways in which illness affects the child, the parents and the rest of the family and are skilled in the management of emotionally complex family situations. They show patience and sensitivity in their communications with children and their families and a particular ability to explore each individual's perspectives of a problem. They are aware of religious and cultural beliefs that parents might hold about the treatment of their children. They know how to respond in these cases, when to seek support and where to find legal and ethical guidelines to support their practice.

Paediatricians ensure that they are up-to-date in their practice and endeavour to promote evidence-based medicine where possible. They are keen to develop innovative approaches to teaching in paediatrics and to research. They are committed to the highest standards of care and of ethical and professional behaviour within their specialty and within the medical profession as a whole. Central to their work is the principle that all decisions should be made in the best interests of the child or young person in their care.

Progression in the Professional Development of a Paediatrician

During Level 1	During Level 2 and 3	Continuing development as a consultant
Acquires fundamental knowledge base	Applies knowledge base to provide appropriate clinical care	Evaluates knowledge and modifies clinical care pathways to enhance patient care.
Acquires clinical examination and assessment skills and applies these in clinical practice	Analyses clinical findings to derive appropriate differential diagnosis and management plans.	Evaluates assessment findings; refines and modifies management plans.
Acquires all basic technical skills and basic life support	Proficient at all basic technical procedures, some complex procedures and provides advanced life support.	May relinquish some skills in these areas dependent on area of clinical practice. May acquire specialty specific skills.
Performs allocated tasks and begins to plan tasks	Plans and prioritises tasks appropriately.	Increasing expertise with evaluation of priorities and appropriate delegation across a wide range of professionals.
Performs allotted teaching tasks	Plans and delivers teaching to trainees and other professionals. Develops peer mentoring skills.	Plans and modifies curricula. Performs assessment and appraisal. Able to provide mentorship.
Aware of management issues	Develops management skills and able to take responsibility for a defined project. Contributes to Committees.	Can negotiate and deal with conflict. Can contribute to and lead committees. Evaluates and modifies management structures.
Performs allocated audit projects and understands the audit cycle	Designs audit project and understands risk management. Able to write appropriate clinical guidelines. Understands the Clinical Governance implications	Facilitates audit, and evaluates results. Evaluates guidelines and ensures implementation of appropriate changes
Understands the principles of critical appraisal and research methodology	Able to appraise the literature critically and apply to clinical practice	Able to evaluate critical appraisal performed by others. Able to lead research projects and support others in research.
Works in multi-professional teams	Able to take the lead and accept leadership from other members of the multi-disciplinary team	Evaluates and modifies multi-professional team- working

SECTION 1

HOW TO USE THE COMPETENCY FRAMEWORK

Trainee

First of all ensure you have read the Introduction to understand the purpose and key principles of Paediatric Training.

You should then read the sections on Learning and Support for Learning which will enable to understand the system of workplace based learning and other educational opportunities that will be made available to you.

Then you should browse the competencies sections. The headings (assessment standards) are applied to a group of competencies will give you an idea of what you should be aiming to achieve throughout each level of training. The curriculum is separated out into Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 competencies. However it is important you are aware of progression and achievement of higher level competencies.

The curriculum has the following structure

- Generic competences and generic clinical competences (e.g. history taking, consulting, clinical management, communication skills, teaching, management, law and ethics)
- Specialty-specific competences (e.g. cardiology, endocrinology etc.)

The competencies should be used at appraisals, for self assessment and self-directed learning to check your progression against the range that you are expected to achieve. Your educational meetings will support this process.

Following on from the competency framework is the assessment system which charts your progress through the training programme. You are expected to take the initiative with this; so you will need to read and familiarise yourself with this section too (Section 4). Each year you will be expected to produce evidence of progressing through the competencies at a suitable pace and achieving the appropriate assessments for the Annual Review of Competency Progression (ARCP) Panel. This will be supported by educational supervision and e-portfolio.

There will be a local induction at the start of your programme which will further introduce how the programme will be delivered and assessed by your education provider. You will also be allocated an educational supervisor who will be responsible for your educational agreement, during your working hours you should be appropriately supervised and this may be your educational supervisor, clinical supervisor, a more senior trainee or another senior clinician.

Within paediatrics all consultants will have a role as trainer and the majority will have a role both as educational supervisor and clinical supervisor. Many specialty grade doctors (SASG) will undertake the role of clinical supervisor but few will take on the role of educational supervisor. All trainers will be required to have clinical credibility and the ability to teach within their chosen subject and demonstrate both an interest in their specialty and in trainee education and development.

Trainers/Educational Supervisors/Clinical Supervisors

Please read the Introduction and 'How to use the curriculum - Trainees' sections above.

Your roles will vary and may involve providing learning in the workplace, contributing to other forms of learning, providing workplace based assessments and clinical supervision, providing educational supervision and ensuring patient safety within the learning environment.

You should be supported in your role by the Local Education Provider and the Paediatric School and should receive training in all your different roles which contribute to postgraduate education. There should be adequate time within your job plan to carry out your agreed postgraduate training roles to a high standard.

As a **Clinical Supervisor** you will be required to be trained in assessment tools that you are using and will have responsibility for supervising the trainees' day to day clinical practice.

As a **Educational Supervisor** you will be required to have received training in and be familiar with all elements of the curriculum and assessment strategy. You will be required to provide formative developmental support for trainees e.g. acting as facilitator, mentor, supporting the development of the trainee's professionalism and ensure educational objectives are being achieved. You must fully understand the objectives of the period of training for which you are responsible.

For more detailed information please consult your LEP and Deanery for local procedures and the Gold Guide (http://www.mmc.nhs.uk/pdf/Gold%20Guide%202009%20-%20Third%20edition%20v1.pdf).

Learning

Learning will take place in a variety of settings with a range of approaches:

- Acute settings
- Out patient Clinics
- Community setting
- Handover
- Ward rounds
- Multi-disciplinary meetings
- Audits and research
- e-learning
- Seminars
- Lectures
- External training courses
- Reflective practice
- Self-directed learning

Trainees are encouraged to utilise the opportunities that arise at anytime within the workplace, as well as managing their study leave to work towards the achievement of their personal development plan.

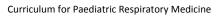
Support for Learning

During the Local Education Providers' induction the trainee will be allocated an education supervisor and informed of the local processes for learning support.

The trainee has responsibility as an adult learner to set their own individual learning objectives for each training post/training programme with the support of their Educational Supervisor. The objectives should then be reviewed at regular intervals utilising the e-portfolio and by demonstrating improvement through the use of work-place based assessments.

There will be deanery processes in place to support any doctor in training who may need additional support. Examples where additional support will suggested may include (and not limited too)

- doctors who have a learning need
- a requirement for reasonable adjustment for the achievement of the competencies
- involvement in a serious incident
- disengagement with the educational process



SECTION 2

The Competency Framework – General Competences

Assessment Standard 1

Duties of a Doctor

1

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

This section details the competences that reflect the overall role of the paediatrician and the behaviours that demonstrate the principle that all decisions should be made in the best interest of the child.

For more information on assessment please see the assessment blueprint

Level 1 (ST1-3)
an understanding of the roles and responsibilities of paediatricians

Level 2 (ST4-5)
a commitment in their practice to the roles and responsibilities of paediatricians

Level 3 (ST6-8) a commitment to advocate for the individual child in her/his particular context

Standard 1

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3)

an understanding of the roles and responsibilities of paediatricians

Trainees will:

understand the duties and responsibilities of a paediatrician in the safeguarding of babies, children and young people

understand the duties and responsibilities of a paediatrician to support and enable parents and carers to be effective in caring for their children

understand the limitations of their competence at this stage of their training and know where and when to ask for help, support or supervision - particularly in relation to safe recognition and management of seriously ill children and young people

begin to understand their role in the management of chronic illness in children and young people

understand and follow the principle that all decisions are to be made in the best interests of the child or young person in their care

develop an understanding of the concept of advocacy for a healthy lifestyle in children and young people and for the protection of their rights

understand the responsibility of paediatricians to consider all aspects of a child's well-being including biological, psychological and social factors

Level 2 (ST4-5)

a commitment in their practice to the roles and responsibilities of paediatricians

Level 3 (ST6-8)

a commitment to advocate for the individual child in her/his particular context

understand the duty of all professionals working with children to report concerns about child protection issues to Social Services

understand the limitations of their competence, in relation to safe clinical practice and in their relationships with patients and know where and when to ask for help, support and supervision

understand their role in managing the consequences of chronic illness for a child and family

be able to manage and know how to obtain support for the consequences of chronic illness for a child, young person and their family

take on an advocacy role with regard to the best interests of the patient; to ensure appropriate care for patients

show that they consider all aspects of a child's wellbeing including biological, psychological and social factors be committed to a policy of advocacy for a healthy lifestyle in children and young people and for the protection of their rights **Multisource Feedback**

Assessment Standards 2-13

Good Clinical Care

Knowledge, Skills and Performance. Communication, partnership and teamwork

This section describes the generic competencies (knowledge, skills and behaviour) that relate to clinical practice and the importance of the child's needs e.g. APLS, history taking, clinical examination (assessment standards 2-8), promotion of patient safety and therapeutics and prescribing (standards 9-12) and safeguarding children (assessment standard 13).

For more information on assessment please see the assessment blueprint

	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)
2	Effective responses to challenge,	increasing credibility and independence in	responsibility for an effective response
	complexity and stress in paediatrics	response to challenge and stress in	to complex challenges and stress in
	·	paediatrics	paediatrics
3	advanced neonatal and paediatric life	leadership skills in advanced neonatal	effective responses to life-threatening
	support skills	paediatric life support	situations and to unpredictability in
	опри от	passassassappess	paediatric clinical situations
4	effective skills in three-way consultation	responsibility for conducting effective	commitment to focussed and analytic
	and examination	paediatric assessments and interpreting	assessments of common and complex
		findings appropriately	clinical problems in paediatrics
5	effective skills in paediatric assessment	responsibility for conducting effective	commitment to focussed and analytic
		paediatric assessments and interpreting	assessments of common and complex
		findings appropriately	clinical problems in paediatrics
6	skills in formulating an appropriate	improving skills in formulating an	effective skills in making safe decision
U	differential diagnosis in paediatrics	appropriate differential diagnosis in	about the most likely diagnosis in
	unierential diagnosis in paediatrics	paediatrics	paediatrics
		paculaulus	paculatrics
7	effective initial management of ill-health	responsibility for the effective	leadership skills in the management of
•	and clinical conditions in paediatrics	management of common acute and	common and complex conditions in
	seeking additional advice and opinion as	chronic conditions in paediatrics seeking	general paediatrics and paediatric sub-
		•	-
	appropriate	additional advice and opinion as	specialties seeking additional advice
		appropriate	and opinion as appropriate

Curriculum	for Paediatric	Respiratory	/ Medicine

Carrie	addition racalactic respiratory interiorie		
8	knowledge, understanding and recognition of common, behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families	effective skills in recognising and responding to behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families	effective skills in ensuring the management of behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families
9	safe practical skills in paediatrics	effective skills in performing and supervising common practical procedures in paediatrics ensuring patient safety	expertise in a range of practical procedures in paediatrics specific to general and sub-specialist training
10	clear record-keeping and report-writing	improving skills in written communication for a range of audiences	effective skills in written communications for a range of audiences, for children and their families, colleagues and other organisations
11	reliable responses to investigations in paediatrics	effective leadership skills in undertaking initial investigations in children, based on an understanding of the risks and benefits in each case	effective collaboration with other specialists in using and interpreting complex investigations undertaken in children
12	knowledge and skills in safe prescribing of common drugs in paediatrics	improving safe prescribing in paediatrics and in advising others appropriately	responsibility for safe prescribing in common and complex situations and for the supervision of others
13	an understanding of safeguarding and vulnerability in paediatrics	effective skills in the assessment of cases of safeguarding and in contributing to their management	effective skills in advising other agencies in safeguarding cases

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Assessment Standard 2

Standard 2

Level 1 (ST1-3) Effective responses to challenge, complexity and stress in paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5) increasing credibility and independence in response to challenge and stress in paediatrics

Level 3 (ST6-8) responsibility for an effective response to complex challenges and stress in paediatrics

Assessment

Trainees will:

Competencies

in complex difficult communication situations with children and families show awareness and have begun to develop strategies to respond

begin to develop skills in the management of emotionally complex family situations

have developed skills and strategies to manage their personal emotional reactions effectively to allow effective communication on response to distress from others

develop the confidence to be firm and diplomatic in difficult situations, e.g. when dealing with anger

have developed effective skills in the management and communication of emotionally complex family situations MSF, MRCPCH, CbD, MiniCexX, Portfolio

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Assessment Standard 3

Standard 3

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) advanced neonatal and paediatric life support skills

Level 2 (ST4-5)
leadership skills in advanced neonatal
paediatric life support

Level 3 (ST6-8)
effective responses to life-threatening situations and to unpredictability in paediatric clinical situations

Assessments

Trainees will:

be able to respond appropriately to cardiac arrest

be able to provide advanced neonatal and acute life support as demonstrated by successful completion of and assessment by recognised course

be able to carry out resuscitation using bag, mask ventilation and cardiac compressions

be able to intubate term babies and have had supervised experience of intubating pre-term babies

be able to provide advanced neonatal and acute paediatric life support and lead the team at a cardiac arrest

be able to intubate newborn infants of most gestations without direct supervision

be able to teach basic life support to junior healthcare professionals

be able to advise the team providing ALS and to liaise effectively with anaesthetic and PICU staff $\,$

APLS or equivalent, MSF. DOPS, CbD

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Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Level 1 (ST1-3)

effective skills in three-way consultation and examination

Level 2 (ST4-5)

responsibility for conducting effective paediatric assessments and interpreting findings appropriately

Level 3 (ST6-8)

commitment to focussed and analytic assessments of common and complex clinical problems in paediatrics

Trainees will:

Competencies

the need to anticipate and respond sensitively to children and young people who are suggesting unease or unwillingness about a physical examination and begin to develop appropriate strategies to reassure

Be able to take a history accurately and sensitively that routinely includes biological, psychological, educational and social factors in the child and family

have begun to develop skills and strategies to manage consultations effectively with babies, young children, adolescents and their families

Be able to examine children and young people accurately and sensitively in appropriate settings

understand the need to conduct a consultation in such a way that a child or young person and their family may feel able to talk about difficult or emotional issues

have begun to develop skills to involve both the child and parents or carers when both are present in consultations

know about and begin to develop skills to prevent disruptive or antisocial behaviour in children, families and adolescents in clinical settings and to respond to them if they occur

have developed strategies to anticipate and respond sensitively to children and young people who are suggesting unease or unwillingness about a physical examination

take responsibility for an effective consultation that routinely includes biological, psychological, educational and social factors in the child and family

Have developed effective consultation skills and strategies with babies, young children, adolescents and their families

the ability to conduct a consultation in such a way that a child or young person and their family feel able to talk about difficult or emotional issues

have developed skills in recording consultations accurately and sensitively whilst maintaining rapport

Has developed skills to help prevent disruptive or antisocial behaviour in children, families and adolescents in clinical settings and to respond to them if they occur

take a history from a child or young person and parent of the presenting difficulties to acquire information in sufficient breadth and depth in a range of possible symptom areas to allow accurate formulation of the problem

be able to take an adequate sleep history

CbD, MiniCeX, MRCPCH

Good Clinical Care Assessment Standard 5 Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Standard

Level 1 (ST1-3) effective skills in paediatric assessment

Level 2 (ST4-5)

responsibility for conducting effective paediatric assessments and interpreting findings appropriately

Level 3 (ST6-8)

commitment to focussed and analytic assessments of common and complex clinical problems in paediatrics

Assessments

Trainees will:

recognise case histories which suggest serious or unusual pathology in children

recognise features of undifferentiated illness which suggest serious or unusual pathology and initiate the appropriate clinical response with appropriate urgency

recognise the diseases and host characteristics which make certain presentations life-threatening and manage these situations with vigilance and appropriate urgency

be able to re-examine undifferentiated illness for erious and unusual illness and recognise potential nisdiagnoses

have developed the self knowledge, confidence and personal high standards to acknowledge where an assessment might not be comprehensive and to go back to the child, young person and their family for further information

recognise the breadth of different presentations of common disorders

be able to assess and manage co-morbidities associated with the range of paediatric presentations

Recognise presentations of common disorders in children

assess symptoms and signs accurately

recognise the diseases and host characteristics which make certain presentations life-threatening in children and know when to ask for help

assess signs and symptoms accurately and interpret findings appropriately

Know about the use of standardised questionnaires in assessing behaviour

Supplement clinical assessment with standardised instruments or questionnaires know when to gather information from other professionals e.g. those working in education, social work or from others who see the child in a variety of settings

be able to assess patterns of relationships and functioning within a family and how these might impact on a child's or young person's illness, seeking professional advice where appropriate

Competencies

- Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health -

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MRCPCH, CbD and MiniCex

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Level 1 (ST1-3) skills in formulating an appropriate differential diagnosis in paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5) improving skills in formulating an appropriate differential diagnosis in paediatrics

Level 3 (ST6-8)
effective skills in making safe decision
about the most likely diagnosis in
paediatrics

Assessments

Trainees will:

Competencies

begin to develop analytic, clinical reasoning skills

be able to formulate a differential diagnosis

show regular use of analytic, clinical reasoning

be able to make a decision on the most likely diagnosis and discuss this effectively with children and young people and their parents or carer and with other colleagues be able to approach new situations which require good clinical judgement with an analytical and informed choice

be able to make a decision on the most likely diagnosis and discuss this effectively with children and young people and their parents of carer and with other colleagues in the context of investigation and management

be able to recognise and manage impending respiratory failure in a child

MRCPCH, MSF, CbD,

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Assessment Standard 7

Level 1 (ST1-3)

effective initial management of ill-health and clinical conditions in paediatrics seeking additional advice and opinion as appropriate

Level 2 (ST4-5)

responsibility for the effective management of common acute and chronic conditions in paediatrics seeking additional advice and opinion as appropriate

Level 3 (ST6-8)

leadership skills in the management of common and complex conditions in general paediatrics and paediatric subspecialties seeking additional advice and opinion as appropriate

Assessments

Trainees will:

Standard 7

Competencies

understand the importance of effective strategies for the management of pain

be able to assess and initiate management of patients appropriately

understand the importance of negotiated management plans for individual patients and families, including self-care strategies

Understand and have the ability to recognise Acute Kidney Injury in acutely ill children and young people

begin to make common decisions in the care of patients

be able to take responsibility for the longer term management of patients with common acute and long term conditions

show that they understand and take into account when agreeing management plans, factors that influence children, young people and parents and carers in their approach to following prescribed management and treatment plans

Be able to recognise and initially manage Acute Kidney injury in acutely ill children and young people with senior support

be able to initiate appropriate investigations and management plans appropriate to the case

show increasing confidence and independence in decision making in the care of general paediatric patients

be able to formulate an initial management plan for complex cases including the need for specialist advice

be able to appropriately manage chronic pain syndromes and know when to refer for expert opinion

to be able to take responsibility for the longer term management of common acute and chronic cases leading or working with teams, sub-specs or other services

be able to review and modify a management plan as appropriate and know when to request help from a senior colleague or other services

Be able to recognise and safely manage Acute kidney Injury and its complications in acutely ill children with support from specialist paediatric nephrology services

assess and manage co-morbidities associated with the range of paediatric presentations

show confidence and independence in the decision-making in the care of patients

be able to formulate a management plan for complex cases

MRCPCH, MSF, CbD, MiniCeX

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understand the factors which influence children, young people and parents or carers in their approach to following prescribed management and treatment plans

begin to develop strategies to help children, young people and their families to follow management/treatment plans

show that they are developing strategies to help children, young people and their families to follow management plans

Begin to understand the process of bereavement in children and families

be able to seek the views of children and young people whatever their illness, regarding individual care and service planning, using expert resources appropriately to help them follow management plans

be able to develop and work within care pathways

understand the process of bereavement in children and families and recognise abnormal grieving patterns

MRCPCH, MSF, CbD, MiniCeX

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Level 1 (ST1-3)

knowledge, understanding and recognition of common, behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families

Level 2 (ST4-5)

effective skills in recognising and responding to behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families

Level 3 (ST6-8)

effective skills in ensuring the management of behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families

Assessments

Trainees will:

Competencies

know about normal emotional and behavioural development and how it may affect the child and family at different stages

be able to look at behaviour as a form of communication and to take this into account when interviewing, examining and assessing children

has begun to develop an approach to the assessment of behaviour problems that uses observation as well as history-taking

have begun to develop strategies and skills to support and engage parents of children with emotional or mental health difficulties

know about the effects of developmental difficulties and physical diseases on behaviour and vice versa

know about the multi-disciplinary nature of the Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services

Recognise the effects of school and other social setting s on childhood illness and vice versa

know the principles of managing common behaviour problems such as temper tantrums, sleep problems, the crying baby, feeding difficulties, oppositional behaviour, enuresis and encopresis, school refusal

be able to recognise when behaviour features may indicate an underlying cause and to be able to refer appropriately for further assessment

have developed an approach to the assessment of behaviour problems that uses observation and information from other sources, such as school as well as history taking

have developed some strategies and skills to support and engage parents of children with emotional or mental health difficulties

know about the effects of developmental difficulties and physical diseases on behaviour and vice versa and be able to recognise when this occurs

know about the multi-disciplinary nature of the Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service and be able to apply this knowledge in discussion of cases

are able to manage common behaviour problems such as temper tantrums, sleep problems, the crying baby, feeding difficulties, oppositional behaviour, enuresis and encopresis, school refusal

Understand the impact of illness on mental functioning, for both children, young people and their parents and the effects of each upon behaviour and functioning of the other

Understand the impact of relations and mental health upon a child or young person's current and past emotions and behaviour

MRCPCH, MSF, CbD

be able to manage and contribute as part of a team to ongoing management of common behaviour problems such as temper tantrums, sleep problems, the crying baby, feeding difficulties, oppositional behaviour, enuresis and encopresis, school refusal

know about the signs and symptoms that indicate serious conditions such as ADHD, autistic spectrum disorders, depression, psychosis

know about the effects of substance abuse

Recognise the mental health components of paediatric illness

Be able to assess the mental state of children and young people

are able to undertake the initial assessment and management of common causes of admission to hospital due to psychological distress such as self-harm, somatic symptoms of distress and to refer on when appropriate

be able to recognise signs and symptoms that could indicate serious conditions such as attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, autistic spectrum disorders, depression, psychosis

initiate management and effectively engage and contribute to ongoing multi-disciplinary care

understand the ways in which children's or young people's mental health difficulties may present in infancy, childhood and adolescence

Be able to undertake an assessment of the mental state of children and young people taking into account their age and stage of development and know whether they have the skills to help them and when to seek more expert paediatric mental health or psychiatric assessment

understand the impact of biological factors, including genetic and cognitive factors on the mental health of children and young people

know how to manage common behavioural problems

Understand the possible medical and psychosocial reasons which might lie behind a patient's difficult behaviour

understand the emotional dimensions of eating disorders and recognise and initiate treatment

recognise the need for specialised input in the case of serious emotional distress or mental illness and ensure their needs are met within local health provision

understand the psychosocial issues of Cystic Fibrosis

MRCPCH, MSF, CbD

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Assessment Standard 9

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Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) safe practical skills in paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5)

effective skills in performing and supervising common practical procedures in paediatrics ensuring patient safety

Level 3 (ST6-8)

expertise in a range of practical procedures in paediatrics specific to general and sub-specialist training

Assessments

Trainees will:

to recognise the importance of universal precautions as well as the discarding of sharps within the department

know the contraindications and complications of procedures

know the local guidelines for providing sedation and pain relief for practical procedures

know the relevant markers for invasive procedures

know and practise aseptic techniques

know the appropriate indications, local and national guidelines for undertaking investigations or procedures

be able to use all equipment required to undertake common procedures and investigations

perform independently or under supervision where appropriate the range of diagnostic and therapeutic procedures expected at this stage of training

be aware of safety issues for patients and staff in relation to investigations of bodily fluids and radiation

be aware of the factors that are likely to influence the anxiety of the child and how to enlist the help of play leaders

know the local and national guidelines for obtaining informed consent

recognise complications of procedures and be able to respond appropriately

have developed confidence in independent performance of practical procedures

know about processes for critical incident reporting

obtain informed consent appropriately

have developed expertise in practical procedures specifically related to the clinical care of small babies, children and young people

MSF, DOPs, Portfolio

understand and follow the local guidelines for the prevention and management of needle stick injuries

develop expertise in practical procedures specifically related to the clinical care of small babies , children and young people

have experience of speaking to parents when complications have occurred

Be able to calibrate spirometric equipment

Understand the principles of aerosol delivery to the airways and lungs

Be able to perform and interpret tuberculin skin testing

Be skilled in routine lung function testing

Understand the use of ventilatory modalities such as CPCP, BIPAP and pressure volume support

Know the indications for bronchoscopy, be competent in the technique and know how to deliver a bronchoscopy service

TRAINEES WILL BE ABLE TO PERFORM INDEPENDENTLY (* may need supervision):
Collection of blood from central lines
Electrocardiogram
Lumbar puncture
Non invasive blood pressure measurement
Umbilical artery and venous cannulation and sampling
Suprapubic aspiration of urine
Urethral catheterisation, venesection, cannulation, and capillary blood sampling
Peripheral arterial cannulation
Routine testing of urine
Perform basic lung function tests
Naso-pharyngeal aspirate and washings
Cough swab and perinasal swab
Diagnostic pleural tap
Skin tests

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)
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iculum for Paediatric Respiratory Medicine
TRAINEES WILL BE ABLE TO PERFORM INDEPENDENTLY (* may need supervision):
Bag, valve and mask ventilation
External chest compression
Tracheal intubation of term newborn babies
Tracheal intubation of pre-term and older child
Administer intradermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular and intravenous injections
Percutaneous long line insertion
Administration of surfactant
Intubation of newborn infants of most gestations
Needle thoracocentesis for pleural effusion or pneumothorax
Insertion of intraosseous needle
Perform needle thoracocentesis
Intubation of extremely immature babies or those with congenital malformation
Draining a pneumothorax in babies and older children
Neonatal chest drain insertion
Exchange transfusion (full and partial)
Cranial ultrasound scanning
Cerebral ventricular tap
Abdominal paracentesis
Percutaneous chest drain
Manage an implanted iv access device
BCG vaccination

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Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Assessment Standard 10

Standard 10

Level 1 (ST1-3) clear record-keeping and report-writing

Level 2 (ST4-5) improving skills in written communication for a range of audiences

Level 3 (ST6-8) effective skills in written communications for a range of audiences, for children and their families, colleagues and other organisations

Assessments

Trainees will:

have understood the need for careful recordkeeping and report-writing Be thorough in making accurate records and reports that will subsequently withstand scrutiny in a Court of Law or a complaints tribunal, and encourage others to do the same

be able to write reports that explain the condition of a child or young person to non-health personnel working in the Courts, social services or education making use of more experienced colleagues when necessary be able to prepare a court report as a professional witness and develop the skills to present such material in court

write reports that explain the condition of a child or young person to non-health personnel working in the Courts, social services or education

Competencies

keep accurate, legible and relevant medical records $% \left(\mathbf{r}\right) =\left(\mathbf{r}\right)$

begun to develop effective written communications with patients and their families, with colleagues and with other professional organisations

be able to use information technology effectively in clinical practice and audit

know how to access clinical databases and where to go to find web-based information

Have developed skills for effective written communications with patients and their families, with colleagues and with other professional organisations

have effective skills in written communications for a range of audiences, for patients and their families, colleagues and other professional organisations

be able to use electronic communication media, taking into account the principles of confidentiality outlined in the Data Protection Act

be able to write reports on medical or developmental conditions for parents and non-clinical staff in education and elsewhere that are easily understood by the lay person and that explains the implications of the condition and how it may impact on her or his carers in non-clinical settings

ensure that spoken and written communications with patients and families are presented in clear straightforward English, avoiding jargon whenever possible

MSF, CbD

MSF, CbD

ensure that written information in the form of booklets, leaflets information sheets and websites support verbal communications wherever possible

ensure that written communications summarise accurately discussions with young people and parents or carers, and, to avoid confusion and anxiety, do not include info that was not part of the original discussion

have developed skills in the presentation of information relevant to their clinical practice for a range of audiences including spoken presentations at meetings, written information for children and families and training materials for different groups of colleagues

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Assessment Standard 11

Standard 11

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) reliable responses to investigations in paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5)

effective leadership skills in undertaking initial investigations in children, based on an understanding of the risks and benefits in each case

Level 3 (ST6-8)

effective collaboration with other specialists in using and interpreting complex investigations undertaken in children

Assessments

Trainees will:

be able to explain the investigation results to parents and/or the child

demonstrate safe practice in the timely and appropriate requests for investigations

be able to initiate appropriate investigations

be able to interpret results of investigations requested and respond appropriately

be able to record results and document procedures legibly and accurately

be able to give appropriate medical information when requesting investigations

know that results should be requested clearly and retrieved promptly

understand common age appropriate normal ranges and appearances

be receptive to feedback from patients and parents/carers on the effects of medication/treatment

be aware of the role of complex investigations e.g. CT and MRI scans and their diagnostic potential and complications

be able to initiate appropriate investigations and management plans appropriate to the case

recognise when results of commonly used radiological investigations are abnormal

Be able to select and interpret diagnostic tests for atopy and allergic sensitisation

Be able to report chest radiographs in common and unusual lung disease confidently

know about the role of complex investigations e.g. CT and MRI scans and their diagnostic potential and complications

be able to evaluate CT and MR images of the lung and mediastinum

MSF, CbD

MSF, CbD

know when to seek advice regarding further investigations of a child or interpretation of an abnormal result

participate in discussions of abnormal results with services, radiologists, staff and formulate approach to management and follow up of uncommon/abnormal results

be aware of the multi-disciplinary investigation of sudden unexpected death in infancy and childhood

Be able to organise and interpret regular monitoring of children with chronic respiratory

ability to safely and effectively manage results of

all investigations in the interest of the child,

seeking expert advice appropriately

failure

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3)

knowledge and skills in safe prescribing of common drugs in paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5)

improving safe prescribing in paediatrics and in advising others appropriately

Level 3 (ST6-8)

responsibility for safe prescribing in common and complex situations and for the supervision of others

Trainees will:

Know and understand the pharmacological basis for treatments

Be able to prescribe safely for the newborn and for children of all ages

Know the approved indications and justification for prescribing drugs in common paediatric problems

Know the pharmacokinetics and pharmodynamics of commonly prescribed drugs

Know about the drug interactions of commonly used drugs

Be aware of possible drug interactions of commonly used drugs where more than one drug is prescribed

Know how to report adverse affects

recognise serious drug reactions for example Stevens-Johnson Syndrome

Know the risks of prescribing in the child-bearing years, in pregnancy and breast feeding mothers

understand the principles of prescribing for newborn babies and breast feeding mothers

Understand the principles of prescribing in children with renal function

Be able to prescribe safely and supervise the prescription for the newborn and for children of all ages

know about drug interactions of commonly used drugs

Respond appropriately to errors of prescription or administration and be able to talk to parents about this

be aware of different patterns of drug reaction and of the common precipitants of cutaneous drug reactions

be aware of how to appropriately investigate an adverse drug effect or prescription error

be able to prescribe for newborn babies and breast-feeding mothers

be able to prescribe for children with reduced renal function using the BNF for children and understand when more experienced advice may be necessary

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MRCPCH. CbD

Know about the roles of the regulatory agencies involved in drug use, monitoring and licensing

Know about the licensing of medicines for paediatric patients and unlicensed and off-label use

Understand the importance of effective strategies for the management of pain

Be able to calculate drugs accurately according to specific dose for weight or age/weight range or on a specific dose/specific area basis

know how to find out information necessary for safe prescribing through the use of paediatric formularies and pharmacy liaison

know how to use the local and national guidelines for the relief of pain in children

be aware of procedures for obtaining consent in children and young people for the administration of drugs

be aware of and follow local policies for intrathecal cytotoxic therapy

understand the rationale for prescribing common antimicrobials

know the indications for antimicrobial prophylaxis

understand the mechanism of drug resistance

know the complications and management of paracetamol poisoning

be able to apply the national and local guidelines on prescribing paediatric intravenous fluid

Have a good working knowledge of the use of formularies

Be able to find out information necessary for prescribing through use of paediatric formularies and pharmacy liaison

Be able to use the local and national guidelines for the relief of pain in children

know about procedures for obtaining consent in children and young people for the administration of drugs

know and follow local policies for intrathecal cytotoxic therapy

know about the licensing of medicines for paediatric patients and unlicensed and off-label use and the implications of extemporaneous products

know how to explain relevant adverse side effects

to be able to advise and supervise safe prescription of intravenous fluids to medical and surgical patients

to be able to advise and supervise safe prescription of intravenous fluids to complex medical and surgical patients

be able to prescribe in a manner that enhances adherence and provide information and explanation that enhances concordance

- Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health -

MRCPCH. CbD

be able to make reliable and accurate mathematical calculations required in clinical practice e.g. drug and fluid prescriptions

be able to prescribe safely and write legible prescriptions, using appropriate medications in correct doses

be able to assess mucosal involvement in cutaneous drug reactions

recognise when to consult dermatology, ophthalmology and ENT specialists in the cases of cutaneous drug reactions

Know about common complementary and alternative therapies and where to find out about them so an informed and safe choice about treatment can be made

understand the different potencies of topical steroids and their side effects

Be able to manage simple eczema and allergic Rhinoconjunctivitis

Be able to select appropriate inhalation devices for different drugs, conditions and patient groups

Good Clinical Care - SAFEGUARDING

Knowledge, Skills and Performance. Safety and Quality

Assessment Standard 13

Standard 13

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) an understanding of safeguarding and vulnerability in paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5)

effective skills in the assessment of cases of safeguarding and in contributing to their management

Level 3 (ST6-8) effective skills in advising other agencies in safeguarding cases

Assessments

Trainees will:

understand the effects of family composition, socio-economic factors and poverty on child health

be aware of the effect of the media on public perception of health care issues

be aware of the effect of non health policies on child health

be aware of child health exploitation issues including child prostitution, child labour and children in combat

be aware of the effects of armed conflict on child health

Know the principles of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, apply these in their own practice and work for the protection of these rights be aware of the World Health Organisation and UNICEF

be aware of the implications of sustainable development in low income countries

be able to recognise increased needs in children who are fostered, adopted or in residential care

understand the work of the World Health Organisation and UNICEF

be able to recognise and assess increased need in children who are fostered, adopted or in residential care

be able to undertake and document a comprehensive medical assessment of a child looked after by the local authority

MRCPCH, CbD, SAIL, Portfolio

be able to recognise and outline the management of children in need of protection

know about the resources that may be available from health and other agencies, including the voluntary sector and the roles of allied health professionals to support children and their families

have a basic understanding of local interagency structures for joint planning of services

have an understanding of how different disciplines and agencies collaborate locally with respect to looked after children, children with disabilities and over child protection issues

understand concepts and factors underpinning child protection work

recognise features in presentation, where child protection may be in an issue for example where there are patterns of injury, delay in presentation, inconsistencies in the history

recognise where families are distressed and need help to prevent child abuse

be familiar with the different categories of abuse and recognise that they may occur together: physical, emotional, sexual, neglect, fabrication or falsification/induction of illness in a child

understand the emotional impact of abuse on the child, family and on professionals

know where help with management of children in need of protection can be obtained and understand the pathways to ensure follow up

understand the role of named and designated professionals

be aware of the role of medical adviser on adoption of the local adoption panel and know how adoption medical reports are compiled

understand the difference between civil and criminal proceedings

understand the difference between a medical report and a witness statement for the police and be able to produce either

be able to assess and initiate the management of the child in need of protection

Know how to act upon cases of suspected child abuse

be alert to the diversity of physical signs and symptoms that might indicate child abuse

know the local guidelines and national guidance and follow the procedures for cases where child abuse is suspected

keep accurate records of all findings and communications with the child, family members and all other professionals

to be able to record clearly the results of an examination of a baby, child or adolescent using body charts

recognise the importance of noting all observations of the child's demeanour and interactions with parents and carers

understand the need to initiate a safe response where abuse is suspected, whilst treating the family with respect and courtesy at all times

begin to understand the ways in which their own beliefs, experience and attitudes might influence professional involvement in child protection work

begin to understand the principles and practice of common legal processes and legislation relating to safeguarding children and the vulnerable

know how to access the Child Protection Register

be able to contribute under supervision to written reports for the police or social services

Understand what is required when asked to give oral or written reports in strategy meetings and case conferences

be able to conduct an assessment for physical abuse, recording findings and come to a conclusion about the nature of injuries under supervision

be able to recognise important features in a child's demeanour and interactions with parents and carers and record observations'

know what to do if a child discloses allegations of abuse

understand and be able to manage the ways in which their own beliefs, experience and attitudes might influence professional involvement in child protection work

understand the principles and practice of common legal processes and legislation relating to safeguarding children and the vulnerable

know how to access the child protection register and understand its role and limitations

be able to compile and write under supervision the range of reports required in Child Protection Work including police statements, medical reports for social services and court reports

be able to contribute to case conferences, strategy meetings or court hearings under supervision

have an up to date working knowledge of the legal processes relating to safeguarding children, including the role of the family court, recent national reports and recommendations (e.g. Lord Laming's Review 2009)

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have attended child protection awareness training

Understand what is required when asked to give evidence in court as a witness of fact

understand the need to initiate a safe response where abuse is suspected while treating the family with respect and courtesy at all times

know the local guidelines and follow up procedures for cases where child abuse is suspected

have attended an advanced child protection course for professionals

be able to appear as a professional witness in civil or criminal proceedings

maintain skills in recognition, assessment and reporting of child protection/safeguarding

be able to assess safe parenting skills and recognise and respond to indications of unsatisfactory or unsafe parenting

For detailed competences on specific knowledge and skills in acute clinical presentations please follow link to Safeguarding

Assessment Standards
14-22

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Maintaining Good Medical Practice

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

This section details the overall competences for the knowledge base of the paediatrician (assessment standards 14-15). Each specific specialty has detailed competences for a range of conditions which can be found towards the end of this section. Addressed in this section is also the specific competences for stages of growth and development e.g. emotional, educational, social and nutrition (assessment standard 16) and health promotion activities (assessment standard 17)

In addition to a detailed knowledge and understanding of diseases in children and young people, paediatricians must ensure they are up-to-date, conform with highest standards of practice, aim to promote evidence-based medicine where possible and audit practice (assessment standards 18-20).

To enhance safe practice then medical ethics and the legislation in relation to paediatrics must be understood and demonstrated (assessment standards 21-22)

For more information on assessment please see the assessment blueprint

	1. 14 (074.0)	10 (074.5)	1 2 (070 0)
	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)
14	knowledge of the science-base for	sound knowledge of the science-base for	detailed up-to-date knowledge of the
	paediatrics	paediatrics	science-base for general paediatrics or a paediatric sub-specialty
15	knowledge of common and serious	extended knowledge of common and	detailed knowledge of common and
	paediatric conditions and their	serious paediatric conditions and their	serious paediatric conditions and their
	management	management	management in General Paediatrics or
	management	management	
			in a paediatric sub-specialty
16	an understanding of growth,	effective skills in the assessment and	effective skills in recognising and
	development, health and well-being in	management of children and young	responding effectively to disordered
	paediatrics	people with normal and abnormal growth	growth and development of any kind
		and development	in paediatrics
			pacaiatiis
17	an understanding of health promotion	a commitment to health promotion	involvement in health promotion
	and public health issues in paediatrics	activities for children and their families	activities specific to general paediatrics
	,		or a paediatric sub-specialty

⁻ Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health -

an understanding of an evidence-based development and refinement of evidenceindependent thinking to enable them approach to paediatric practice based clinical paediatrics to challenge guidelines and procedures in paediatrics where appropriate an understanding of clinical governance participation in clinical governance an application of risk assessment activities and audit in paediatric practice activities and audit in paediatric practice strategies through involvement in the development, evaluation and implementation of policy and clinical governance activities in paediatric practice 20 a reflective approach to improvement of a commitment to reflective practice and effective skills to maintain and develop professional practice as a paediatrician continuing improvement of practice as a knowledge and clinical skills required of a specialist in paediatrics paediatrician 21 an understanding of equality and a commitment to an open-minded responsibility for ensuring an opendiversity in paediatric practice approach to equality and diversity in their minded approach to equality and role as a paediatrician diversity in the paediatric team 22 knowledge of the law regarding knowledge of the law regarding death, detailed knowledge of the law paediatric practice data protection, confidentiality and regarding death, data protection, consent in paediatrics confidentiality and consent in paediatrics

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Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Assessment Standard 14

Standard 14

Level 1 (ST1-3) knowledge of the science-base for paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5) sound knowledge of the science-base for paediatrics

Level 3 (ST6-8)
detailed up-to-date knowledge of the science-base for general paediatrics or a paediatric sub-specialty

Assessments

Trainees will:

etencies

Know and be able to apply the scientific base relevant to clinical practice in paediatrics

Know the aetiology and pathophysiology of common and serious childhood conditions

Be able to apply effectively to their practice the knowledge and understanding acquired during training

MRCPCH, CbD

See the sub-specialty sections for detailed competencies:

Cardiology

Dermatology

Diabetes and Endocrinology

Gastroenterology and Hepatology

Genetics and Dysmorphology

Haematology and Oncology

Infection, Immunology and Allergy

Metabolic Medicine

Musculo-Skeletal medicine

Neonatology

Nephro-urology

Neurology and Neurodisability

Ophthalmology

Palliative Care

Respiratory Medicine with Ear, Nose and Throat

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Assessment Standard 15

Standard 15

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) knowledge of common and serious paediatric conditions and their management Level 2 (ST4-5)

extended knowledge of common and serious paediatric conditions and their management

Level 3 (ST6-8)

detailed knowledge of common and serious paediatric conditions and their management in General Paediatrics or in a paediatric sub-specialty Assessments

Trainees will:

Understand the promotion of health and the management of ill-health in babies children and adolescents

Understand the specific health issues, diseases and disorders related to the stages of growth and development

Recognise the mental health components of all paediatric illness

Recognise the effects that school and other social settings may have on childhood illness and vice versa

Be able to recognise when both physical and psychological problems are present and when more than one condition may be present

Be able to undertake an assessment of the mental state of children and young people, taking into account their age and stage of development and know whether they have the skills to help them and when to seek more expert paediatric, mental health or psychiatric assessment

understand the different methods of chest

physiotherapy and their indications know the clinical features of interstitial lung diseases in children

know the causes and presenting features of pulmonary hypertension

be aware of the possible treatments of pulmonary hypertension

МКСРСН, СЬБ

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Assessment Standard 16

Standard 16

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) an understanding of growth, development, health and well-being in paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5)

effective skills in the assessment and management of children and young people with normal and abnormal growth and development

Level 3 (ST6-8)

effective skills in recognising and responding effectively to disordered growth and development of any kind in paediatrics

Assessments

Trainees will:

understand the variations in relationship between physical, emotional, intellectual and social factors and their influence on development and health

be familiar with the patterns of normal development from birth to adulthood

understand the need for further assessment and investigation of delayed development and how to access this

know and understand the principles of screening and monitoring

Understand the specific health issues, diseases and disorders related to the stages of growth and development

be able to assess and monitor development using appropriate tools

know the causes of neurodisability, how disability might affect clinical examination and assessment and understand the need for a multi-disciplinary approach to management

recognise deviations from normal patterns of development

DEVELOPMENT

understand the patterns of normal development from birth to adulthood

know how to institute further assessment, investigation and initial management of delayed development

be able to assess the effects of recurrent or chronic illness and its treatment on growth. psycho-social, emotional, physical and sexual development and have strategies to minimise adverse effects

understand the severity of the presentation of any abnormality in development, taking into account normal development in appropriate domains

know about different modes of screening and health promotion strategies

know the causes of neurodisability, how disability might affect clinical examination and assessment and participate in a multi-disciplinary approach to management

be able to lead a multi-disciplinary approach to management of a child with illness and disability

know and understand the range of children's or young people's psychological and social development, including normal range and what is outside it

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МКСРСН, СЬD

be able to identify abnormal patterns of development

be able to participate in a multi-disciplinary approach to management

EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

understand the impact of other environmental factors on a child's development, mental health and functioning

be able to identify when patterns of development are abnormal and where there may be a risk of abnormality which may only become apparent with time

understand the emotional impact of illness and hospitalisation on children young people and their families and take action to minimise this impact

know how to access help in cases where children or young people of different ages might be deprived of opportunities to play and learn

understand and recognise somatisation disorders and know how to provide initial management and how to access appropriate support

recognise pointers to fabricated and induced illness and know how to provide initial management and how to access appropriate support

understand how a family's, child's or young person's attitude to the emotional issues and services may have a significant impact on the presentation and its management

know the factors which influence healthy emotional development

understand the emotional impact of illness and hospitalisation on children and their families

understand a child's need for opportunities to play and learn at different ages

understand the emotional dimensions of eating disorders

understand and recognise somatisation disorders

be able to assess parenting skills and recognise indications of unsatisfactory or unsafe parenting

recognise and know the principles of managing common behavioural problems

recognise the need for specialised input in cases of serious emotional distress or mental illness

recognise pointers to fabricated and induced illnesses and know how to seek help

МКСРСН, СЬБ

SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

know the factors that influence social development understand the impact of autistic spectrum disorders on social development

be able to recognise and understand the impact of autistic spectrum disorders and other organic disorders on social development

demonstrate in all aspects of their practice, an understanding of the vulnerability of a child or

Know, understand and be able to compare and

contrast medical and social models of disability

young person with learning disabilities

EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

know the factors which influence intellectual development

understand the vulnerability of a child with learning difficulties

understand the impact of learning difficulties on social and emotional behaviour

know about the process of formal statutory assessment of children with possible special educational needs and other educational strategies to support learning and development

contribute to the processes of formal statutory assessment of children with possible special educational needs and other educational strategies to support learning and development

GROWTH AND NUTRITION

understand the effects of fetal growth restriction on long-term health

know about the principles and methods of alternative methods of feeding e.g. gastrostomy, nasogastric tube and common problems that may arise know about the principles and methods and indications for nutritional support and common problems that may arise from invasive methods or refeeding

know the reasons for faltering growth, including emotional factors and how to investigate appropriately

understand the importance of emotional factors in feeding and nutrition, in particular in non-organic failure to thrive

be able to monitor growth using appropriate tools

understand the basic physiology of breast feeding

recognise common breast feeding problems and refer appropriately

be able to monitor growth using appropriate tools, including in disabled children

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Be able to advise a mother about the benefits and risks associated with infant feeding be able to advise a mother about appropriate complementary feeding		
understand the role of nutritional support team, specialist nurses, dieticians, psychologists, pharmacists, speech and language therapists in managing feeding and nutrition in paediatrics		
be able to describe a child's nutritional status in terms of balance, body composition and function		
understand the relevance of nutritional requirements for healthy and sick children	understand the differing nutritional requirements for healthy and sick children and advise on nutritional needs	be able to identify nutritional deficiencies and growth failure which may occur in children and young people who undergo unsupervised dietary modification
understand the relationship between nutritional status and disease		
know about the principles and methods of dietary supplementation	apply the principles of dietary supplementation	
recognise cultural and religious issues related to nutrition		
understand the effects of obesity on long term health	understand environmental factors contributing to obesity and how these might be altered	understand the environmental factors contributing to obesity and how these might be altered
understand interventional strategies involved in weight reduction	be able to advise on interventional strategies involved in weight reduction	be able to advise and manage issues relating to obesity in children and secondary health issues related to obesity
understand the range of factors, biological, psychological and social which influence normal growth and puberty		understand and assess normal and abnormal pubertal development and its relationship to growth
be able to indentify a family needing nutritional support or advice		be able to recognise feeding problems and work with parents directly to offer simple advice and to treat co-morbid conditions
understand the effects of malnutrition on clinical outcomes	describe the effects of malnutrition on clinical outcomes and be able to refer appropriately to the nutritional support team	

Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health

МКСРСН, СЬБ

ADOLESCENCE

•	be able to engage effectively with adolescents	
understand the variations in relationship between physical, emotional, intellectual and social factors and their influence on adolescent development		understand what the specific needs of young people are in terms of their emotional, mental and physical health and how these are different from those of children
understand the different specific and changing health needs of adolescents as inpatients and outpatients		know the epidemiology of the main causes of morbidity and mortality in young people
understand normal and abnormal pubertal development and its relationship to growth	understand and assess, under supervision, normal and abnormal pubertal development	
understand and respond appropriately to episodes of self-harm in adolescents		understand the consequences of self-harm and be able to work as part of a clinical network in the management of the young person who self-harms
know about national policies for reduction of teenage pregnancy		know about national policies concerning the health care of young people, including those which help to reduce teenage pregnancy
know about contraceptive and sexual health issues and where appropriate advice might be sought		be able to discuss sexual health issues including basic contraceptive advice and know how to help the young person access appropriate sexual health or genetic advice
know about the issues around transition from paediatric to adult care in adolescents with chronic conditions	understand issues around transition from paediatric to adult care in adolescents with chronic conditions and disabilities	understand issues around transition from paediatric to adult care in adolescents with chronic conditions and disabilities and be able to contribute to transitional care services
be aware of issues relating to gender and sexual identity		
recognise risk-taking behaviours, particularly those which pose a threat to chronic disease management		understand the process of adolescence including experimental behaviours, learning by experience, achieving independence from the family and the consequences of these on health and illness in young people

МКСРСН, СЬВ

understand the particular needs of adolescents with regard to their independence and autonomy, education and work, body image and sexual identity, concordance with medication and risktaking and understand how these factors may be affected in young people with chronic conditions

understand and value the roles of members of the multi-disciplinary team in the delivery of a transitional care programme

ensure that young people have access to inpatient and outpatient and other medical services that best meet their needs

be able to discuss comfortably with young people important health behaviours such as the use of tobacco, alcohol or recreational drugs and intimacy and sexual activities together with the promotion of appropriate strategies for these in relation to specific conditions such as asthma, diabetes, cystic fibrosis, physical disability

be able to support young people in selfmanagement of both chronic and acute disease where they want to, and have an understanding as to how to best help when the young person cannot or does not want to manage this

be able to discuss the implications of chronic illness or disability for career options

where appropriate and at a negotiated time, be able to raise and agree management of end-of-life issues with young people and their families and record conclusions in medical notes

Assessment Standard 17

Maintaining Good Medical Practice Knowledge, Skills and Performance. Quality and Safety

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) an understanding of health promotion and public health issues in paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5) a commitment to health promotion activities for children and their families

Level 3 (ST6-8) involvement in health promotion activities specific to general paediatrics or a paediatric sub-specialty

Assessments

Trainees will:

be aware of the key determinants of child health and well-being

be aware of available outcome measures which are used to monitor the health of a child population

be aware of the indices of social deprivation

know about the organisation of NHS management structures and service networks

know how healthcare services relate to national and local education and social services

Have awareness of current government policies which relate to children

be aware of the principles of health promotion and health education and of current health promotion activities carried out in the community

understand the cause of outbreaks of infection, its investigation and control

understand the principles of public health needs assessment

understand the key determinants of child health and well being

know about available outcome measures which are used to monitor the health of a child population and how they might be used to guide and monitor service delivery

understand the indices of social deprivation

show that they understand, in their practice, how healthcare services relate to education and social services

Be familiar with current government policies which relate to children

understand and be able to contribute to health promotion and health education and be aware of current health promotion activities carried out in the community

show that they understand in their practice the causes of outbreaks of infection, its investigation and control

know the local, national and international structures for healthcare

MRCPCH, Portfolio

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understand how healthcare services relate to education and social services

understand the principles of immunisation programmes, national and local structures that deliver immunisation programme, and how they might be monitored and audited

be aware of patient safety issues and the importance of prevention of nosocomial infection

SCREENING AND SURVEILLANCE

Know about screening and surveillance programmes

Know about the conditions currently screened for

Understand the ethical dilemmas posted by screening

Be able to explain specific screening to parents

Be able to conduct developmental examinations at different ages

Understand the importance of evidence to support health promotion activities

Know the role of health promotion programmes for example to prevent dental decay, smoking, accidents, obesity, sudden infant death

Be able to advise parents of avoiding risks for children

Know about population statistics and know how they might be used in service development

Understand the role of public health doctors in commissioning NHS services

Know about screening and surveillance programmes, including their implementation and evaluation

Be able to explain specific screening to parents and organise these tests as necessary

Be able to refer appropriately when required

HEALTH PROMOTION

Be able to incorporate health promotion activities in their practice

Include health promotion messages during the consultation where appropriate

Be able to contribute to health promotion programmes

PUBLIC HEALTH AND EPIDEMIOLOGY

understand about population statistics and know how they might be used in service development

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Understand good study design

Know the principles of how to conduct population studies

Be able to evaluate evidence

Understand the epidemiology of injuries in children and young people

Know about the sequelae of injury

Know about rehabilitation

Be able to recognise when injury may be non-accidental

Be able to recognise and treat accidental ingestion and deliberate self-poisoning

Be able to advise parents on injury prevention

Understand passive and active immunisation

Understand the principles and the rationale behind the national immunisation policy for children in Britain

Know the indications, contraindications and complications of routine and specific childhood immunisations

Be able to advise parents

Be able to evaluate evidence and critique clinical research papers

INJURY PREVENTION

Know about effective injury prevention initiatives

Be able to recognise when injury may be nonaccidental and to assess that injury

Be able to advise parents on injury prevention and contribute to local injury prevention programmes

IMMUNISATION

Know about immunisation programmes and schedules in the UK and elsewhere

understand the principles of immunisation programmes, national and local structures that deliver immunisation programme, and how they might be monitored and audited

Be able to contribute to immunisation programmes by contributing to training and auditing outcomes

Know where and from whom to seek advice for the most complex histories about immunisations

Be able to advise parents and professionals about commonly referred immunisation problems

MRCPCH,

Maintaining Good Medical Practice Knowledge, Skills and Performance. Quality and Safety

Assessment Standard 18

Standard 18

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3)

an understanding of an evidence-based approach to paediatric practice

Level 2 (ST4-5)

development and refinement of evidencebased clinical paediatrics

Level 3 (ST6-8)

independent thinking to enable them to challenge guidelines and procedures in paediatrics where appropriate Assessments

Trainees will:

know how Cochrane systematic reviews are developed and the principles of meta analysis

ensure that they are up to date in their practice and endeavour to promote evidence-based medicine where possible

be able to give an evidence based presentation

have an understanding of common treatments for clinical conditions and the evidence-base for these

be able to give an evidence based presentation and be able to analyse critically those given by others demonstrate an understanding of how to perform and interpret systematic reviews and how they differ from narrative reviews and understand the principles of meta-analysis

be able to practice evidence based medicine and understand and analyse critically its limits

ensure they are up-to-date in their practice and promote evidence-based medicine where possible

be able to understand the limitations of guidelines, how to use guidelines effectively and when it is appropriate to work outside guidelines

know the current national guidelines on community-acquired pneumonia

MRCPCH, MSF, CbD, Portfolio

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Assessment Standard 19

Knowledge, Skills and Performance. Quality and Safety

Standard 19

Level 1 (ST1-3)

An understanding of clinical governance activities and audit in paediatric practice

Level 2 (ST4-5)

participation in clinical governance activities and audit in paediatric practice

Level 3 (ST6-8)

an application of risk assessment strategies through involvement in the development, evaluation and implementation of policy and clinical governance activities in paediatric practice

Assessments

Trainees will:

know how clinical guidelines are produced and how they might be used appropriately within the context of clinical practice

familiar with and follow the local and national clinical guidelines and protocols

understand the principles of evaluation, audit, research, development and standard setting in improving quality

participate in clinical governance activities, risk management and audit

be able to use ICT effectively in clinical practice and audit

know how to access clinical databases and where to find web-based information

demonstrate an understanding of how guidelines are produced and how these might be used in their own practice

begin to evaluate and generate local and national clinical guidelines and protocols in paediatric practice and recognise the individual patient's needs when using them

begin to use the principles of evaluation, audit, research, development and standard setting in improving quality

participate in clinical governance activities and support colleagues in their participation

be able to develop clinical guidelines, understand how they are produced nationally and how these should be used to guide their own practice

Be able to generate local and evaluate national clinical guidelines and protocols in paediatric practice and public health and recognise the individual patient's needs when using them

use principles of evaluation, audit, research and development in standard setting in improving quality

participate and take responsibility for clinical governance activities and encourage and support colleagues in their participation

show that they are regularly using clinical databases and know where to find web-based information

be aware of local processes for dealing with and learning from clinical errors

be aware of local processes for dealing with and learning from clinical errors and to be able to work within them

understand and take account of their practice of risk issues to themselves and others, including those related to personal interactions and bio hazards

Competencies

MRCPCH, MSF, CbD, Portfolio

able to conduct an audit of screening, health promotion or service delivery under supervision

be aware of complaints protocols in hospitals

be able to advise families about complaints procedure

be able to handle a complaint

have a working knowledge of risk assessment and its application to personal, professional, clinical and organisational practice

understand and take account in their practice of measures to reduce clinical risk

be able to carry out audit in a range of settings in partnership with all stakeholders in order to identify best practice

be able to contribute to the implementation of national and local health policy initiatives

MSF, Portfolio

Standard 20

Level 1 (ST1-3)

a reflective approach to improvement of professional practice as a paediatrician

Level 2 (ST4-5)

a commitment to reflective practice and continuing improvement of practice as a paediatrician

Level 3 (ST6-8)

effective skills to maintain and develop knowledge and clinical skills required of a specialist in paediatrics

Trainees will:

begun to develop a reflective approach to their practice and a commitment to learning and improving their practice through reflection

developed a reflective approach to their practice with an awareness of their developing expertise and an ability to learn from previous good practice and clinical errors

have developed a keen self-awareness so that they know when they are ready to take on new challenges such as breaking bad news to a family and when they continue to need support and guidance

developed a reflective approach about their experience of being a trainee in order to ensure positive experiences for trainees now under their supervision

have developed a reflective approach to their practice, with an awareness of their level of expertise and limitations and their developmental needs

evaluate their own performance critically

be willing to accept mentoring as a positive contribution to their own professional development

have a willingness to acknowledge and reflect on the way in which they may be influenced by their earlier life experiences, have an impact on perceptions of and interactions with young people, their families and professionals

be willing to learn from others to discuss cases openly and seek advice as appropriate and necessary

know how to find, review and maintain relevant knowledge in their speciality in order to maintain their fitness to practice

show a commitment to continuing professional development which would involve not only seeking appropriate training opportunities but also responding to complaints and enquiries as useful learning tools

Competencies

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Knowledge, Skills and Performance. Communication, partnership and teamwork. Maintaining Trust

Assessment Standard 21

Standard 21

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) an understanding of equality and diversity in paediatric practice

Level 2 (ST4-5)

a commitment to an open-minded approach to equality and diversity in their role as a paediatrician

Level 3 (ST6-8)

responsibility for ensuring an openminded approach to equality and diversity in the paediatric team Assessments

Trainees will:

understand the importance of cultural diversity and the difficulties where religious and cultural beliefs that parents might hold about the treatment of their children are in conflict with good medical practice

begin to understand that young people may have or may develop health care beliefs which are in conflict with those of parents or professionals

when to seek support and where to find legal and ethical guidelines to support their work

have an open minded approach to equality and diversity

Be aware of the different cultural and religious beliefs held by the local population which impact on attitudes to health and sickness in children and begin to develop strategies to manage relationships where these beliefs might cause conflict

understand that young people may have or may develop health care beliefs which are in conflict with those of parents or professionals, when to seek support and where to find legal and ethical guidelines to support their work

understand the importance of an open minded approach to equality and diversity and follow this in their practice

understand the importance of cultural diversity and the difficulties where religious and cultural beliefs that parents might hold about the treatment of their children are in conflict with good medical practice and know when legal and ethical guidelines will support your management or view of the situation

have developed strategies to manage relationships where health care beliefs might cause conflict

know the legal and ethical guidelines to support their work and where to find more information when required

adopt an open-minded approach to equality and diversity in their practice and recognise these issues with complex clinical situations

awareness of religious and cultural diversity and beliefs in counselling children and families regarding end of life care

understand the national and contribute to local initiatives aimed at reducing inequalities in child health and well-being

MRCPCH, CbD, portfolio

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Assessment Standard 22

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

Standard 22

Level 1 (ST1-3)

knowledge of the law regarding paediatric practice

Level 2 (ST4-5)

knowledge of the law regarding death, data protection, confidentiality and consent in paediatrics

Level 3 (ST6-8)

detailed knowledge of the law regarding death, data protection, confidentiality and consent in paediatrics

Assessments

Trainees will:

know the law with regard to consent and confidentiality, in children, young people and adolescents and follow the relevant legal principles in practice

know the law with regard to consent to treatment and the right to refuse treatment, and be aware of variability in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland, continuing changes in the law and its interpretation. know and follow key legal and ethical guidelines relating to consent to treatment and the right to refuse treatment, confidentiality, and be aware of variability in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland, continuing changes in the law and its interpretation.

the legal and ethical guidelines to support their work and where to find more information when required

awareness of employment legislation and where to seek further advice on employment matters for various groups of healthcare professionals

be able to discuss an assessment of the psychosocial health of a child or young person with the multi-disciplinary team while respecting patient confidentiality

know when in the interest of the child it may be necessary to break confidentiality

understand the purpose of post-mortem examinations and know about procedures

Competencies

understand the importance of post-mortem investigations

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MRCPCH, CbD, Portfolio

MRCPCH, CbD, Portfolio

carers and other professionals "Do not attempt resuscitation" policies as appropriate, taking due account of the Human Rights Act (1998), ensuring that the best interests of the child are held paramount at all times

be able to prepare and discuss with parents,

be able to seek consent for post-mortem examinations and communicate effectively with the Coroner

know about the role of the Caldicott guardian and follow the principles of the data protection act and confidentiality

understand and follow the principles and legal aspects of consent and confidentiality

Teaching, Training, Assessing, Appraising

Communication, partnership and teamwork. Knowledge, skills and performance. Safety and Quality

This section details the competences to be gained in the areas of teaching and research methodology, purpose of assessment and feedback and contributing to appraisal systems.

For more information on assessment please see the <u>assessment blueprint</u>

	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)
23	an understanding of effective teaching in paediatrics	skills in effective teaching in paediatrics	a commitment to effective teaching and training of colleagues working in different contexts in the care of children and young people
24	a positive approach to receiving mentoring and educational supervision	a commitment to providing positive experiences of mentoring and educational supervision	effective skills in the training, supervision and assessment of a wide range of colleagues working in the care of children and young people
25	an understanding of the need for an ethical and rigorous approach to research in paediatrics	an understanding of research methods and methodology and an involvement in research activities and publications	understanding and application of complex methodological approaches in research in paediatrics

Teaching, Training, Assessing, Appraising Knowledge, Skills and Performance. Quality and Safety

Assessment Standard 23

Standard 23

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) an understanding of effective teaching in paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5) skills in effective teaching in paediatrics

Level 3 (ST6-8)
a commitment to effective teaching
and training of colleagues who are
working in different contexts in the
care of children and young people

Assessments

Trainees will:

begin to develop a sound understanding and a commitment to the principles and practice of effective teaching and learning in clinical contexts

have developed some effective teaching and learning skills in a range of clinical contexts

participate in departmental teaching programmes

be able to supervise and teach the relevance of appropriate investigations and the safe conduct of practical procedures

Demonstrate a range of effective teaching and learning skills in a range of clinical contexts

to be organise and lead a range of learning sessions

to be able to demonstrate and explain to trainees strategies used to conduct effective consultations with babies, young children, adolescents and their families

be able to elicit and act upon feedback on content and presentation of teaching

Be able to participate in teaching and research topics within their specialty and in related areas

MRCPCH, MSF, Portfolio

Assessment Standard 24

Teaching, Training, Assessing, Appraising

Communication, partnership and teamwork. Knowledge, Skills and Performance. Quality and Safety

Standard 24

Level 1 (ST1-3) a positive approach to receiving mentoring and educational supervision

Level 2 (ST4-5)

a commitment to providing positive experiences of mentoring and supervision

Level 3 (ST6-8) effective skills in the training, supervision and assessment of a wide range of colleagues working in the care

of children and young people

Assessments

Trainees will:

understand the importance of a positive and constructive approach to mentoring and supervision

show a commitment to their continuing professional development and respond positively to requests for enquiries or critical incident reports and to outcomes of reviews, assessments and appraisals of their performance

understand the importance of a positive and constructive approach to mentoring when giving guidance, support, feedback to trainees under their supervision

take responsibility for the training, supervision and assessment of medical students and trainees and other professionals such as nurses, physiotherapists, dieticians and others outside their specialty such as teachers and social workers

have developed a reflective approach of their experiences of being a trainee in the past and ensure positive experiences for trainees under their clinical supervision

be able to assess accurately the levels of support and supervision required by different members of the team they clinically supervise

contribute to the training of medical students and post graduate trainees and other professionals such as nurses, physiotherapists, dieticians and others outside their specialty such as teachers and social workers

be able to identify learning needs in a wide range of professionals and build on this in their teaching

show honesty and integrity when contributing to peer reviews of colleagues in teaching and research

Competencies

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MSF, Portfolio

Knowledge, Skills and Performance

interests of patients

Teaching, Training, Assessing, Appraising

Assessments

Standard 25

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) an understanding of the need for an ethical and rigorous approach to research in paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5)

an understanding of research methods and methodology and an involvement in research activities and publications

Level 3 (ST6-8) understanding and application of complex methodological approaches in research in paediatrics

Trainees will:

an understanding of the need for an ethical and rigorous approach to research in paediatrics understand their responsibilities to conduct research with honesty and integrity, seeking ethical approval where appropriate and safeguarding the

begin to understand basic concepts in research design and methodology including the difference types of research studies

understand the difference between research and audit

understand the steps involved in planning a research project

understand when to use simple statistical tests and their interpretation

begin to develop critical appraisal skills and to apply to their reading of the literature, including systematic reviews of their own teaching and the teaching of others

an understanding of research methods and methodology

Understand the process of the Ethical Committee approval for research studies

show that they have understood the basic approach to study design

be able to plan a research project effectively under supervision

demonstrate an understanding of when to use more complex statistical tests and how to interpret significance

have developed critical appraisal skills and can show how to apply these to their reading of the literature. including systematic reviews, reviews of their own teaching and the teaching of others

understanding and application statistical methods and presentation for peer review and publication

conduct research with honesty and integrity, seeking ethical approval where appropriate and safeguarding the interests of patients

understand the techniques used in epidemiological studies

understand the difference between population assessments and unit-based studies and be able to evaluate outcomes for both

know about and participate in clinical and research special interest groups relevant to their speciality

know how relative and absolute risks are derived and the meaning of the terms predictive value, sensitively and specificity in relation to diagnostic tests

demonstrate an understanding of Good Clinical Practice for all aspects of the conduct of clinical trials

MRCPCH, MSF, Portfolio

to be able to write a critical account of clinical practice showing that they can deal with complex issues systematically and creatively and that when necessary they can write in line with conventions for academic papers

demonstrate an understanding of how bias and confounding variables may affect the conclusions of clinical research studies

demonstrate an understanding of how to perform and interpret systematic reviews how they differ from narrative reviews and understand the principles of meta-analysis

demonstrate an understanding of the role of the ethics committees for clinical studies and the process of ethics applications

be able to evaluate scientific publications critically and to search the medical scientific literature using electronic databases, including Embase that focuses on medicines

know about the criteria for judging papers including experimental design and analysis

understand the source of bias including conflicts of interest

understand the nature and ethics of peer review

Assessment Standards 26-28

Relationships with Patients

Communication, partnership and teamwork

This section covers the promotion of effective communication with children, young people and their families/carers.

For more information on assessment please see the assessment blueprint

Lovel 1 (ST1 2)

	reset 1 (211-2)
26	an understanding of effective
	communication and interpersonal skills
	with children of all ages

27 empathy and sensitivity and skills in engaging the trust of and consent from children and their families

28 understanding of listening skills and basic skills in giving information and advice to young people and their families

Level 2 (ST4-5)

a commitment to effective communication and interpersonal skills with children of all ages

improving skills in building relationships of trust with children and their families

increasing confidence in giving advice to young people and their families

Level 3 (ST6-8)

effective strategies to engage children in consultations and in the management of their care

effective skills in conveying and discussing difficult information, including death, bereavement, with young people and their families

effective skills in giving information and advice to young people and their families in common and complex cases Communication, partnership and teamwork. Maintaining Trust

Assessment Standard 26

Standard 26

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) an understanding of effective communication and interpersonal skills with children of all ages

Level 2 (ST4-5)

a commitment to effective communication and interpersonal skills with children of all ages

Level 3 (ST6-8)

effective strategies to engage children in consultations and in the management of their care

Assessments

Trainees will:

have understood the need for and begun to develop effective communication skills specific to their work with babies, children, young people and their families

continuing to develop a wide range of effective communication skills specific to their work with children, young people and their families

understand the importance of directing communications to the baby, child or young person as well as to parents and carers

have developed a wide range of effective ageappropriate communication skills specific to their work with babies, children, young people and their families

be able to respond appropriately and know cases where to find assistance in cases where a child or family member may mot speak English or where there is a sensory impairment that may affect understanding

able to respond to babies, disabled children or young people who may not be able to express themselves verbally, including those who might be in pain or distress

have effective strategies for careful and appropriate use of language in difficult and challenging circumstances

have developed skills to establish a child's or young person's and family's understanding of a situation, clarifying this as appropriate and to build on this effectively in discussion about the condition and its management

have the confidence to be firm and diplomatic in difficult situations, for example when dealing with emotional parents

know where to find assistance in the case where a child or family member may not speak English

have understood the need to respond to babies, disabled children or young people who may not be able to express themselves verbally and who might be in pain or distress

understand the need to develop strategies for careful and appropriate use of language in difficult and challenging circumstances

have strong communication and interpersonal skills to enable them to work effectively with patients and their families, and colleagues in multiprofessional and multi-discipline teams

be able to demonstrate courtesy to families, colleagues and members of the multi-disciplinary team at all times

have developed strategies to respond appropriately and where to find assistance in the cases where a child or family member may not speak English or where there is an impairment such as hearing loss that may affect understanding

demonstrate an ability to respond to babies, disabled children or young people who may not be able to express themselves verbally, including those who maybe in pain or distress

begin to develop strategies for careful and appropriate use of language in difficult and challenging circumstances

have begun to develop the confidence to be firm and diplomatic in difficult situations, dealing with emotional parents

- Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health -

have begun to develop appropriate responses and empathy for children, young people and their families experiencing difficulty and distress, for example, in the case of a child who is dying

have developed appropriate responses and empathy for children, young people and their families experiencing difficulty and distress, for example, in the case of an angry or dissatisfied relatives

know the procedures and guidelines to support the management of conflict in relationships with children, young people and their families have developed a range of approaches to communicating the breadth of diagnostic possibilities and other clinical information to children, young people and their families so that consent is always informed and the plan and progress of treatment is understood

to be able to work effectively with young people who may have or may develop health care beliefs that are in conflict with those of parents or professionals

understand the importance of seeking the views of young people to inform decisions about their individual care and to encourage their participation in their care

encourage children and young people to participate in their individual care and in development of services using expert resources appropriately

effective skills in working with children, young people and families to achieve concordance in planning management and treatment, enabling children and young people to maximise control over their illness and its management

be able to recognise, interpret correctly and respond to verbal and non-verbal cues from children, young people and parents

have developed observation skills to support interpretation of developmental levels and possible signs when they are unable to cooperate with formal assessments

be able to counsel parents about serious conditions and abnormalities within their area of expertise

be able to discuss the indications, benefits and adverse events of a procedure to patients, relatives and carers that will allow informed consent for procedure which the doctor is competent themselves to perform

have experience of how to communicate a diagnosis and prognosis effectively to children, where appropriate, young people and their families have developed a range of language strategies such as the use of metaphor or images which relate to everyday life, to explain clearly to a child or young person and their family , their symptoms, condition or treatments and their feelings behaviour

be able to explain the role of other professionals and agencies to children, young people and their families

to be able to demonstrate to trainees how to communicate a diagnosis and prognosis effectively to children, young people, and their families

know and understand the responsibilities of carers of children on long-term home ventilation

Level 1 (ST1-3)

Communication, partnership and teamwork. Maintaining Trust

empathy and sensitivity and skills in engaging the trust of and consent from children and their families

Level 2 (ST4-5)

improving skills in building relationships of trust with children and their families

Level 3 (ST6-8)

effective skills in conveying and discussing difficult information, including death, bereavement, with young people and their families

Trainees will:

Understand the need for compassion, empathy and respect for children, young people and their families

know the local and national guidelines for obtaining informed consent

know the national and local guidance for obtaining consent for post-mortem

understand the different factors that have an influence on the patient's journey

show compassion, empathy and respect for children, young people and their families

Practice with compassion, empathy and respect for children, young people and their families and act as a role model to others

have developed credibility in their relationships with children, young people and their families and with colleagues through their knowledge and skills and experience in clinical practice and in their ability to work independently

Competencies

understand the factors that affect a child's level of anxiety about illness, treatment or examination

have begun to develop strategies to manage a child's anxieties and personal anxieties

recognise the impact on parents and the rest of the family of acute or chronic illness, hospitalisation or the death of a child

keep an open mind with regard to health-care beliefs, such as complementary and alternative therapies, and to respect the patient, if not the therapy, as long as it is not harmful to the patient

> have developed strategies to manage a child's or young person's anxiety and personal anxieties

Be able to recognise, acknowledge and manage different levels of parental anxiety

and families in relation to medical conditions

be sensitive to the effects of stigma on children

Communication, partnership and teamwork. Maintaining trust

Standard

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) understanding of listening skills and basic skills in giving information and advice to young people and their families

Level 2 (ST4-5) increasing confidence in giving advice to young people and their families

Level 3 (ST6-8) effective skills in giving information and advice to young people and their families in common and complex cases

Trainees will:

have begun to develop active listening skills with children and young people and understood the need to respect their views

show patience and sensitivity in their communications with children and their families and a particular ability to explore their individual perspectives of a problem

have developed active listening skills with children and young people and understood the need to respect their views in accordance with their age and maturity and to respond appropriately, where, for example, a child is felt to be vulnerable

consultations with children and young people and understand the need to respect their views in accordance with their age and maturity and to respond appropriately where for example a child or young person is felt to be vulnerable

have effective active listening skills in

be able to convey and share effectively difficult or bad news, including end of life issues, with children, young people, parents or cares and help them to understand any choices they have or decisions to be made about ongoing management

have developed a keen self awareness so that they know when they are ready to take on new challenges such as breaking news to a family

> be able to recognise indicators of stress or mental health problems in family members and communicate appropriately with relevant professionals

be able to liaise with parent support and selfhelp groups when necessary

know about agencies both statutory and voluntary that can provide support to children and their families in coping with...

know how to access such national resources as the Contact a Family (CAF) directory and the internet as well as local sources to provide information to children and families about support groups

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MRCPCH, MSF, MiniCeX

Working with Colleagues

Communication, partnership and teamwork. Safety and Quality. Knowledge, Skills and Performance

This section details the appropriate attitudes and behaviours that help deal with complex situations and to work effectively in team work and as a leader within a healthcare team. Much of the medical leadership framework is addressed within this section looking at the practice of leadership.

For more information on assessment please see the <u>assessment blueprint</u>

	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)
29	Effective Communication and	Skills in ensuring effective relationships	Positive and constructive relationships
	interpersonal skills with colleagues	with between colleagues	from a wide range of professional
			contexts
30	Professional respect for the contribution	Increasing confidence in team-work and	A commitment to effective multi-
	of colleagues in a range of roles in	the ability to collaborate with a range of	agency and multi-disciplinary team
	paediatric practice	external agencies about the needs of	working for the care of children
		children	
31	Effective time management skills	Effective leadership and management	Effective managerial skills in taking on
		skills in clinical and non-clinical settings	a positive managerial role to support
			effective service provision
32	Effective handover, referral and	Effective skills in ensuring handover,	Effective leadership skills in the
	discharge procedures in paediatrics	referral and discharge procedures in	organisation of paediatric team-
		paediatrics	working and effective handover
33	An understanding of the effects of local,	Experience and understanding of working	Effective skills in promoting clinical
	national and international policies on	within international, national and local	practice through engagement with
	their work and on the health of children	legal structures and organisations	local, national and international
		involved in the care of children	organisations involved in the care of
			children

Assessment Standard 29

Working with Colleagues
Communication, partnership and teamwork

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Level 1 (ST1-3) Effective Communication and interpersonal skills with colleagues

Level 2 (ST4-5)

Skills in ensuring effective relationships with between colleagues

Level 3 (ST6-8)

Positive and constructive relationships from a wide range of professional contexts

Assessments

Trainees will:

Competencies

Understand the need to engage effectively with professionals in other disciplines and agencies from the voluntary sector

Understand the need for open and nondiscriminatory professional working relationships with colleagues

Recognise the needs for timely senior support in serious clinical situations and be effective in requesting this

Ensure open and non-discriminatory professional working relationships with colleagues and be aware of the need to prevent bullying and harassment

Be able to liaise effectively with consultants and senior doctors from a range of specialties to optimise management of a child with acute serious illness Have developed effective professional networks to support clinical practice and other activities, including research, education and management

Assessment Standard 30

Communication, partnership and teamwork

Working with Colleagues

Standard 30

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) Professional respect for the contribution of colleagues in a range of roles in paediatric practice

Level 2 (ST4-5)

Increasing confidence in team-work and the ability to collaborate with a range of external agencies about the needs of children

Level 3 (ST6-8) A commitment to effective multi-

agency and multi-disciplinary team working for the care of children

Assessments

Trainees will:

Demonstrate the ability to work effectively in multidisciplinary teams and with colleagues from a wide range of groups

Have the ability to take on differing and complementary roles within the different communities of practice within which they work, in hospitals, general practice and in the community, in social services and schools

Understand the importance of effective team work with colleagues in multi-disciplinary teams to ensure consistency and continuity and a holistic approach to the treatment and care of children and young people

have experience of working with multi-agency teams for example with social workers and teachers and have developed an awareness of their own role within the team and of the skills and expertise of others

Be able to liaise effectively with colleagues in multiagency teams such as education and social services

teams, for example, with social workers and teachers and have developed an awareness of their role within the team and of the skills and expertise of others be able to interact effectively with

be able to work effectively in multi-agency

professionals in other disciplines and agencies and from the voluntary sector

be able to work effectively in multidisciplinary teams and with colleagues from a wide range of professional groups

recognise their own working preferences and accept different approaches of colleagues be aware of their role in the team and the

impact in the team

work with stakeholders so that a client/ patient-centred service is created and sustained

understand how multi-disciplinary teams work in the management and treatment of patients with respiratory disease and in caring for technologically dependent children in the community

recognise their own working preference and how these may impact on team working

Working with Colleagues

Communication, partnership and teamwork

Assessment Standard 31

Standard 31

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3) Effective time management skills

Level 2 (ST4-5) Effective leadership and management skills in clinical and non-clinical settings

Level 3 (ST6-8) Effective managerial skills in taking on a positive managerial role to support effective service provision

Assessments

Trainees will:

Have effective time management skills in their professional roles

be able to prioritise tasks in personal and professional contexts for example in medical emergencies have developed effective organisational skills for themselves and for others in prioritisation and delegation

be able to think clearly and to prioritise in clinical decision making and practice

be able to delegate duties appropriately to colleagues whom they supervise

have developed confidence to make decisions within a team

be able to take on a leadership role in multidisciplinary teams when appropriate, for example at a discharge meeting and know when it may be inappropriate to do so

have developed some leadership skills for example in communicating the urgency of action in an emergency while enabling teams to remain calm

Communicate effectively in the face of clinical uncertainty

have developed effective problem solving strategies in clinical and management contexts, for example where there is a shortage of beds or medical staff or other resource

demonstrate effective leadership skills in clinical situations, through their ability to organise, prioritise and delegate and be able to help others develop these skills

demonstrate safe and effective leadership through organisation of team work and prioritising appropriately

be confident to make decisions within a team and be aware of theirs on other team members

take on a leadership role in multi-disciplinary teams by representing the health needs of a child, young person and their family at a discharge meeting and know when it maybe inappropriate to do so

Communicate effectively in the face of clinical uncertainty in acute, serious or complex illness

be able to provide specialist support to hospital and community based paediatric services including primary care

be able to recognise the effective qualities of

management of meetings, such as having clear action points and achievable and recognisable outcomes

Have awareness of non-clinical managerial skills important to effective running and change in a paediatric dept e.g. direction setting, influencing key people, communication strategies and resource management

Demonstrate safe and effective leadership through organisation of team work and prioritisation

be able to coordinate terminal care

Assessment Standard 32

Working with Colleagues Communication, partnership and teamwork. Knowledge, Skills and

Communication, partnership and teamwork. Knowledge, Skills ar Performance. Safety and Quality

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Level 1 (ST1-3)

Effective handover, referral and discharge procedures in paediatrics

Level 2 (ST4-5)

Effective skills in ensuring handover, referral and discharge procedures in paediatrics

Level 3 (ST6-8) Effective leadership skills in the

organisation of paediatric teamworking and effective handover Assessments

Trainees will:

Ensure effective hand-over procedures and clear communications with colleagues to ensure the continuing good medical care of patients

Ensure the effective discharge procedures to their family, community, social and primary care services

Manage effective hand-over procedures and clear communications with colleagues to ensure the continuing good medical care of patients be able to lead handover effectively and in a timely way in difficult circumstances

Be able to take on a leadership role in a multidisciplinary team when appropriate for example representing the health needs of a child, young person and their family at a discharge meeting and know when it maybe inappropriate to do so

SAIL, Portfolio

Supervise handover of results that still need to be obtained at the end of shifts

have developed confidence to make decisions within a team

know the objectives of a paediatric follow up

be able to plan transitional care and referral of the young person to clinical genetics at an appropriate time

know how to refer appropriately to community services before discharge and begin to participate in the follow up of those at risk

be able to plan and coordinate discharge planning for a baby or child with complex respiratory disease or chronic lung disease and to follow up these patients

Competencies

Competencies

Communication, partnership and teamwork. Safety and Quality

Level 1 (ST1-3)

An understanding of the effects of local, national and international policies on their work and on the health of children

Level 2 (ST4-5)

Experience and understanding of working within international, national and local legal structures and organisations involved in the care of children

Level 3 (ST6-8)

Effective skills in promoting clinical practice through engagement with local, national and international organisations involved in the care of children

Trainees will:

understand how national and local policy initiatives impact on medical practice and social health and well being

begin to develop an understanding of national service frameworks and managed clinical networks within paediatrics, the role of NICE, the role of RCPCH, PMETB and the GMC in professional life and professional regulation

the structure of large NHS organisations including management structures, governance, policy and procedures relevant to the care of children

some experience of working within an organisation attending different committees and meeting

how to respond appropriately to health service targets and be able to participate in the development of services

know about agencies both statutory and voluntary that can provide general and conditional specific support to children, adolescents and their families in coping with their health problems

develop personal skills to be able to participate effectively in local management meetings

knowledge and understanding of systems of management and decision making in health care organisations

have gained an understanding of national and local regulatory bodies particularly those involved in standards of professional behaviour, clinical practice and education, training and assessment

understand the relationship between local health, educational and social service provision

be able to work effectively in managed clinical networks

be aware of shared care protocols and the role of outreach clinics

begin to work in managed clinical networks and in outreach clinics

participate and contribute to organisational decision making process

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MRCPCH,, MSF, CbD, Portfolio

MRCPCH, , MSF, CbD, Portfolio

have some familiarity with the roles of allied health professionals and other agencies in the support of children and families

be aware of the impact of the European Union on child health and healthcare systems

know how to access and understand the roles of allied health professionals and other agencies in the support of children and families be aware of what needs to be done to ensure the child has access to emergency treatment at school and other settings

Assessment Standards 34 - 36

Probity

Maintaining Trust. Safety and Quality

This section details the high standards of care and professional behaviour within paediatrics and the medical profession as a whole.

For more information on assessment please see the <u>assessment blueprint</u>

34	Level 1 (ST1-3) Ethical personal and professional	Level 2 (ST4-5) Sound ethical personal and professional	Level 3 (ST6-8) Exemplary professional conduct so as
.	practice	practice	to act as a role model to others
35	Reliability and responsibility in ensuring their accessibility to colleagues and patients and their families	Continued responsibility and accessibility to colleagues, patients and their families	Responsibility for ensuring their own reliability and accessibility and that of others in their team
36	An understanding of the importance of self-awareness and a responsible approach to personal health, stress and well-being	A consistent approach to personal health, stress and well-being	Effective skills in ensuring their own responsible approach to personal health, stress and well being and that of others

Maintaining Trust. Safety and Quality

34

Competencies

MRCPCH, MSF, MiniCex, , portfolio

Level 1 (ST1-3)

Ethical personal and professional practice

Trainees will:

understand the limitations of their competence, in their clinical practice and in their relationships with patients and know where and when to ask for help, support and supervision

know when and where to ask for help, support and supervision

Understand the need for honesty and know the procedures to follow where there is concern about the professional conduct of a colleague who might be putting the health of a patient at risk

demonstrate probity in personal and professional life

be aware of the ways in which their personal experiences, values and attitudes might affect their professional practice and know when to refer to another doctor

Level 2 (ST4-5)

Sound ethical personal and professional practice

understand the limitations of their competence at their stage of training and be willing to seek help in managing sensitive and complex situations

act with honesty and know the procedures to follow where there is concern about the professional conduct of a colleague who might be putting the health of a patient at risk

Level 3 (ST6-8) **Exemplary professional conduct so as** to act as a role model to others

understand the limits of their competence, particularly in stressful situations and be willing to seek help in managing sensitive and complex situations

be open about sharing and reviewing their practice with others

be able to handle enquiries from the press and other media effectively

Maintaining Trust

Assessment Standard 35

andard 25

Level 1 (ST1-3)

Reliability and responsibility in ensuring their accessibility to colleagues and patients and their families

Level 2 (ST4-5)

Continued responsibility and accessibility to colleagues, patients and their families

Level 3 (ST6-8)

Responsibility for ensuring their own reliability and accessibility and that of others in their team

Assessments

Trainees will:

Competencies

demonstrate a commitment to the highest standards of care and ethical and professional behaviour within their speciality and with the medical profession as a whole recognise and support colleagues who may be under pressure

demonstrate responsibility for ensuring reliability and accessibility of both themselves and others in the team

MSF, Portfolio

Assessment Standard 36

Maintaining Trust. Safety and Quality

tandard 36

Competencies

Level 1 (ST1-3)

An understanding of the importance of self-awareness and a responsible approach to personal health, stress and well-being

Level 2 (ST4-5)

A consistent approach to personal health, stress and well-being

Level 3 (ST6-8)

Effective skills in ensuring their own responsible approach to personal health, stress and well being and that of others

Assessments

Trainees will:

show a commitment to continuing professional practice and to respond positively to requests for enquiries and incident reports and to outcomes of reviews, assessments and appraisals of their performance

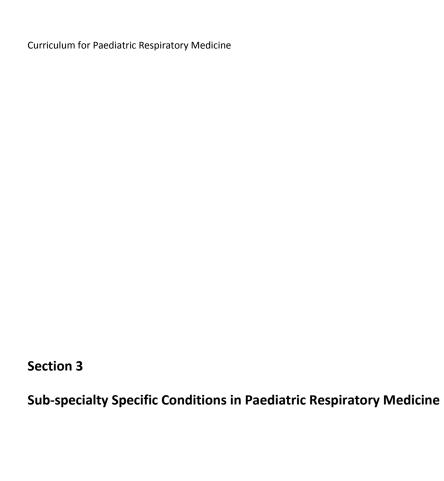
take responsibility for their own obligation for health and well-being, safety and welfare issues

show an understanding of the importance of ensuring the healthy balance between professional and domestic priorities

demonstrate a responsibility for their own health in so far as it might affect the welfare of safety of patients

effective skills in ensuring others in their team approach their health, stress and well-being responsibly

MSF, Portfolio



Inpatient management

know when ventilatory support is indicated

understand the methods for diagnosing and monitoring ventilation in children and their limitations

know how to manage acute exacerbations of long-term lung disease

know how to investigate and manage unusual lung disease

Outpatient management

know the validity of respiratory symptoms and signs

know and understand the diagnostic accuracy of investigations for respiratory disease

know the evidence base for diagnosis and management of both common and unusual respiratory disease

Flexible bronchoscopy

know the indications, contraindications, risks and complications of bronchoscopy in children

be able to explain to parents and older children the indications, contraindications, risks and complications of bronchoscopy in children

know the indications, contraindications, risks and complications of procedures during bronchoscopy such as BAL, mucosal and transbronchial biopsies and bronchography

understand the indications for rigid bronchoscopy and non-bronchoscopic lavage

be aware of the methods of maintenance and cleansing of bronchoscopy equipment including risks of cross-infection from bronchoscopy, and how to minimise these

be aware of the bronchoalveolar lavage sample processing techniques used in the laboratories

Lung Function

understand the physiology of flow-volume curves, measurement of lung volumes, the principles of bronchial lability, and ventilation, perfusion and gas exchange

understand the correct use of reference data in interpretation of lung function testing and its availability

understand within and between occasion repeatability in tests, and how these are expressed

understand the diagnostic accuracy of spirometry testing for common disorders and limitations of the tests

be aware of risk management issues for lung function laboratories

Understand the requirements for quality control and quality assurance in a lung function laboratory

Be aware of maintenance costs and estimates of costs of each test

Aerosol Therapy

understand the science of aerosol delivery and the limitations of delivery systems

Understand the differences between dry powder treatment , nebuliser treatment and aerosol treatment

Allergy

know and understand the role of allergy in respiratory disease including genetics, epidemiology and natural history know and understand the validity of allergy testing

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)	
		· ·	
		✓	
		✓	
		✓	
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8) ✓	
		✓	
		✓	
		✓	
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)	
		✓	
		✓	
		✓	
		✓	
		✓	
		✓	
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)	
		Level 3 (ST6-8) ✓	
		✓	
		✓	
		√	
		✓	
		✓	
		✓	
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)	
		✓	
		✓	
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)	
, ,		✓	
		✓	

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know the evidence for the value of allergy avoidance and challenge testing
be able to give appropriate advice on allergen avoidance

Asthma and other wheezing disorders

understand and manage the different wheezing phenotypes

Know about the changing patterns of recurrent wheeze and asthma across children of different ages

assess and manage difficult asthma

Know the pharmacology of both common and unusual asthma medication

be able to teach and assess the use of inhaler devices and peak flow meters to parents, children and health professionals

		✓	
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)	
		✓	
		✓	
		✓	

Acute severe asthma

L	Be familiar with the British Thoracic Society guidelines for management
	Be able to assess the severity of an asthma attack

Be able to institute appropriate emergency treatment

Recognise when more senior help is needed

Be able to lead treatment of severe asthma and review ongoing treatment before discharge

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
` ′	, ,
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
	✓

Asthma

Know about the complications of long-term use of medications for asthma

Institute age-appropriate individualised management plan for asthma

Teach children how to use a peak flow meter and diary

Teach and assess inhaler technique

Be able to modify an asthma management plan appropriately

Be aware of what needs to be done to ensure the child has access to emergency treatment at school and other settings

	•
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
	✓
	✓

Level 1 (ST1-3)

Congenital malformations of the respiratory tract

know the clinical features of different congenital malformations of the upper and lower airway and lung, including laryngomalacia, Pierre Robin sequence, congenital lobar emphysema, cystic adenomatoid malformation and pulmonary sequestration and the malformations which cause stridor

diagnose and manage congenital malformations of the upper and lower respiratory tract

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)
		✓
		√
		<u> </u>
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)
		✓
		/

Level 2 (ST4-5)

Level 3 (ST6-8)

Chronic lung disease of prematurity

know the pathophysiology of Chronic Lung disease

know the co-morbidities affecting the outcome of Chronic Lung disease and their management

know the strategies and therapies to prevent Chronic Lung disease in neonatal intensive care units

Cystic fibrosis

know how to initiate a treatment plan for a child or young person with cystic fibrosis including pharmacology and phsyiotherapy

	phsyiotherapy		
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Curriculum for Paediatric Respiratory Medicine			
know how to complete an annual assessment for cystic fibrosis			✓
know how to manage an acute respiratory exacerbation in a child with cystic fibrosis			✓
be able to counsel parents expecting a child with cystic fibrosis, or with a newly- diagnosed child and know how to involve the patient and parents in a discussion about lung transplant			✓
Know and understand the pathophysiology and natural history of cystic fibrosis	✓		
Understand the principles of treatment	✓		
Understand the diagnostic tests available		✓	
Work with a multi-disciplinary team, particularly physiotherapy and dieticians	✓		
Acute and Chronic Infection	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)
know the epidemiology, strategies for prevention and methods of transmission of common and unusual respiratory infections		,	✓
be able to recognise and manage confidently the complications of acute and chronic infections			✓
understand the role of respiratory infection in the immuno-compromised patient and how to manage it			✓
Lower respiratory tract infection (including pneumonia and bronchiolitis)	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	
Be familiar with the causes of respiratory tract infections	√		
Know appropriate therapies	✓		
Be familiar with indicators of severity	✓		
Know the causes of respiratory tract infections		✓	
Know indicators of severity		✓	
Be able to initiate appropriate therapies	✓		
Be able to recognise patients requiring intensive care	✓		
Be able to recognise complications e.g. empyema	✓		
Be able to manage these infections		✓	
Be able to recognise complications e.g. empyema and manage appropriately		✓	
Tuberculasia	1 - 14 (CT4 2)	1 - 12 (CT4 E)	1 - 12 (CTC 0)

Tuberculosis

Understand the epidemiology of TB and know the BTS guidelines for TB	
Understanding the differences between primary and post-primary Tb and their infectivity	
Understand the development of tuberculin sensitivity	
know and understand the validity of diagnostic testing including the reporting of symptoms	
know the therapeutic options for children and their families with tuberculosis	
understand the approach to children and families with multi-resistant tuberculosis	

Sleep medicine

know the validity of symptom-reporting in a sleep history	
understand the different methods of investigating sleep-disordered breathing	
be able to undertake and report independently report a sleep study	

·		
✓		
	✓	
	✓	
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)
		→
		✓
		✓
		✓
		✓
		✓
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	Level 3 (ST6-8)
		✓
		✓
		✓

Respiratory Medicine with Ear, Nose and Throat – maintenance

GENERAL COMPETENCES

Have the knowledge and skills to be able to assess and initiate management of patients presenting with respiratory problems in acute and outpatient settings
Have the knowledge and understanding of factors relating to long term management of chronic respiratory problems
Understand the life threatening nature of some of these conditions and when to call for help
Recognise factors which suggest underlying or serious pathology

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

ACUTE PRESENTATIONS

Sore throat and/or mouth

Know the causes of these complaints	
Know appropriate therapies	
Be able to manage these conditions	
Recognise features in the presentation which suggest serious pathology	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
	✓
	✓

Nose bleeds

Know the common causes of nose bleeds	
Recognise those with underlying pathology	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
	✓

Snoring and obstructive sleep apnoea

Know the causes of snoring
Be aware of complications of this presentation
Understand the indications for sleep studies
Recognise when referral to an ENT surgeon is appropriate
Be able to refer appropriately to an ENT surgeon

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
	✓

Earache

Know the common causes and complications	
Know the risk factors for otitis media with effusion	
Understand the vulnerability of children with cleft palate	
Recognise an abnormal ear drum	
Recognise when to treat with antibiotics	
Recognise when to refer to audiology specialists or an ENT surgeon	
Be able to manage this condition	
Be able to treat with antibiotics where appropriate	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
	✓
	✓

Acute stridor

Understand the potentially life-threatening nature of this condition
Know about allergic and infective causes e.g. epiglottis, laryngotracheitis, retropharyngeal abscess, and foreign body
Recognise when to request help from a senior colleague

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	

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Recognise children with existing chronic upper airway problems	
Be able to manage this condition	

✓	
	✓
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	✓
	√

Respiratory failure

Know the indications for ventilation
Be aware of the agreed resuscitation plans for individual patients
Initiate urgent assessment and treatment including assisted ventilation
Liaise with more senior paediatricians, anaesthetists and intensivists when appropriate

OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Cervical lymphadenopathy

Know the causes of cervical lymphadenopathy
Recognise when investigation and surgical intervention is needed

Chronic stridor

Kno	ow the causes of chronic stridor
Red	cognise when and how to investigate

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	

Recurrent or chronic chestiness

Know the respiratory and non-respiratory causes, including chronic aspiration, of recurrent or chronic chestiness
Know about predisposing conditions such as neuromuscular and skeletal disorders
Know about predisposing conditions such as neuromuscular and skeletal disorders and immunodeficiency
Be aware of the role of bronchoscopy, pH studies and video-fluoroscopy
Know about the role of bronchoscopy, pH studies and video-fluoroscopy
Recognise features in the presentation which suggest serious or unusual pathology e.g. atypical presentations of cystic
fibrosis
Know how to perform and interpret basic lung function tests

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
√	
✓	
	✓
✓	
	✓
	✓
	✓



Section 4

Maintenance of specialty-specific competences

Cardiology

GENERAL COMPETENCES

Have the knowledge and skills to be able to assess and initiate management of babies and children presenting with cardiological disorders
Know the genetic and environmental factors in the aetiology of congenital heart disease
Be able to formulate a differential diagnosis
Be able to respond appropriately to cardiac arrest
Be able to select and interpret appropriate cardiological investigations and know the indications for echocardiography
Understand the life threatening nature of some of these conditions and when to call for help
Know the possible cardiac complications of other system disorders
Know when referral for specialist paediatric cardiology assessment for further management is appropriate
Be able to provide advanced life support and lead the team at a cardiac arrest
Be able to identify common ECG abnormalities

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
	✓
	✓

ACUTE PRESENTATIONS

Cyanosis

Know the normal fetal circulation and transitional changes after birth	
Know the anatomy of the common causes of cyanotic heart disease	
Be able to differentiate between cardiac and non-cardiac causes of cyanosis	
Recognise when treatment is urgent	
Be able to initiate emergency management	
Be able to describe clinical signs and investigations accurately and effectively with a cardiologist	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
	✓
	✓

Heart Failure, including cardiac conditions which present with shock

Understand the causes of heart failure	
	Be able to initiate appropriate investigations and treatment

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	

Arrhythmia

Know the causes of arrhythmias	
Be able to recognise common dysrhythmias on ECG	
Be able to initiate emergency treatment in arrhythmias such as tachycardia	
Be able to initiate emergency treatment in arrhythmias such as paroxysmal superventricular tachycardia	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	
	✓

Infective Endocarditis

Know when prophylaxis against endocarditis is indicated
Know the causes of endocarditis
Be able to advise parents about prophylaxis against endocarditis
Be able to initiate appropriate investigations and treatment
Be able to recognise the possibility of endocarditis

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
	✓

OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Heart murmur

Know the causes of common heart murmurs and the haemodynamic reasons for them	
Know about the effects of heart disease at school	
Be able to interpret correctly heart sounds and added sounds	
Be able to identify an innocent cardiac murmur	
Be able to advise families appropriately about the effects of heart disease at school	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
	✓
✓	
✓	
	✓

Hypertension

Know and understand the causes of hypertension	
Be able to measure and interpret correctly blood pressure measurements at different ages	
Recognise the importance of examining femoral pulses in all children	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	

Palpitations

Know the cardiac and non cardiac causes of palpitations	
Be able to initiate appropriate investigations	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	

Syncope

v	·pc	
	Know the cardiac causes of syncope	
	Be able to initiate appropriate investigations including appropriate ECG analysis	
	Be able to differentiate syncope from seizures	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
	✓

⁻ Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health -

Dermatology

General competences

GENERAL COMPETENCES

Be able to describe accurately any rash
Recognise and known when to refer common birth marks and haemangiomas
Have the knowledge and skills to be able to recognise, investigate and manage common skin complaints
Know about the cutaneous and mucosal manifestations of systemic disease
Recognise the serious nature of some skin disorders or their associated conditions and know when to ask for help
Understand the principles of therapy for skin complaints
Be aware of the different potencies of topical steroids and of their side effects
Understand the impact of severe dermatological problems on children
Be aware of the common causes of hair loss and hypertrichosis
Know when consultation with other specialties is appropriate
Know the indications for and the procedure involved in skin biopsy
Know when to consult dermatology, ophthalmology and ENT specialists
Understand the different potencies of topical steroids and of their side effects
Know the common causes of hair loss and hypertrichosis

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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	✓

ACUTE PRESENTATIONS

Skin Failure e. g toxic epidermal necrolysis, staphylococcal scalded skin syndrome and epidermolysis bullosa

Know the features and management of staphylococcal scalded skin syndrome	
Be aware of the rarer causes of skin failure	
Be aware of careful handling in blistered neonates in case of inherited skin fragility	
Be able to assess and to start initial treatment promptly	
Recognise when to consult dermatology and ophthalmology specialists	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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	✓

Skin Infections

Know the causal bacteria, features, complications and management of cellulitis including periorbital cellulitis	
Know the features and management of infected eczema and eczema herpeticum	
Recognise and be able to treat scabies, pediculoses, and common viral and fungal skin infections	
Recognise the features of and manage infected eczema and eczema herpeticum	
Recognise when to consult ophthalmology and ENT specialists	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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	✓

Cutaneous drug reactions

Be aware of the different patterns of drug reaction and of the common precipitants	
Be able to assess mucosal involvement	
Recognise serious drug reactions e.g. Stevens-Johnson syndrome	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	

Erythematous rash and fever

Know the causes of fever and an erythematous rash	
Be aware of rare but serious causes e.g. toxic shock syndrome	
Be able to recognise Kawasaki syndrome and to institute appropriate treatment	
Be aware of complications and know when to refer, for example, to a cardiologist	
Recognise and initiate management of rare but serious causes, e.g. toxic shock syndrome	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Eczema and seborrheic dermatitis

Know the principles of treating eczema	
Be able to manage mild eczema and sebhorreic dermatitis	
Be able to advise parents about common problems such as cradle cap and nappy rash	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
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Diabetes and Endocrinology

GENERAL COMPETENCES

Have the knowledge and skills to be able to assess and initiate management of patients presenting with diabetes, growth or endocrine presentations in inpatient or outpatient settings

Be able to measure children accurately and to assess their growth using appropriate growth charts and taking into account parental stature and pubertal status

Be able to assess accurately pubertal stages of development

Know about changes to insulin and steroid therapy in children with diabetes and hypoadrenalism during acute illness or perioperatively

Understand the endocrine complications of other diseases

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
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ACUTE PRESENTATIONS

A child presents 'well' with diabetes mellitus

Know the pathophysiology of diabetes mellitus Recognise the early features of this presentation

Know the principles of diabetes management including commonly used insulin regimens

Know about the long term complications of diabetes and about ways to reduce the risks of these occurring

Be able to explain this condition to parents

Be able to liaise with the children's diabetes team

Be able to give basic advice about diet and exercise

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Diabetic ketoacidosis

Understand the pathophysiology of diabetic ketoacidosis

Be aware of potential complications including cerebral oedema

Know how to treat and monitor progress

Be able to recognise the clinical features of this condition

Be able to lead the team when initiating resuscitation and early treatment

Be able to manage ongoing treatment safely with guidance

Recognise potential complications including cerebral oedema

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Hypoglycaemia

Know the causes, complications and treatment in the neonatal period and beyond

Know that blood glucose is an urgent investigation in patients with impaired conscious level

Be aware of the clinical features which would suggest hypopituitarism or adrenal insufficiency

Know when to consider rare causes of hypoglycaemia and what investigations to perform during the hypoglycaemic episode

Be able to take relevant investigations required for the confirmation of cause

Be able to assess whether any change to insulin treatment is needed to prevent recurrence in diabetic patients

Recognise the need to inform the diabetes team of serious hypoglycaemia in their patients

Be able to treat hypoglycaemia safely and effectively with intravenous glucose or glucagon where appropriate

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Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	

Neonatal thyrotoxicosis

Know the cause of this condition and its natural history	
	Recognise this presentation and the need for urgent treatment

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	

Ambiguous genitalia

Be aware of the causes	of this	presentation
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Understand the features of congenital adrenal hyperplasia and its early management

Recognise the extreme sensitivity of this presentation and of the need to seek urgent help from senior colleagues with regards to management and counselling parents

Be able to give appropriate information to parents whilst awaiting help from senior colleagues

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
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	✓

OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Short & tall stature

Know the causes of short stature or slow growth and the characteristics of these conditions
Know when short stature needs to be investigated
Understand and know the rationale behind the baseline and subsequent investigations
Be aware of treatments that are suitable for pathological short stature
Know about the causes of tall stature

Be able to explain to parents and patients the non serious causes of short stature e.g. genetic short stature, constitutional delay and hypothyroidism

Recognise the need to rule out Turner's syndrome as a cause of short stature in girls

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Delayed and early puberty

Know the causes of early and late puberty
Know the causes and possible investigation of early and late puberty
Recognise when the cause may be pathological rather than physiological

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
	✓
✓	

Goitre and thyroid disorders

Know the causes of congenital and acquired hypothyroidism
Know about the national screening programme for hypothyroidism
Understand the need for precise treatment and monitoring during infancy and early childhood
Know the associations of auto-immune diseases and of trisomy 21
Be able to access thyroid status
Be able to recognise thyrotoxicosis
Be able to interpret thyroid function tests on and off treatment

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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	✓

Polyuria and polydipsia

Know the causes of this presentation including diabetes mellitus and insipidus
Know the dangers of water deprivation
Be able to select patients who may require investigation
Be able to advise parents about habit drinking
Be able to select patients who may require investigation and initiate this

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
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	✓

Obesity

Understand the causes of obesity
Understand the long term complications
Understand interventional strategies that are involved in weight reduction
Be aware of the presentation of type 2 diabetes during childhood
Be aware that body mass index charts may be a helpful therapeutic tool
Know about the presentation of type 2 diabetes during childhood
Recognise features in the presentation which suggest serious pathology
Be able to explain the long term complications to parents
Be able to use body mass index charts to diagnose obesity

Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓
✓
✓

Gastroenterology and Hepatology

GENERAL COMPETENCES

Have the knowledge and skills to be able to assess and initiate management of patients presenting with gastroenterological problems in	
acute and outpatient settings	

Understand the role of interventional procedures e.g. endoscopy or colonoscopy in the investigation of gastroenterological disorders

Recognise when a surgical opinion is required

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
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ACUTE PRESENTATIONS

Acute abdominal pain

Know the causes of acute abdominal pain	
recognise conditions which require urgent in	tervention e.g. intussusception
Recognise when to request a surgical opinion	
Recognise the need to consider acute append	licitis in very young children

Recognise signs of pain in an infant or small child

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
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	✓

Acute diarrhoea and/or vomiting

Know the causes the symptoms of acute diarrhoea and/or vomiting

Be familiar with local isolation policies

Know about oral and intravenous fluid therapy

Understand the scientific principles for oral and intravenous fluid therapy

Recognise features in the presentation which suggest serious pathology e.g. haemolytic uraemic syndrome, appendicitis, intestinal obstruction

Implement local isolation policies

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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	✓

Jaundice

Know the causes of neonatal and childhood jaundice

investigate appropriately and know when to refer to specialist services

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
	✓

Upper and lower gastrointestinal bleeding

Know the causes of upper and lower gastrointestinal bleeding

Understand the potentially life threatening nature of this condition

Assess the severity of the condition

Institute appropriate emergency treatment

Recognise features in the presentation which suggest serious pathology

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Abdominal distension

Know the causes of abdominal distension

Initiate investigation and seek surgical opinion when required

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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	✓

Acute liver failure

Be familiar with the causes of acute liver failure
Be familiar with the complications of acute liver failure
Know the management of paracetamol poisoning
Know the causes of acute liver failure
Recognise the need to discuss the case with the liver unit early
Be able to assess the severity and complications of this condition
Be able to initiate appropriate resuscitation and liaise early with the paediatric liver unit
Be able to initiate appropriate resuscitation and liaise early with the paediatric liver unit and continue care until transfer occurs

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Congenital abnormalities

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Know the presenting features of congenital abnormalities including tracheo-oesophageal fistula, malrotation, bowel atresias,
Hirschsprungs disease, abdominal wall defects, diaphragmatic hernia
Be familiar with potential associated abnormalities
Know when antenatal transfer to a Neonatal Surgical Centre should be considered
Institute appropriate emergency treatment
Recognise the need to liaise with surgeons
Institute appropriate emergency treatment and be able to assess the fitness of the baby and the need to transfer to a specialist centre
Recognise when the bowel might be compromised
Recognise the need to liaise with surgeons and when this is urgent

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Gastro-oesophageal reflux and oesophagitis

Know the range of presentations of gastro-oesophageal reflux and oesophagitis in otherwise well infants and children and also in
disabled children

Recognise the range of signs and symptoms associated with gastro-oesophageal reflux and oesophagitis

Manage mild and moderate gastro-oesophageal reflux and recognise when to refer

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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	✓

OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Chronic or recurrent abdominal pain

Know the possible biological, psychological and social contributing factors in chronic or recurrent abdominal pain	
Know which features suggest that reassurance rather than investigation is needed	
Recognise features in the presentation that suggest the importance of different aetiologies	
Be able to refer appropriately to Psychology when required	
Consider when there might be child protection issues	
Be able to manage most cases	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Chronic diarrhoea and/or vomiting

Know the causes of Chronic diarrhoea and/or vomiting
Be aware of the characteristics of bulimia
Be able to instigate investigations

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Constipation with or without soiling

Be familiar with local and national guidelines for management
Know about predisposing conditions e.g. hypothyroidism, neurodisability, psychosocial problems
Understand the relevance of predisposing conditions e.g. hypothyroidism, neurodisability, psychosocial problems
Manage simple constipation with and without soiling
Recognise when to liaise with more senior paediatricians or with specialist nurses, psychologists or psychiatrists
Be able to follow local and national guidelines for management

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Dysphagia

Know the causes of dysphagia
Be able to distinguish between organic and functional dysphagia

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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✓	

Malabsorption

Know the causes of malabsorption including celiac disease and cystic fibrosis and its consequences	
Understand the principles of treatment of the different types of malabsorption	
Recognise the role of the dietician and to liaise appropriately	
Be able to explain and initiate investigations, nutritional assessment, dietary principles and liaise appropriately with the dietician	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Malnutrition

Know the causes of malnutrition including organic and non-organic causes
Be familiar with the consequences of malnutrition
Know the principles of enteral and parenteral nutrition support
Be able to assess nutritional status
Be able to initiate investigations to establish the diagnosis and to detect nutritional deficiencies

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Iron deficiency anaemia

Know the causes of iron deficiency anaemia including poor diet, bleeding and malabsorption
Understand factors which predispose to dietary iron deficiency anaemia
Be aware of the consequences of this condition
Be able to manage iron deficiency anaemia
Be able to counsel parents about preventing dietary iron deficiency

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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⁻ Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health -

Genetics and Dysmorphology

GENERAL COMPETENCES

Understand the scientific basis of chromosomal disorders and inheritance
Be able to construct a family tree and interpret patterns of inheritance
Understand the basis of molecular genetics
Know about the features of some common chromosome disorders
Know the basis of prenatal screening and diagnosis, the conditions for which they are used and the ethical dilemmas they pose.
Be able to describe the features of a baby or child associated with common malformation or deformation syndromes
Have an awareness of the use and non directive nature of genetic counselling
Understand the risks of and cultural issues posed by consanguinity
Have an understanding of the ethical dilemmas and the implications of pre-symptomatic or carrier testing in children
Have experience of how geneticists work with fetal medicine specialists, neonatologists and paediatric surgeons
Be able to recognise features suggesting dysmorphic or genetic syndromes and to identify associated anomalies
Know the processes involved in establishing and presenting the diagnosis to parents
Have experience of interviews where diagnoses of serious conditions are communicated to parents
Know what to do when the diagnosis of Down's syndrome is suspected at delivery or on the postnatal wards
Be aware of environmental factors which may affect pre-natal development, e.g. alcohol and drugs
Recognise the features of common chromosome disorders
Be able to recognise and investigate common malformation or deformation syndromes and to identify associated anomalies
Begin to participate in establishing and presenting the diagnosis to parents
Be able to give appropriate information to parents while awaiting help from senior colleagues
Be able to respond appropriately when the diagnosis of Down's syndrome is suspected at delivery or on the post-natal wards
Be able to follow local and national protocols for the management of genetic disorders

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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GENERAL COMPETENCES

Have the knowledge and skills to be able to assess patients presenting with haematological or oncological presentations in inpatient and outpatient settings

Be able to initiate management in common presentations of non-malignant disorders

Be aware of the role of specialist nurses and other members of palliative care teams

Know the principles of cancer treatment

Be aware of the short and long term side effects of chemotherapy and radiotherapy

Be familiar with the indications and complications of bone marrow transplantation

Know about national and local blood transfusion policies and procedures

Have the knowledge and skills to be able to assess and initiate investigation of patients presenting with haematological or oncological presentations in inpatient and outpatient settings

Work effectively with specialist nurses and members of palliative care teams

Know the short and long term side effects of chemotherapy and radiotherapy and be able to explain the common ones

Know about local policies for intrathecal cytotoxic therapy

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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ACUTE AND OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Anaemia

General competences

Know and understand the causes of anaemia	
Understand the investigations which may clarify the diagnosis	
Know how to counsel parents about hereditary anaemias	
Understand the predisposing factors and consequences of iron deficiency anaemia	
Understand the hereditary basis and clinical features of sickle cell anaemia and the thalassaemias	
Understand the long term implications for families	
Know about the potential consequences of haemolytic anaemia	
Be able to manage iron deficiency anaemia	
Be able to explain screening for the thalassaemia or sickle cell trait	
Be able to recognise and initiate management of sickle cell crisis	
Be able to investigate anaemia and recognise serious underlying pathology	
Be able to manage sickle cell crisis, including safe administration of fluid and analgesia	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Polycythaemia

Know the causes and treatment of polycythaemia in the newborn period
Understand why children with cyanotic congenital heart disease are vulnerable to polycythaemia
Be able to describe the process of partial plasma exchange transfusion in a new born infant
Be able to undertake partial plasma exchange transfusion in a new born infant

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Neutropaenia

Understand the significance of fever in a neutropaenic patient
Understand the differing risks of neutropaenia in different conditions and treatment regimens
Be able to manage febrile neutropaenia with guidance
Reable to manage febrile neutronaenia, following local network guidelines and recognising when to liaise with specialist services

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Purpura and bruising

Know the causes of purpura and bruising	
Recognise features in the presentation which suggest serious pathology or child abuse	
Understand immune mechanisms in vasculitis and in allo- and auto- immune thrombocytopaenia	
Be able to explain Henoch-Schonlein purpura to parents	
Know how to explain idiopathic thrombocytopaenic purpura to parents	
Be able to explain idiopathic thrombocytopaenia (ITP) to parents including when precautions and treatment are necessary	
Be able to manage acute bleeding in haemophilia and Von Willibrands disease	
Use genetic counselling services appropriately	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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	✓

Other haemorrhage due to coagulopathy

Be able to explain Henoch-Schonlein purpura to parents and manage patients

Know the causes and presentations of haemorrhagic disease of the newborn
Understand the hereditary basis of haemophilia and other coagulation disorders
Be able to discuss the need for prophylactic vitamin K with parents
Be able to recognise and treat haemoarthrosis in a patient with haemophilia
Be able to recognise and treat haemoarthrosis in a patient with haemophilia and be aware of the need to treat urgently, with appropriate
advice

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Leukaemia

Be aware of the different types of leukaemia and of their prognoses
Recognise and understand the clinical manifestations of leukaemia
Know the different types of leukaemia and of their prognoses
Be able to recognise the immediate dangers of leukaemia to the newly presenting child
Be aware of national trials and protocols
Be able to recognise and initiate investigations to diagnose leukaemia
Be able to follow local and national protocols in treating leukaemia and associate infections

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Lymphomas

Know the clinical features of Hodgkin's disease and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma
Know the features which suggest lymphadenopathy may be malignant and how it may be investigated
Be aware of staging and protocols for treatment

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Other solid tumours

Know about the clinical presentation, treatment and prognosis of nephroblastoma and neuroblastoma	
Be aware of the clinical features and investigation findings of other solid tumours	
Be aware of staging and protocols for treatment	
Be able to recognise the presenting features of these tumours	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Transfusion

Understand the risks of administering blood products
Know the indications for irradiated blood products
Recognise the concerns of some groups in society in relation to blood products
Follow transfusion procedures correctly
Explain the risks and benefits
Order blood products
Appropriately manage transfusion reaction

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Infection, Immunology and Allergy

GENERAL COMPETENCES

	Have the knowledge and skills to be able to assess and initiate management of patients
-	Know and understand host defence mechanisms and their pattern of development
	Know the causes of vulnerability to infection
	Know and understand the classification of infectious agents
	Know the mechanisms of maternal to fetal transmission of infection and the clinical manifestations of these infections
	Know the epidemiology, pathology and natural history of common infections of the foetus, newborn, and children in Britain and important
	worldwide infections, e.g. TB, HIV, hepatitis, B, malaria, Polio
	Be able to follow agreed local and national guidelines on notification of infectious diseases
s	Understand the rationale for prescribing common antimicrobials
General competences	Know the indications for antimicrobial prophylaxis
pete	Understand the mechanisms of drug resistance
m _O	Understand nosocomial infections and the basic principles of infection control
<u>la</u>	Be aware of the policies for notifying communicable diseases
ene	Understand the pathophysiology and the principles of treatment of allergic and autoimmune disorders
G	Understand the classification of immunodeficiencies
	Know the clinical manifestations of the different types of immunodeficiencies
	Know the conditions and treatments which results in secondary immunodeficiencies
	Recognise indications for and be able to prescribe appropriate first line common anti-microbials
	Be able to prescribe antimicrobial prophylaxis appropriately
	Apply principles of infection control
	Take responsibility for notifying communicable diseases
	Be able to use the antibiotic policies and understand the development of resistant organisms
	Be able to assess and institute appropriate management of infection in an immuno-compromised child

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Level 2 (ST4-5)

Level 1 (ST1-3)

ACUTE PRESENTATIONS

Septic shock

die Stock	
Understand the pathophysiology of septic shock and its complications	
Know local and nationally agreed guidelines for the management of septic shock including meningococcal disease	
Be aware of the differential diagnosis of septic shock	
Be able to recognise the early features of septic shock	
Be able to lead the team when initiating resuscitation and treatment	
Be able to liaise with anaesthetic and PICU staff	
Be able to initiate and lead immediate management of early and advanced features of septic shock	
Be able to liaise effectively with anaesthetic and PICU staff and manage patient until transfer team takes over	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Fever of unknown origin

Know the possible causes of fever of unknown origin
Understand aspects of social history that are relevant to explore
Recognise features in the presentation which suggest serious or unusual pathology
be able to initiate investigations to establish cause

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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	✓

Anaphylaxis

Know the management of anaphylaxis guidelines
Be able to lead the team when initiating resuscitation and treatment
Be able to liaise with anaesthetic and PICU staff
Be able to lead the team to provide advanced life support
Be able to advise on the future risk of anaphylaxis and facilitate an appropriate anaphylaxis management plan by liaising with community
teams

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Recurrent infections

Understand why children suffer recurrent infections
Be aware of conditions which predispose to infection
Understand why children suffer recurrent infections and know which conditions predispose to infection
Recognise features in the presentation which suggest serious underlying pathology
Recognise and investigate appropriately features in the presentation which suggest underlying pathology

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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$\label{food_intolerance} \textbf{Food} \underline{\textbf{intolerance}} \ \textbf{and} \ \textbf{other} \ \textbf{allergies}$

Know the common offending foods
Be aware of the investigations that are available and of their limitations
Know the features of cows' milk protein intolerance and its management
Know the foods that can trigger IgE – mediated reactions
Understand the investigations that are available and of their limitations
Know the features of cows' milk protein intolerance and its management
Understand the mechanisms of IgE and non IgE food allergy, food intolerance due to pharmacological effects of food and food intolerance
due to enzyme deficiencies
Recognise the potential serious nature of food allergy
Advise on the appropriate use of adrenalin
Be able to distinguish allergy from intolerance and be able to explain to parents

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Immunisation

Understand passive and active immunisation	
Understand the principles and the rationale behind the national immunisation policy for children in Britain	
Know the indications, contraindications and complications of routine childhood immunisations	
Be able to advise parents about immunisations	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Metabolic Medicine

GENERAL COMPETENCES

Recognise the clinical and biochemical features of electrolyte and acid base disturbances		
Know the common clinical presentations of metabolic disease including encephalopathy, neurodevelopmental regression, muscle		
weakness, visceromegaly and failure to thrive		
Know when it is appropriate to perform metabolic investigations in neonates and children		
Know the appropriate screening investigations that should be performed when a metabolic disorder is suspected		
Know further investigations that should be performed in order to establish a diagnosis of a metabolic disorder		
Be able to interpret commonly used investigations and understand how these differentiate between metabolic disorders including those		
that result in cot death		
Know about the common biochemical findings in an acutely ill newborn or child presenting with metabolic disease including		
hypoglycaemia, hyperammonaemia or metabolic acidosis		
Understand when it is appropriate to investigate, and which investigations to perform, in a neonate or child with visceromegaly		
Know the causes of metabolic bone disease and investigations to differentiate between the causes		
Know when it is appropriate to consider porphyria in a child presenting with abdominal pain		
Understand the principles of dietary, vitamin and pharmacological treatment of metabolic disorders		
Be aware of those metabolic disorders which are vitamin responsive or responsive to pharmacological treatment		
Know about the metabolic disorders which may respond to enzyme therapy or bone marrow transplantation		
Know the routine screening tests for metabolic disease and be able to explain them to parents		
Know the inheritance patterns of common genetically determined metabolic disorders		
Know about the educational and social implications of metabolic disorders and the importance of organising support in the community for		
special diets and other risks		
Recognise and be able to manage the clinical and biochemical features of electrolyte and acid base disturbances		
Know the common clinical presentations and principles of management of metabolic disease including encephalopathy,		
neurodevelopmental regression, muscle weakness, visceromegaly and faltering growth		
Be able to initiate metabolic investigations in neonates and children and in urgent situations		
Know what samples must be taken in metabolic investigations at the time of presentation and the importance of liaison with laboratories		
to ensure use of the appropriate container, handling and storage		
Know which metabolic disorders are associated with learning difficulties and manage timely referral for those at risk		

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Musculo-Skeletal medicine

GENERAL COMPETENCES

know the differential diagnosis of musculoskeletal presentations including inflammatory, non-inflammatory and idiopathic causes
Take an appropriate history, musculoskeletal examination and assessment
Recognise when to request the opinion of paediatric rheumatologists or orthopaedic surgeons
Recognise features in the clinical presentation or investigation findings which suggest serious pathology, e.g. inflammation, malignancy,
infection and vasculitis
Recognise features in the clinical presentation or investigation findings which suggest physical abuse, emotional abuse and neglect
Understand the role of the multi-disciplinary team and other professionals involved in the care of children with musculoskeletal
conditions
Be aware of the complications of immunosuppressive treatment
Understand the disease associations of rheumatological conditions, in particular juvenile arthritis and eye disease
Understand the association of musculoskeletal presentations and common chronic diseases (such as psoriasis, inflammatory bowel
disease)
Understand the initial investigations to establish a diagnosis
Understand the indication for and complications of immunosuppressive treatment
Be aware of congenital bone, inherited or metabolic conditions and their musculoskeletal presentations
Interpret investigations that are helpful in establishing a differential diagnosis

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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ACUTE PRESENTATIONS

Joint swelling

Know the causes of joint swelling at single and multiple sites
Know when to refer for a specialist opinion
Be able to identify joint swelling and abnormal range of joint movement on clinical examination

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Be able to perform a musculoskeletal assessment including a screening examination and an approach to more detailed examination		✓
Be able to identify joint swelling and abnormal range of joint movement on clinical examination	✓	

Musculoskeletal pain

Know the varied causes of musculoskeletal pain
Be aware of referred pain
Know when to refer for a specialist opinion
Know the varied causes of musculoskeletal pain including referred pain and features that suggest different causes
Perform a musculoskeletal examination
Perform a musculoskeletal examination including a screening and appropriate regional examination

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Level 1 (ST1-3)

Level 2 (ST4-5)

Limp

Know the differential diagnosis of a limp at different ages and clinical presentations

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	

Limb pain

Know the differential diagnosis of limb pains
Be aware of the clinical features of benign hypermobility and non-benign hypermobility (e.g. Marfans syndrome)
Be able to distinguish between inflammatory and non-inflammatory conditions
Be able to assess joint laxity
Be able to distinguish between inflammatory and non-inflammatory conditions and recognise features that suggest serious pathology

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Back pain and neck pain

Be aware of the causes of back/neck pain and be aware of features that may suggest serious underlying pathology	
Know the causes of scoliosis	
Know the indications of further/urgent investigations and referral for a specialist opinion	
Know the common causes of Torticollis	
know the causes of back/neck pain	
Be able to recognise scoliosis	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Leg alignment (normal variants)

Be aware of normal patterns of leg alignment and foot posture (bow legs, knock knees, in-toeing and flat feet) at different ages	
Be aware of indications for investigation and when specialist opinion is required	
Know the predisposing factors and presentation of rickets	
Know normal patterns of leg alignment and foot posture (bow legs, knock knees, in-toeing and flat feet) at different ages	
Be able to recognise the clinical presentation and radiological features of rickets	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Multi-system disease

Be able to distinguish between inflammatory and non-inflammatory conditions

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Neonatology

GENERAL COMPETENCES

Be able to perform an accurate assessment of the baby at birth Have the knowledge and skills to be able to assess and initiate management of babies presenting in the neonatal period with problems (in acute, postnatal ward and outpatient settings) Be able to initiate appropriate resuscitation when required Know and understand the effects of antenatal and perinatal events on outcome Know and understand the pathophysiology of the effects of prematurity Be able to recognise and outline the management of some common disorders Be able to initiate diagnostic tests for common disorders Understand the principles of mechanical ventilation and resuscitation Be able to perform a reliable assessment of fluid status and initiate appropriate fluid management Understand the principles of parenteral nutrition Understand the principles of parenteral nutrition Understand the principles of prescribing for newborn babies and breastfeeding mothers Understand the principles of prescribing for newborn babies and breastfeeding mothers Understand the life-threatening nature of some of these situations and when to call for help or look for personal support Know when and how babies are transferred for specialist levels of intensive care Understand the implications for families of babies with neonatal problems Begin to develop strategies to communicate sympathetically with parents Understand the long-term sequelae of prematurity and begin to recognise those at risk Know about the retinopathy of prematurity and its prevention and treatment Be able to recognise and manage common disorders Have the knowledge and skills to be able to assess and manage babies presenting in the neonatal period with problems (in acute, postnatal ward and outpatient settings) Know and be able to describe the effects of antenatal and perinatal events on outcome Know and be able to describe the pathophysiology of the effects of prematurity Be able to perform a reliable assessment of fluid status and adjust fluid management Understand the principles of and initiate m	Be able to examine the newborn baby appropriately and with sensitivity
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Be able to prescribe safely for newborn babies and breastfeeding mothers	Be skilled in practising and be able to teach basic practical procedures
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Level 1 (ST1-3) ✓	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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iculum for i dealactic nespiratory interiorie	
Recognise the life-threatening nature of some of these situations and the need to call for help or look for personal support	✓
Understand the implications for families of babies with neonatal problems and begin to support them	\checkmark
Be able to develop strategies to communicate sympathetically with parents and have experience of strategies for dealing with their distress	✓
or anger	
Be able to describe the long-term sequelae of prematurity and recognise those at risk	✓
Be able to initiate and lead advanced resuscitation when required	✓
Have successfully completed a neonatal life support course	✓
Usually be able to obtain appropriate arterial and venous access	✓
Understand the principles and importance of nutrition in the neonatal period including assessment of nutritional status, the steps needed	✓
to establish breast feeding, and nutritional supplementation	
Be able to apply clinical reasoning when selecting tests and be able to understand the results sufficiently well to be able to explain them to	✓
parents and members of the multi-disciplinary team	
Be able to decide on appropriate referrals for transfer to other units, communicate effectively with all involved and maintain care as safely	\checkmark
as possible until transfer team takes over	
Know how to interpret radiological investigations including the basic features of cranial ultrasound and discuss basic findings with parents	✓
Know how to refer appropriately to community services before discharge and begin to participate in the follow up of those at risk	✓
Know about follow-up programmes for those at risk	✓
Be able to describe the ethical issues relating to neonatal intensive care	\checkmark

Birth depression

Know the causes and possible outcomes	
Understand the principles of resuscitation	
Know the criteria necessary before perinatal asphyxia can be diagnosed	
Understand the physiological effects of a hypoxic-ischaemic insult	
Know the statistics of the outcomes of birth depression	
Understand the physiology of resuscitation and the responses to it	
Understand the long term implications of hypoxic-ischaemic damage	
Be able to initiate resuscitation using bag and mask ventilation and cardiac compressions	
Can intubate term babies and have had supervised experience of intubating preterm babies	
Recognise features which suggest significant consequences	
Be able to provide and lead basic and advanced resuscitation, including intubation	
Be able to intubate pre-term babies without direct supervision	
Be able to recognise and imitate management to prevent secondary damage	

Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Respiratory Distress (acute and chronic)

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Understand the common causes of respiratory distress
Know the relevant investigations, understand the principles and complications of ventilation
Know the guidelines for surfactant therapy
Understand the pathophysiology and management of chronic lung disease
Understand the contribution of patent ductus arteriosus to respiratory compromise
Understand the principles and complications of differing ventilation techniques
Be aware of the indications for ECMO and nitric oxide therapies
Know the images needed and safe positions for arterial and venous lines
Have seen echocardiography where patent ductus arteriosus is diagnosed
Be able to interpret chest radiographs
Be able to administer surfactant
Be able to initiate respiratory support
Be able to suspect and diagnose pneumothorax
Recognise when to request help from a medical or nursing colleague
Obtain, interpret and act appropriately on blood gas results
Be able to insert umbilical arterial and venous lines
Be able to identify signs suggestive of patency of the duct and describe management options
Be able to interpret chest radiographs and act on results
Be able to identify signs of patent ductus arteriosus and initiate management
Be able to initiate and continue to manage respiratory support on a ventilator
Be able to diagnose pneumothorax and known when chest drainage is indicated
Recognise when response to management is not optimal and request help from senior colleagues or other services
Know the steps that need to be taken to discharge a baby on long term oxygen into the community
Be able to teach and supervise the insertion of umbilical, arterial and venous lines

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Cyanosis not of respiratory origin

Understand the anatomy and implications of cyanotic congenital heart disease	
Understand the pathophysiology of persistent pulmonary hypertension and know about treatment	
Be able to suspect the diagnosis and initiate appropriate investigations	
Be able to make a likely diagnosis and initiate appropriate investigations and treatment	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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${\bf Hypot} \underline{\bf ension}$

Understand the causes and effects
Understand the rationale for different treatment options
Be able to interpret and act on blood pressure measurements

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
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✓	

Intra-uterine growth restriction and other nutrition problems

Understand the importance of breastfeeding
Know the causes of intra-uterine and postnatal growth failure
Understand the principles of parenteral nutrition
Know about risk factors for necrotising enterocolitis
Understand the importance of nutrition in sick babies
Know about the signs, symptoms and complications of necrotising enterocolitis
Be able to keep and interpret accurate growth records
Be able to prescribe appropriate nutrition supplements
Be able to insert a percutaneous long line
Be able to recognise early signs of necrotising enterocolitis and initiate treatment
Be able to assess appropriate position of percutaneous long line from imaging
Be able to recognise and begin to address poor growth

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Fluid and blood product therapy

Know the fluid requirements of preterm and sick babies
Know the causes of abnormal coagulation
Know the indications for therapy with blood products
Know the fluid requirements of pre-term, sick and growth-restricted babies
Know when irradiated blood products are indicated
Be able to assess fluid balance
Recognise the need for blood product transfusions
Be able to test for and recognise bleeding disorders
Be able to act to correct fluid balance abnormalities
Be able to prescribe blood product transfusions
Be able to initiate treatment for bleeding disorders

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Neonatal seizures or abnormal neurological status including the floppy baby

Understand the aetiology and prognosis of abnormal neurological status
Know about periventricular haemorrhage and leucomalacia
Know about the management of post-haemorrhagic hydrocephalus
Know the possible causes and effects of seizures
Know the possible causes of abnormal tone
Be able to perform a neurological assessment
Be able to recognise the basic features of cranial ultrasound scans
Be able to recognise and initiate management of seizures
Have had some experience of performing cranial ultra-sound

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Be able to make a likely diagnosis and initiate management of seizures	✓
Have experience of how bad news is communicated to parents	✓

Serious congenital abnormalities

Understand the underlying pathology
Understand the use of antenatal diagnosis and the role of fetal medicine
Be aware of surgical interventions
Understand the impact on parents of the birth of a baby with serious congenital abnormalities or potential disabilities and the ensuing
grief due to loss of the expected normal child
Understand the role of fetal medicine and interventions that are available
Be able to recognise serious abnormalities
Be able to initiate appropriate tests
Be able to respond to parents' immediate questions
Be able to diagnose common syndromes
Be able to refer appropriately to parent support groups and to community services before discharge
Be able to break bad news to parents

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Sepsis

Know the likely pathogens	
Understand the important of timely treatment	
Know about nosocomial infection	
Understand the importance of timely treatment, know the range of treatments and the likely pathogens	
Recognise early signs of sepsis and initiate therapy appropriately	
Practise effective infection control	
Anticipate early signs of sepsis and initiate appropriate anti-microbial therapy and supportive management	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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The dying baby

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Understand the ethical principles involved
Know about terminal care and bereavement counselling
Understand the ethical principles in withdrawing or withholding care from an infant
Be able to communicate sympathetically with parents
Begin to develop strategies to deal with personal stress and know when to look for support
Be able to communicate sympathetically with staff
Be able to deal with personal stress and know when to look for support

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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POSTNATAL WARD AND OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Jaundice

Understand the investigations that will differentiate between the causes of conjugated and unconjugated hyperbilirubinaemia
Know the appropriate management
Know how an exchange transfusion is performed
Know the investigations that will diagnose the causes of conjugated and unconjugated hyperbilirubinaemia
Know how and when to undertake an exchange transfusion
Be able to diagnose haemolytic jaundice
Be able to prescribe phototherapy appropriately
Recognise features which suggest serious pathology
Be able to manage haemolytic jaundice
Anticipate the need for an exchange transfusion appropriately
Be able to undertake a full exchange transfusion without supervision
Be able to investigate and manage prolonged neonatal jaundice appropriately

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Feeding

Understand the importance of breastfeeding
know the causes of feeding problems
Know the local policies on feeding
Be able to support and advise breastfeeding mothers
Be able to identify underlying pathology or failure to thrive
Be able to make appropriate recommendations to address feeding problems and faltering growth (failure to thrive)

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Infants of diabetic mothers

Understand the physiology
Know the likely complications
Know when admission to a neonatal unit is indicated
Be able to interpret blood glucose estimations
Be able to initiate appropriate management
Be able to anticipate problems early and manage appropriately

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Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Minor congenital abnormalities

Know the common diagnoses and the likely prognosis of minor congenital abnormalities
Know about common presentations of congenital cardiac disease
Know about common presentations of congenital cardiac disease and which need urgent action
Be able to advise parents appropriately
Recognise when referral to an appropriate specialist is needed

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
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Be able to ensure that referral to an appropriate specialist or service occurs

✓

Disordered development

Know the causes and natural history of conditions causing disordered development
Understand current theories about the pathophysiology of cerebral palsy
Understand the common complications of cerebral palsy and disordered development and how to access expert assessment and
management
Understand current theories about retinopathy of prematurity and sensori-neural hearing loss and how these conditions may be

Understand current theories about retinopathy of prematurity and sensori-neural hearing loss and how these conditions may be prevented

Be able to perform a developmental assessment

Be aware of the need for involvement of the multidisciplinary team

Understand the impact of developmental delay on families

Be able to perform a neurological assessment

Be able to make a timely and appropriate referral to the multidisciplinary team

Have seen examples of the effect of developmental difficulties on families

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Screening

Know the range of screening tests used including the newborn examination
Know about the universal Newborn Hearing Screening Programme
Understand the difference between a screening and a diagnostic test
Understand the investigations that will follow
Know about developmental dysplasia of the hip
Know about retinopathy and cataract screening
Know the management of developmental dysplasia of the hip
Be able to explain the implications of a screening test to parents
Order such tests appropriately
Be able to perform a newborn examination effectively (including heart, pulses, hips, palate and eyes for red reflex)
Be able to perform clinical screening tests
Be able to explain the difference between a screening test and a diagnostic test to parents

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Nephro-urology

GENERAL COMPETENCES

Have the knowledge and sk	ills to be able to assess and initiate management of patients presenting with nephro-urology problems in acute and
outpatient settings	
Be able to perform a reliabl	e and accurate assessment of fluid status and initiate appropriate fluid management
Have the knowledge and ur	nderstanding of fluid and electrolyte imbalance and blood pressure in children with kidney problems
Understand the principles of	of prescribing in children with renal disease
Recognise features in the p	resentation which suggest serious or significant pathology
Understand the role of diffe	erent renal imaging techniques including ultrasound, static and dynamic isotope scans in the investigation of urinary
tract disorders	
Understand the role of diffe	erent renal imaging techniques including ultrasound, static and dynamic isotone scans in the investigation of urinary

Understand the role of different renal imaging techniques including ultrasound, static and dynamic isotope scans in the investigation of urinary
tract disorders and recognise common abnormalities

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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ACUTE PRESENTATIONS

Nephrotic syndrome

Understand the complications of the nephrotic state
Understand the principles of the pharmacological, dietary and fluid management
Understand the investigations including the indication for renal biopsy
Be able to advise parents on the complications of steroid therapy
Assess features in the presentation which suggest serious or significant pathology
Be able to advise parents on long term management and complications of treatment

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Acute nephritis

Know the aetiology, pathophysiology and immunological basis of glomerulonephritides and vasculitides	
Understand the investigations that will differentiate between the causes	
Be aware of the range of immunosuppressive therapies that may be used in these conditions	
Know the features that are prognostically significant	
Know the range of immunosuppressive therapies that may be used in these conditions	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Acute renal failure

Know the causes of acute renal failure
Understand the investigations that may differentiate between these causes
Know the features of haemolytic uraemic syndrome
Understand the methods to correct fluid and biochemical abnormalities seen in renal failure
Know the indications for dialysis
Be able to assess and initiate management of life-threatening events e.g. hyperkalaemia

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Acute scrotal pain

Know the differential diagnosis of this symptom	
Be able to recognise the important causes of acute scrotal pain	
Be able to identify children who require urgent surgical referral	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Neonate with history of abnormal antenatal ultrasound of the renal tract

Understand the causes and management of antenatal hydronephrosis	
Know about the causes of echogenic or cystic kidneys	
Know about the inheritance patterns of renal abnormalities detected in fetal life	
Be able to recognise when to refer to a nephrologist or urologist	
Be able to give basic explanation of the problem, management and prognosis to parents ante- or post-natally	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Stones

Know the causes of stone formation
Be able to recognise presenting features
Be able to initiate management under supervision

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Voiding disorders including enuresis, dysuria, frequency and polyuria

Know both the physical and psychological causes of voiding disorders	
Understand the principles of investigation of urinary tract infection and management of vesico-ureteric reflux	
Understand the principles of managing enuresis	
Be aware of the association of genito-urinary symptoms with child sexual abuse	
Be able to take a detailed voiding history	
Be able to interpret common urine microscopic and culture findings	
Be able to identify relevant neurological problems	
Be able to investigate and manage within guidelines	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Haematuria and proteinuria

Know the causes of these signs	
Understand the investigations that will differentiate between the causes	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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✓	

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Know the indications for renal biopsy

✓

Urogenital abnormalities

Know when surgical referral is required for circumcision, impalpable testes, hyposadias or suspected urinary tract obstruction
Be able to examine the genitalia appropriately and with sensitivity
Recognise inflammatory or traumatic lesions

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Chronic renal failure

Know the causes and natural history of conditions causing chronic renal failure	
Understand the pathophysiology of bone disease, anaemia and growth failure	
Know about dialysis and transplantation	
Appreciate the impact of chronic renal failure in childhood and later adult life	
Identify growth and nutritional problems and use dietetic support effectively	

Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓

Tubular disorders

Know the range of presentations suggestive of an underlying renal tubular disorder
Know about the inheritance patterns of different tubular disorders

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Neurology and Neurodisability

GENERAL COMPETENCES

Have knowledge and understanding of the pathophysiology of common disorders affecting the nervous system		
Know and understand the common causes of disability		
Understand concepts of disability and what this means for the child and family Be able to take an accurate neurological and neuro-developmental history		
Know and understand the pathophysiology of the effects of prematurity		
Be able to perform a reliable assessment of neuro-developmental status at key stages, including the newborn period, the first year of life,		
nursery age, school entry and late primary education		
Be able to recognise a disabled child		
Have the knowledge and skills to be able to initiate management of children with neurological and neurodisabling conditions in acute		
settings and know when and whom to call for help		
Understand the life-threatening nature of acute neurological deterioration and when to call for help		
Be able to recognise, initiate diagnostic tests and outline the management of common disorders		
Understand the principles and use of neuro-radiological imaging		
Have a basic understanding and experience of neuro-physiological tests		
Understand the principles of prescribing and monitoring therapy		
Have experience of working with multi-disciplinary teams		
Understand the implications for families of children with neurological and neurodisabling conditions		
Understand the impact of developmental disorders on the life of child and family at different developmental stages		
Understand the need for a range of communication skills with disabled children, their families and other professionals		
Be able to work with families and professionals in the care of disabled children		
Be aware of local services		
Understand the need to work with other services outside neurology and neurodisability such as child protection, education, services for		
looked after children and adult services		
Develop a commitment to advocacy on behalf of disabled children and their families		
Be aware of how agencies work together to address how children with health and medical needs are managed at school		
Have worked on specific cases with multidisciplinary teams		
Have experience of a range of communication skills with disabled children, their families and other professionals		
Be aware of local services and how to access them		
Have experience of working with other services outside neurology and neurodisability such as child protection, education, services for		
looked after children and adult services		
Have experience of how agencies work together to address how children with health and medical needs are managed at school		
Have had experience of working in special schools		
Be aware of the role of the Designated Medical Officer to the Local Education Authority		
Be aware of the statutory requirement to notify children who may have special educational needs to the LEA and know how to do so		

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Be able to write SEN medical reports on simple cases	✓
Have experience of the local Special Educational Needs (SEN) panel	✓
Have experience of SEN annual reviews and transition planning	✓
Be able to distinguish simple developmental delay from developmental disorders and to manage simple cases	✓
Be able to recognise and come to a likely diagnosis of common developmental disorders such as cerebral palsy, dyspraxia, ADHD, specific	✓
learning difficulties and arrange timely and appropriate specialist assessment	
Know how equipment can be used to lessen the effects of disability and how to refer	✓
Know about and be prepared to find out about self-help and support groups for children and their families with conditions in their specialist	✓
area and be aware of the requirement to tell parents about these groups	
Be able to write reports on medical or developmental conditions for parents and non-clinical staff in education and elsewhere that are	✓
easily understood by the lay person, and that explain the implications of the condition and how it may impact on the child and his or her	
carers in non clinical settings	
Know about what benefits may be payable to the disabled child and/or carers and how they may be accessed	✓
Know about local respite facilities and how they may be accessed	√

Seizures

Know the common causes of seizures in newborn babies and children
Be aware of common epileptic syndromes
Understand the principles of initial and continuing anticonvulsant therapy in babies and children
Begin to understand the links between epilepsy and behaviour problems
Understand the place and principles of the EEG and neuro-imaging in investigation
Know about the long term implications of epilepsy
Know about common epileptic syndromes
Understand the links between epilepsy and behaviour problems
Know about the long term implications of epilepsy, including different epilepsy syndromes and the risk of learning difficulties, accident or
sudden death
Be able to initiate treatment for acute continuing seizures
Be able to form a differential diagnosis
Work effectively with the multidisciplinary team
Be able to refer to intensive care teams appropriately and maintain patient safety until that team takes over
Be able to decide initial and continuing anticonvulsant therapy in babies and children
Be able to advise parents about education and safety

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Fain	Faints and 'funny turns'		
Be able to form a differential diagnosis for faints and 'funny turns'			
	Understand the investigations that may differentiate between these causes		
	Be able to initiate the investigations that may differentiate between these causes		
	Be able to make a likely diagnosis		

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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Be able to explain likely diagnoses to parents

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Assess and initiate management of raised intra-cranial pressure

Curriculum for Paediatric Respiratory Medicine		
Acute focal neurological signs	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
Understand the implications of acute focal neurological signs	<i></i>	
Understand the principles of investigation	✓	
Be able to demonstrate the signs	✓	
Begin to gain experience of interpretation of CT and MRI scans	✓	
Have experience of how diagnoses are given to parents	✓	
Be able to interpret the signs		✓
Have experience of interpretation of CT and MRI scans		✓
Be able to initiate consultation to give diagnoses to parents		✓
Ataxia, clumsiness and abnormal movement patterns	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
Know the common possible causes of ataxia, clumsiness and abnormal movement patterns	✓ ✓	2010: 2 (0.1.0)
Know the indications for investigations	✓	
Be able to recognise the signs	✓	
Recognise which urgent investigations are needed	√	
Hypotonia, neuropathies and myopathies	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
Know the common possible causes of hypotonia, neuropathies and myopathies	√	
Know about the relevant neurophysiological and metabolic investigations	✓	
Be able to demonstrate the signs	√	
Be able to form a likely differential diagnosis	√	
Be able to elicit and interpret the signs		√
Be able to initiate appropriate tests		✓
Meningism and altered consciousness	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
Know the likely causes or pathogens of meningism and altered consciousness	,	· ·
Understand the principles of treatment	✓	
Know about prophylactic therapy for contacts of meningitis	✓	
Know when it is safe to perform a lumbar puncture	✓	
Know the principles of brain stem death	✓	
Recognise early signs of meningitis and encephalitis	✓	
Use a validated coma score	✓	
Recognise signs and implications of raised intra-cranial pressure	✓	
Initiate therapy appropriately	✓	
Call for help promptly	✓	
Recognise the need for urgent referral to audiology specialists after bacterial meningitis	✓	
Assess and manage early presentations of meningitis and encephalitis		✓
Use a validated coma score		✓

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Neural tube defects and other congenital abnormalities

	Know about antenatal diagnosis of neural tube defects and other congenital abnormalities
Know about the ethical principles involved in management decisions	
	Know about antenatal diagnosis of neural tube defects, other congenital abnormalities and their prevention

Do able to recognise syndromes

Be able to recognise syndromes

Be able to communicate sympathetically with parents

Be able to recognise the signs and symptoms of blocked shunts

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
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	✓

Trauma to central and peripheral nervous systems

Be aware of the implications of severe head injury and the possibilities for rehabilitation

Know about other neurological trauma such as brachial plexus injury

Be aware of acute management and need to transfer appropriately

Recognise the place of occupational and physiotherapy

Be able to lead initial acute management and transfer appropriately

Work effectively with the multidisciplinary team to manage the medium and longer term applications and rehabilitation

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
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	✓
	✓

Fever or illness in a child with complex disabilities

Be aware of range of diagnostic possibilities, including chest infection, aspiration, gastro-oesophageal reflux, oesophagitis, constipation, hip and joint problems, dental problems etc

Know when and where to get help

Be able to assess child with complex disabilities who is unwell

Be able to recognise important indicators of specific conditions

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
	✓
✓	
✓	

COMMUNITY AND OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Neuro-developmental regression

Be familiar with the main investigations that will differentiate between the causes of neuro-developmental regression and how to access further expert help

Understand the implications

Be able to assess development

Be able to recognise regression of developmental skills and refer appropriately for investigation

Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓

Disordered development

Understand the common causes of disability, disordered development, and learning difficulties

Know about the current theories on the pathophysiology of cerebral palsy

Know about common secondary disabilities

Understand the complications of cerebral palsy and disordered development

Know about common secondary disabilities and co-morbidities

Be aware of the work of the child development team or centre

Have experience of working with the child development team or centre

Recognise common causes of disordered development, manage simple problems and refer complex difficulties appropriately for specialist investigation and treatment

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
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	✓

Speech and language delay including hearing loss	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
Know the common causes	✓	
Be aware of the support available for hearing impaired children	✓	
Be aware of the importance of hearing assessment in children	✓	
Know about multi disciplinary investigation and therapy for those with more complex disorders		✓
Know the risk factors for sensineural hearing impairment		✓
Know the principles of hearing testing at all ages		✓
Know the support available for hearing impaired children		✓

Know how to communicate with a hearing impaired child or language disordered child including the child with autism		
Understand the importance of hearing assessment in children with speech and language problems and autistic spectrum disorders		
Recognise when referral to a specialist is needed		

Recognise the	need for referral to audiology specialists or to an ENT surgeor	n

Be able to distinguish simple phonological delay from more significant disorders

Be able to recognise abnormal speech and language patterns

Recognise the need for referral to audiology specialists or to an ENT surgeon

Recognise autistic features in disordered developmental assessments and know how to refer appropriately

Conductive hearing loss

Know the common causes	
Be aware of the principles of hearing tests at various ages	
Know the principles of hearing testing at various ages and of management of hearing impairment	
Begin to have experience of hearing tests at various ages	
Be able to recognise when further assessment is required and how to assess it	

Sensorineural hearing loss

Know about the common causes	
Be able to recognise when further assessment is required and how to access it, including investigations that may be appropriate	
Be aware of the principles of management, including cochlear implantation and educational approaches to sensorineural hearing loss	
Experience how to communicate with a child with sensorineural hearing loss	
Be able to recognise syndromes and situations where sensorineural hearing loss is likely to occur	
Be aware of the assessment of sensorineural hearing loss	
Be able to communicate with the child with sensorineural hearing loss	

Weakness

Know the possible causes	
Know the possible causes of weakness and patterns of presentation	
Be able to take a relevant history	
Be able to elicit and interpret appropriate signs	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
	✓
✓	
	✓

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
	✓
	✓
✓	
	✓
	✓
	√

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
	✓
	✓
	✓

Abnormal head size and shape

Be aware of the common causes of hydrocephalus, macrocephaly and microcephaly	
Know how to recognise abnormal head shapes and to differentiate between serious and non serious causes	
Know the common causes of hydrocephalus, macrocephaly and microcephaly	
Be able to plot and interpret a head growth chart	
Be ale to reach a likely diagnosis and initiate investigations for abnormal head growth	
Know about the insertion and ongoing management of ventricular-peritoneal shunts	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
√	
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

Headache

Be aware of the possible biological, psychological and social factors that can contribute to headache
Know the possible biological, psychological and social factors that can contribute to headache
Be able to recognise when headache may indicate serious illness
Be able to recognise when headache may indicate serious illness and arrange prompt investigations
Be able to initiate appropriate investigations and treatment

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
	✓
✓	
	✓
	✓

Problems of language, vision and hearing

ichis of language, vision and nearing
Be aware of the principles of testing
Know about the principles of testing
Understand the common causes of sensory impairment, the various tests available and when they are appropriate
Recognise when to refer for further assessment
Be able to identify infants and children at risk of language, hearing or visual impairment
Be able to recognise when sensory impairment may contribute to developmental difficulties and to refer appropriately for
further assessment

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)	
✓		
	✓	
	✓	
✓		
	✓	
	✓	

Specific learning difficulties

Be aware how specific learning difficulties present at school
Understand how specific learning difficulties present at school
Recognise when to refer for further assessment
Be able to identify when specific learning difficulties might be present and how to refer appropriately for self-assessment

Level 1 (ST1-3) Level 2 (ST4-5)	
✓	
✓	

Ophthalmology

GENERAL COMPETENCES

GENERAL COMPETENCES		
	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
Be able to examine the eye and recognise those abnormalities which require urgent referral or treatment	✓	
Be able to take a relevant history for a child with suspected visual impairment	✓	
Be able to use an ophthalmoscope to recognise an abnormal fundus and lens opacity	✓	
Know the principles of visual acuity testing at various ages	✓	
Be able to test for colour vision	✓	
Understand the microbiology and treatments for common eye infections including orbital cellulitis	✓	
Know about the eye manifestations of common genetic and systemic diseases	✓	
Recognise and interpret abnormal eye movements	✓	
Know about support at school and other resources for children with visual impairments	✓	
Be able to undertake visual acuity testing at various ages		✓
Patient presenting with a red eye	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
Know the common causes of red eye	✓	
Be able to identify children who need referral	✓	
Be able to initiate investigations and manage appropriately	✓	
Patient presenting with a possible squint	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
Know the causes of acute onset and the congenital causes of a squint	✓	
Be able to recognise abnormal alignment of the eyes and examine corneal reflexes	✓	
Know how to refer appropriately		✓
Ptosis	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
Know about the congenital and acquired causes of ptosis	V	,
Know about the Tensilon test	✓	
Know how to undertake the Tensilon test		✓
Proptosis	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
Know the common causes of proptosis	✓	
Be able to initiate appropriate investigations	✓	
Be able to examines for signs of relevant systemic disease	✓	
Abnormal movement	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
Know the ocular and neurological causes of benign abnormal eye movements	√	, ,
Know about the implications of nystagmus and refer appropriately for further visual assessment		
Be able to interpret clinical findings correctly	✓	
Be able to undertake a full neurological examination where appropriate	✓	

Abnormal fundus

Know the normal appearance of the retina
Know the value of fundal examination in suspected child abuse cases and certain developmental syndromes
Be able to identify papilloedema, abnormal vessels and pigmentation
Be able to identify haemorrhage

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
	✓
✓	
√	

Visual impairment

Know the common and preventable causes of visual impairment	
Know about the investigations that might be used to find a cause	
Know about the specific developmental patterns that occur in the child with visual impairment	
Know about educational approaches to the child with visual impairment	
Be able to recognise congenital cataract and refer urgently for further management	
Have experience of assessment of the child with suspected visual impairment	

Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓
✓
✓
✓
✓
V

Palliative Care

GENERAL COMPETENCES

Be familiar with local and national guidelines on withdrawing and withholding treatment
Be familiar with guidelines on the management of sudden infant death
Be aware of legal and ethical issues relating to withdrawing life support
Recognise factors which determine when care of a patient becomes palliative
Know when the importance of seeking advice when treatment may not be in the best interests of a child
Know about appropriate therapeutic intervention in symptom control
Be aware of the ethical issues in therapeutic intervention in children with life-limiting conditions
Know about local opportunities for respite care, including hospice availability
Know the tests for brain stem death
Recognise loss and grief and their effects on the health and well-being of children, families and professionals
Be aware of local bereavement support services
Recognise the skills and experience of other professionals, acknowledge personal needs for support and the needs of
other professionals involved in the care of the dying child for support networks
Understand the need for respect of the wishes of the child or your person particularly when these are different from those
of the family and health professionals
Know about guidelines on the management of sudden infant death, including the RCPCH Kennedy report
Know about the broad definition of palliative care in childhood
Recognise factors which determine when care of a patient becomes palliative

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
	✓
	✓
	✓

Respiratory Medicine with Ear, Nose and Throat

GENERAL COMPETENCES

GLI	THAL COMIT ET ETCLS		
		Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	Have the knowledge and skills to be able to assess and initiate management of patients presenting with respiratory		✓
	problems in acute and outpatient settings		
	Have the knowledge and understanding of factors relating to long term management of chronic respiratory problems		✓
	Understand the life threatening nature of some of these conditions and when to call for help		✓
	Recognise factors which suggest underlying or serious pathology		✓
ACU	TE PRESENTATIONS		
Sore	throat and/or mouth	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	Know the causes of these complaints	✓	
	Know appropriate therapies	✓	
	Be able to manage these conditions		✓
	Recognise features in the presentation which suggest serious pathology		✓
Nose	bleeds	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	Know the common causes of nose bleeds	√	
	Recognise those with underlying pathology		✓
Snor	Snoring and obstructive sleep apnoea		Level 2 (ST4-5)
	Know the causes of snoring	✓	
	Be aware of complications of this presentation	✓	
	Understand the indications for sleep studies	✓	
	Recognise when referral to an ENT surgeon is appropriate	✓	
	Be able to refer appropriately to an ENT surgeon		✓
Eara	che	Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	Know the common causes and complications	✓	
	Know the risk factors for otitis media with effusion	✓	
	Understand the vulnerability of children with cleft palate	✓	
	Recognise an abnormal ear drum	✓	
	Recognise when to treat with antibiotics	✓	
	Recognise when to refer to audiology specialists or an ENT surgeon	✓	
	Be able to manage this condition		✓

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Acute stridor

Be able to treat with antibiotics where appropriate

Understand the potentially life-threatening nature of this condition

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Level 2 (ST4-5)

Level 1 (ST1-3)

Curriculum for Paediatric Respiratory Medicine

	Know about allergic and infective causes e.g. epiglottis, laryngotracheitis, retropharyngeal abscess, and foreign body	
Recognise when to request help from a senior colleague		
	Recognise children with existing chronic upper airway problems	
	Be able to manage this condition	

Acute severe asthma

Be	Be familiar with the British Thoracic Society guidelines for management	
Be able to assess the severity of an asthma attack		
Be	Be able to institute appropriate emergency treatment	
Red	Recognise when more senior help is needed	
Be	Be able to lead treatment of severe asthma and review ongoing treatment before discharge	

Lower respiratory tract infection (including pneumonia and bronchiolitis)

Be familiar with the causes of respiratory tract infections
Know appropriate therapies
Be familiar with indicators of severity
Know the causes of respiratory tract infections
Know indicators of severity
Be able to initiate appropriate therapies
Be able to recognise patients requiring intensive care
Be able to recognise complications e.g. empyema
Be able to manage these infections
Be able to recognise complications e.g. empyema and manage appropriately

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	
	✓
	✓
✓	
✓	
✓	
	✓
	✓

Respiratory failure

Know the indications for ventilation	
Be aware of the agreed resuscitation plans for individual patients	
Initiate urgent assessment and treatment including assisted ventilation	
Liaise with more senior paediatricians, anaesthetists and intensivists when appropriate	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Cervical lymphadenopathy

Know the causes of cervical lymphadenopathy
Recognise when investigation and surgical intervention is needed

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
,	, ,
✓	
✓	
Lovel 1 (CT1 2)	Lovel 2 (CT4 E)
Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
/	

Chronic stridor

Know the causes of chronic stridor	
Recognise when and how to investigate	

Asthma

Be familiar with the British Thoracic Society guidelines for management of asthma	
Know about the patterns of asthma and contributing factors	
Know about the complications of long-term use of medications for asthma	
Institute age-appropriate individualised management plan for asthma	
Teach children how to use a peak flow meter and diary	
Teach and assess inhaler technique	
Be able to modify an asthma management plan appropriately	
Be aware of what needs to be done to ensure the child has access to emergency treatment at school and other settings	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
✓	
	√
	✓

Recurrent or chronic chestiness

Know the respiratory and non-respiratory causes, including chronic aspiration, of recurrent or chronic chestiness	
Know about predisposing conditions such as neuromuscular and skeletal disorders	
Know about predisposing conditions such as neuromuscular and skeletal disorders and immunodeficiency	
Be aware of the role of bronchoscopy, pH studies and video-fluoroscopy	
Know about the role of bronchoscopy, pH studies and video-fluoroscopy	
Recognise features in the presentation which suggest serious or unusual pathology e.g. atypical presentations of cystic	
fibrosis	
Know how to perform and interpret basic lung function tests	

Level 2 (ST4-5)
√
✓
√
✓

Cystic fibrosis

Know and understand the pathophysiology and natural history of cystic fibrosis
Understand the principles of treatment
Understand the diagnostic tests available
Work with a multi-disciplinary team, particularly physiotherapy and dieticians

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓	
✓	
	✓
✓	

Safeguarding

ACUTE PRESENTATIONS

Physical Injury

· ·
Know how to assess in relation to history, developmental stage and ability
Know appropriate investigations when child abuse is a possibility e.g. skeletal survey when appropriate
Be aware of the impossibility of dating bruising
Be able to initiate appropriate investigations
Be able to recognise new and old fractures on an X-ray
Be able to initiate a multi-disciplinary investigation with a more experienced colleague

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

Head Injury

Know about acute and chronic presentations of subdural haemorrhage	
Know that his may cause symptoms mistaken as having a metabolic or infective cause in an infant	
Know the appropriate investigations and involvement of other disciplines e.g. ophthalmology, radiology	
Know that retinal haemorrhages may be difficult to detect	
Know that, when there is suspicion of non-accidental head injury, an ophthalmologist should be involved	
Be able to perform fundoscopy and recognise retinal haemorrhage	
Be able to initiate emergency management and urgent investigations	
Be able to co-operate in multi-disciplinary and multi-agency working	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

Vaginal or Rectal Bleeding

Know that sexual abuse forms part of the differential diagnosis
Know when an expert genital examination is needed and the role of colposcopy as part of that
Know about the risk of acquired sexually transmitted infections
Be able to refer to a colleague experienced in examination for sexual abuse

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

Self -harm

Recognise this as an expression of distress, acute or long-term
Recognise repeated self-harm as indicating serious emotional distress
Be able to refer to the CAMHS team

Level 2 (ST4-5)
✓
✓
✓

Apnoeic episodes as an infant

Be aware of this as a possible presentation of imposed airway obstruction and know the indicators that this maybe the case
Understand the life-threatening nature of imposed airway obstruction
Refer promptly to an experienced colleague for help

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	✓
	✓

OUTPATIENT PRESENTATIONS

Fa	ltering	growth
ı a	iteiiig	giowuii

Be aware of the high incidence of a non-organic cause
Be able to instigate appropriate investigations
Be able to institute multi-agency involvement with the help of an experienced colleague

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	✓
	✓

Soiling/Wetting

Know that this can be a presentation of emotional abuse or neglect sometimes in association with other forms of abuse,
including sexual abuse

Know the other physical, psychological or maturational problems leading to soiling and wetting

Be able, with appropriate history and observations, to elucidate factors within the child's life that may be causing these problems

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	\checkmark
	✓

Vaginal Discharge

Know that this may be a presentation of sexual abuse	
Know when an expert genital examination is needed and the role of colposcopy as part of that	
Know about the many other causes of vaginal discharge	
Know when to consult with a senior colleague experienced in sexual abuse when there is any question of this	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

Behavioural Change

Know the association of this with abuse, including emotional abuse, neglect and sexual abuse	
Be able to take a history to elucidate social and emotional factors that maybe involved	
Be able to seek the help of a senior colleague	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	✓
	✓

Repeated or bizarre physical symptoms

Know the possible signs of factitious and induced illness	
Know how to recognise the over-anxious parent	
Know the pathways to gather medical, educational and social information on the child	
Be able to refer to a senior experiences colleague	

Level 1 (ST1-3)	Level 2 (ST4-5)
	✓
	✓
	✓
	✓

Patient Safety

Patient safety is embedded throughout the competency framework and included within assessments. Patient safety is an inherent part of the role of the paediatrician in ensuring the health and well-being of children, their parents, families and cares, to themselves and the healthcare team around them. Patient safety can be found more explicitly under the sections on; safeguarding, procedures, prescribing, carrying out audits and standard setting as well as probity.

Medical Leadership Framework

The Medical Leadership Framework is embedded throughout the competency framework and its associated assessment system. The assessment strategy allows for the elements of Medical Leadership Framework to be assessed by using the existing tools. Whilst many of the competences can be found under the assessment standards 29-33, competences can be found within other assessment standard. The mapping document is available on the college website. The Medical Leadership Framework can be addressed within many learning opportunities e.g. involvement in rota management, involvement in departmental inductions, guideline development, audits that lead to implementation and the evaluation of change, supervision and supporting of colleagues, attending and contributing to meetings.

Curriculum for Paediatric Respiratory Medicine

SECTION 5 Assessments

About Assessments

Reassuring the individual, the profession and the public, as well as employers and regulatory bodies that a trainee is fit to practise.

The educational purposes for the assessment system are:

To support learning and progression across the curriculum and

To assess the level of competence achieved at different stages in that progression

The content of the assessment system grew from the curriculum and the learning objectives it set out. These can be generic, specialty-specific and/or specific to sub-specialties. For example all trainees will be expected to engage their patients effectively in consultations, whilst paediatric trainees have a particular responsibility to be able to work effectively in triadic consultations. The assessment system therefore consists of a range of instruments designed to support learning and assessment in these different areas of work in paediatrics, which, in turn were mapped to Good Medical Practice and then the GMC domains.

The table of categories of assessments developed by the AoRMC, PMETB and MMC (developing and maintaining an assessment system – A PMETB guide to good practice January 2007 Appendix 3 p.42) proved useful in informing the thinking about the initial development of a range of standards and instruments derived from and reflecting the different areas of content in the curriculum.

The assessment system is to be used to reassure the trainee and provide the trainee with feedback about their own knowledge, skills and attitudes and the opportunity to show progression and development through their training programme. In order to achieve this, all areas of the training curriculum need to be sampled and assessed in the most appropriate ways, according to the nature of the knowledge or skill being assessed. The purpose of the individual assessment instruments within the system will therefore vary.

The assessment system consists of

i) MRCPCH examination

- The MRCPCH examination is taken in stages, namely Parts 1A, 1B, Part 2 Written Examination and Clinical Examination. Completion of all the parts will be essential for the award of MRCPCH and progression in training in paediatrics beyond Level 1 (see later).
- The MRCPCH Part 1 is a written examination in two parts 1A and 1B. Part 1A will be taken by both those trainees intending to progress to the Diploma in Child Health Clinical Examination and by those intending to progress to completion of MRCPCH. Both papers 1A and 1B consist of multiple true/false questions, 'best of five' questions and 'extended matching' questions.
- Part 1A focuses on basic areas of child health and on the conditions that are likely to be seen in 6 to 12 months of hospital, community or primary care practice. Areas of competence such as Good Clinical Care are covered in this examination, and assessments will be principally tests of knowledge and the application of knowledge.

- Part 1B focuses on knowledge and understanding of basic science fundamental to the practice of paediatrics and child health, and on problem-solving skills not tested in Part 1A.
- MRCPCH examination Part 2 is a written examination which tests the application of clinical and scientific knowledge, clinical judgement, case management including diagnosis, investigation, and care planning, clinical prioritisation and ethical practice. The examination consists of questions in the format of 'best of' list, choose 'n' from many, and 'extended matching' on photographic material, data interpretation and case histories.

TABLE 1

	Level 1 training*			Level 2 training		Level 3 training		
	ST1	ST2	ST3	ST4	ST5	ST6	ST7	ST8
PaedMini CeX	6	6	6	4	4	4	4	4
Paed CbD	4	4	4	8	8	6	6	6
MSF (ePaedMSF)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
DOPS	1 satisfactory assessment for each procedure (see Appendix)			1 satisfactory assessment for each procedure (see Appendix)		1 satisfactory assessment for each procedure (see Appendix)		
SAIL	None	None	None	5 letters		5 letters		
ePaedCCF (formerly SHEFFPAT)	None	None	None	None	None	1 assessment		
MRCPCH pt1	desirable	essential						
MRCPCH		desirable	essential					
Portfolio review	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	1	(1)
Trainers report	1	1	(1)	1	(1)	1	1	(1)

^{*} trainees must also complete accredited neonatal and paediatric life support training during Level 1 Training

- The MRCPCH Clinical Examination is a 10 station clinical circuit with a history-taking station, 2 communication stations, 6 clinical examination stations and 1 video station (enabling assessment of diagnostic and management skills related to acute cases). This clinical examination aims to assess the trainee's skills and ability in
 - history-taking and management planning
 - clinical examination and detection of the presence or absence of physical signs
 - o diagnosis and prioritisation of problems
 - o emergency management
 - o child development
 - o communication with child and parent in consultations
 - clinical practice in an ethical framework

Table 1 – Minimum no. of assessments required

ii) Assessment of performance

a. ePAED MSF (multisource feedback)

The Sheffield Peer Review Assessment Tool, originally validated for use in paediatrics (Archer 2005), has been adapted to each level of training and is now available electronically (ePaed MSF). This instrument is invaluable for assessing a trainee's performance over time, in everyday practice.

b. MiniCex

(Holmboe 2003,2004 & Norcini 2005). The instrument developed for use in Foundation has been modified to map to paediatric assessment standards. The instrument enables us to assess trainees in real patient encounters.

c. CbD

(Davies 2005 & Davies 2005). The instrument developed for use in Foundation has been modified to map to paediatric assessment standards. This instrument is particularly valuable for the assessment it offers of a trainee's clinical reasoning skills and the ability to bring an analytical approach to diagnosis and management of paediatric conditions.

d. SAIL

Sheffield Assessment Instrument for Letters (SAIL) has been developed and validated for use in paediatrics (Crossley 2001 Fox 2004). The instrument assesses a trainee's competence in written communications in everyday practice, over time.

e. Paed CCF

(Originally SHEFFPAT) has been developed and validated for paediatrics and seeks the views of parents and guardians about the care of their child.

f. DOPs

Specific instruments had not been developed for paediatrics but those developed for Foundation were considered appropriate to assess most practical procedures and a range of practical procedures have been identified for assessment.

iii) Portfolio Review

Trainees are expected to maintain evidence of their progression in a portfolio. This will be reviewed by their educational supervisor prior to the completion of a structured report and will contribute to the overall assessment. The portfolio, although not an assessment instrument itself will underpin learning from the new curriculum and act as a platform for trainers and trainees to manage various elements of professional development, demonstrate curriculum coverage and assessments required. The portfolio will contain:

- Educational supervision documentation
- Professional development plan
- Reflective entries
- Skills log
- Record of training events
- Assessment reports
- Trainer reports
- Teaching resources
- Audits
- Clinical governance

Annual Review of Competency Progression (ARCP)

Purpose

The ARCP is a formal process that looks at the evidence gathered by the trainee that relates to their achievement of the competencies laid out in the curriculum and their progression. It will allow all stakeholders to be assured that the curriculum is being covered and its assessment strategy is being achieved at a suitable rate of progression and that the experiences of the trainee have allowed for the acquisition of the competences. It also allows for a formal summary of the trainee's progression to be recorded leading to the final ARCP that confirms the attainment of the complete curriculum and assessments, supporting the PG Dean in recommending to the RCPCH the award of CCT.

Role of Trainee

The trainee must ensure that all relevant paperwork is provided on time and that their e-portfolio is kept up to date with relevant records of training, reflective notes, workplace-based assessments, exam results and their own teaching and training resources.

Role of Educational Supervisor

The educational supervisor must supply a trainer's report that details how the trainee has progressed over the year and areas of the curriculum and assessment that has been achieved, relating it to the development plan of the trainee and the college guidance of suitable evidence of progression by triangulating all the evidence provided by the trainee e.g. completion of MRCPCH, workplace based assessments, e-portfolio contributions (teaching, reflection, audits, quality improvement)

Role of the ARCP panel

The ARCP panel reviews all the evidence provided to ensure the trainee is ready to progress. If the trainee is successful i.e. Outcome 1 the then Panel must complete the relevant documents to ensure records of training are held to support the trainees' final CCT application.

The panel will discuss any additional training needs of an individual trainee with the Postgraduate Dean to allow for successful progression, feedback to the educational supervisor on the quality of the trainer's report and gain feedback on the training that is being delivered.

Role of External Advisor

To sample a number of ARCP decisions to ensure consistency in approach and decision-making and provide a report to the Head of School and the College. To highlight to the panel and discrepancies and be a source of advice if there are concerns or clarification needed.

Appeals

Appeals against assessments and ARCPs must follow local procedures within the School and the Deanery.

For further advice see the Gold Guide (http://www.mmc.nhs.uk/pdf/Gold%20Guide%202009%20-%20Third%20edition%20v1.pdf)

Assessment Standards for Levels 1, 2 and 3 $\,$

The trainee will demonstrate:

GMC Framework	Standard	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Knowledge, skill and performance	1	an understanding of the roles and responsibilities of paediatricians	a commitment in their practice to the roles and responsibilities of paediatricians	a commitment to advocate for the individual child in her/his particular context
Knowledge, skill and performance	2	effective responses to challenge, complexity and stress in paediatrics	increasing credibility and independence in response to challenge and stress in paediatrics	responsibility for an effective response to complex challenges and stress in paediatrics
Knowledge, skill and performance	3	advanced neonatal and paediatric life support skills	leadership skills in advanced neonatal and paediatric life support	effective responses to life- threatening situations and to unpredictability in paediatric clinical situations
Knowledge, skill and performance	4	effective skills in three-way consultation and examination	responsibility for an effective three-way consultation and examination	responsibility for an analytic and focused three-way consultation and examination
Knowledge, skill and performance	5	effective skills in paediatric assessment	responsibility for conducting effective paediatric assessments and interpreting findings appropriately	commitment to focussed and analytic assessments of common and complex clinical problems in paediatrics
Knowledge, skill and performance	6	skills in formulating an appropriate differential diagnosis in paediatrics	improving skills in formulating an appropriate differential diagnosis in paediatrics	effective skills in making a safe decision about the 'most likely' diagnosis in paediatrics
Knowledge, skill and performance	7	effective initial management of ill-health and clinical conditions in paediatrics seeking additional advice and opinion as appropriate (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 1 in Paediatrics)	responsibility for the effective management of common acute and chronic conditions in paediatrics seeking additional advice and opinion as appropriate (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 2 in Paediatrics)	leadership skills in the management of common and complex conditions in general paediatrics and paediatric subspecialities seeking additional advice and opinion as appropriate (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 3 in General Paediatrics and the Paediatric sub-specialties)
Knowledge, skill and performance	8	knowledge, understanding and recognition of common behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families	effective skills in recognising and responding to behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families	effective skills in ensuring the management of behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families
Knowledge, skill and performance	9	safe practical skills in paediatrics	effective skills in performing and supervising common practical procedures in paediatrics, ensuring patient safety	expertise in a range of practical procedures in paediatrics specific to general and sub-specialist training
Knowledge, skill and performance	10	clear record-keeping and report-writing	improving skills in written communications for a range of audiences	effective skills in written communications for a range of audiences, for children and their families, colleagues and other organisations
Knowledge, skill and performance	11	reliable responses to investigations in paediatrics	effective leadership skills in undertaking initial investigations in children, based on an understanding of the risks and benefits in each case	effective collaboration with other specialists in using and interpreting complex investigations undertaken in children

Knowledge, skill and performance	12	knowledge and skills in safe prescribing of common drugs in paediatrics	improving skills in safe prescribing in paediatrics and in advising others appropriately	responsibility for safe prescribing in paediatrics in common and complex situations and for the supervision of others
Knowledge, skill and performance Safety and Quality	13	an understanding of safeguarding and vulnerability in paediatrics	effective skills in the assessment of cases of suspected safeguarding issues and in contributing to their management	effective skills in advising other agencies in safeguarding cases
Knowledge, skill and performance	14	knowledge of the science- base for paediatrics (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 1 in Paediatrics)	sound knowledge of the science- base for paediatrics (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 2 in Paediatrics)	detailed, up-to-date knowledge of the science-base for general paediatrics or a paediatric sub-specialty (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 3 in General Paediatrics and the sub-specialties)
Knowledge, skill and performance	15	knowledge of common and serious paediatric conditions and their management	extended knowledge of common and serious paediatric conditions and their management	detailed knowledge of common and serious paediatric conditions and their management in General Paediatrics or in a Paediatric sub-speciality
Knowledge, skill and performance	16	an understanding of growth, development, health and well-being in paediatrics	effective skills in the assessment and management of children and young people with normal and abnormal growth and development	effective skills in recognising and responding effectively to disordered growth and development of any kind in paediatrics
Knowledge, skill and performance Safety and Quality	17	an understanding of health promotion and public health issues in paediatrics	a commitment to health promotion activities for children and their families	involvement in health promotion activities specific to general paediatrics or a paediatric sub-specialty
Knowledge, skill and performance Safety and Quality	18	an understanding of an evidence-based approach to paediatric practice	development and refinement of evidence-based clinical guidelines in paediatrics	independent thinking to enable them to challenge guidelines and procedures in paediatrics where appropriate
Knowledge, skill and performance Safety and Quality	19	an understanding of clinical governance activities and audit in paediatric practice	participation in clinical governance activities and audit in paediatric practise	an application of risk assessment strategies through involvement in the development, evaluation and implementation of policy and clinical governance activities in paediatric practice
Knowledge, skill and performance Safety and Quality	20	a reflective approach to improvement of professional practice as a paediatrician	a commitment to reflective practice and continuing improvement of practice as a paediatrician	effective skills to maintain and develop knowledge and clinical skills required of a specialist in paediatrics
Knowledge, skill and performance Communication, partnership and teamwork Maintaining trust	21	an understanding of equality and diversity in paediatric practice	a commitment to an open- minded approach to equality and diversity in their role as a paediatrician	responsibility for ensuring an open-minded approach to equality and diversity in the paediatric team
Knowledge, skill and performance	22	knowledge of the law regarding paediatric practice	knowledge of the law regarding death, data protection, confidentiality and consent in paediatrics	detailed knowledge of the law regarding death, data protection, confidentiality and consent in paediatrics
Knowledge, skill and performance Safety and Quality	23	an understanding of effective teaching in paediatrics	skills in effective teaching in paediatrics	a commitment to effective teaching and training of colleagues working in different contexts in the care of children and young people

Cnowledge, skill and performance Communication, partnership and eamwork Safety and Quality		a positive approach to receiving mentoring and educational supervision	a commitment to providing positive experiences of mentoring and educational supervision	effective skills in the training, supervision and assessment o a wide range of colleagues working in the care of children and young people	
Knowledge, skill and performance	25	an understanding of the need for an ethical and rigorous approach to research in paediatrics	an understanding of research methods and methodology and an involvement in research activities and publications	understanding and application of complex methodological approaches in research in paediatrics	
Communication, partnership and teamwork Maintaining trust	26	an understanding of effective communication and interpersonal skills with children of all ages	a commitment to effective communication and interpersonal skills with children of all ages	effective strategies to engage children in consultations and ir the management of their care	
Communication, partnership and teamwork Maintaining trust	27	empathy and sensitivity and skills in engaging the trust of and consent from children and their families	improving skills in building relationships of trust with children and their families	effective skills in conveying and discussing difficult information, including death and bereavement, with young people and their families	
Communication, partnership and teamwork Maintaining trust	28	understanding of listening skills and basic skills in giving information and advice to young people and their families	increasing confidence in giving advice to young people and their families	effective skills in giving information and advice to young people and their families in common and complex cases	
Communication, partnership and teamwork	29	effective communication and interpersonal skills with colleagues	skills in ensuring effective relationships with and between colleagues	positive and constructive relationships within teams of colleagues from a wide range of professional contexts	
Communication, partnership and teamwork	30	professional respect for the contribution of colleagues in a range of roles in paediatric practice	increasing confidence in team- work and the ability to collaborate with a range of external agencies about the needs of children	a commitment to effective multi-agency and multi- disciplinary team-working for the care of children	
Communication, partnership and teamwork	31	effective time-management skills	effective leadership and management skills in clinical and non-clinical settings	effective managerial skills in taking on a positive managerial role to support effective service provision	
Knowledge, skill and performance Safety and Quality Communication, partnership and teamwork	32	effective handover, referral and discharge procedures in paediatrics	effective skills in ensuring handover, referral and discharge procedures in paediatrics	effective leadership skills in the organisation of paediatric team-working and effective handover	
Communication, partnership and teamwork Safety and Quality	33	an understanding of the effects of local, national and international policies on their work and on the health of children	experience and understanding of working within international, national and local legal and health structures and organisations involved in the care of children	effective skills in promoting clinical practice through engagement with local, national and international organisations involved in the care of children	
Maintaining trust Safety and Quality	34	ethical personal and professional practice	sound ethical personal and professional practice	exemplary professional and personal conduct so as to act as a role model to others	
Maintaining trust	35	reliability and responsibility in ensuring their accessibility to colleagues and patients and their families	continued responsibility for their reliability and accessibility to colleagues, patients and their families	responsibility for ensuring their own reliability and accessibility and that of others in the team	
Maintaining trust, Safety and Quality	36	an understanding of the importance of self-awareness and a responsible approach to personal health, stress and well-being	a consistently responsible approach to personal health, stress and well-being	effective skills in ensuring their own responsible approach to personal health, stress and well-being and that of others	

Assessment Blueprint

Assessment Standards: Blueprints for Level 1

Standards	By the end of Level 1 training, trainees will demonstrate:	Part 1A & 1B	Part 2 Written	Part 2 Clinical	E-PAED MSF	СБО	MiniCeX	DOPS	Portfolio	Others to be developed	Comment
The duties of	of a doctor			'	'			Knov	vledge, S	kills and P	erformance
1	an understanding of the roles and responsibilities of paediatricians			√	√						
Good clinica	al care							Knov	vledge, S	kills and P	erformance
2	effective responses to challenge, complexity and stress in paediatrics			√	√	√	√		√		
3	advanced neonatal and paediatric life support skills							✓			APLS/ NLS or equivalent
4	effective skills in three-way consultation and examination			V		V	√				
5	effective skills in paediatric assessment			V		V	√				
6	skills in formulating an appropriate differential diagnosis in paediatrics		√	√	√	√	\				
7	effective initial management of ill-health and clinical conditions in paediatrics seeking additional advice and opinion as appropriate (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 1 in Paediatrics)		√	√	√	✓	\				
8	knowledge, understanding and recognition of common behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families	√	√	√	√	√					
9	safe practical skills in paediatrics				V			✓	✓		
10	clear record-keeping and report- writing				\	V			√		
11	reliable responses to investigations in paediatrics	√	V	V	V	V					
12	knowledge and skills in safe prescribing of common drugs in paediatrics	√	√			V					
13	an understanding of safeguarding and vulnerability in paediatrics	√	√						√		RCPCH Level 1 or equivalent

Standards	By the end of Level 1 training, trainees will demonstrate:	Part 1A & 1B	Part 2 Written	Part 2 Clinical	E-PAED MSF	СЬО	MiniCeX	DOPS	Portfolio	Others to be developed	Comment
Maintaining	good medical practice							Know	ledge, S	kills and Po	erformance
14	knowledge of the science-base for paediatrics (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 1 in Paediatrics)	√	√	√							
15	knowledge of common and serious paediatric conditions and their management	✓	√	√							
16	an understanding of growth, development, health and well- being in paediatrics	√	\	V							
					Kno	wledge	e, Skills	s and P	erformaı	nce , Safety	and Quality
17	an understanding of health promotion and public health issues in paediatrics	√	✓								
18	an understanding of an evidence-based approach to paediatric practice	√	√		√	√			V		
19	an understanding of clinical governance activities and audit in paediatric practice	√	\	√	√	√			V		
20	a reflective approach to improvement of professional practice as a paediatrician				√				V		
21	an understanding of equality and diversity in paediatric practice		√	\							
22	knowledge of the law regarding paediatric practice	√	√	V	√						
Teaching an	d training, appraising and assess		and Do	rforma	aca Sal	foty and	d Oualit	v Commi	unication	Partnership	and Teamwork
23	an understanding of effective teaching in paediatrics	JAIIIS	and re	√	√ ×	ety dilo	Qualit	y commi	*	raithership	Presentations with comments from supervisor
24	a positive approach to receiving mentoring and educational supervision				√				√		
25	an understanding of the need for an ethical and rigorous approach to research in paediatrics	√	V								

Standards	By the end of Level 1 training, trainees will demonstrate:	Part 1A & 1B	Part 2 Written	Part 2 Clinical	E-PAED MSF	СЬО	MiniCeX	DOPS	Portfolio	Others to be developed	Comment
Relationship	s with patients			Comm	unica	tion, P	artner	ship and	d Teamw	ork, Mainta	ining Trust
26	an understanding of effective communication and interpersonal skills with children of all ages			✓	✓		√				
27	empathy and sensitivity and skills in engaging the trust of and consent from children and their families			√	√		√				
28	understanding of listening skills and basic skills in giving information and advice to young people and their families			√	√		√				
Working wit	h colleagues						Com	municat	ion, Part	nership and	d Teamwork
29	effective communication and interpersonal skills with colleagues				√		√				
30	professional respect for the contribution of colleagues in a range of roles in paediatric practice				✓		✓				
31	effective time-management skills				√		√				
	Communication, Partner	ship a	nd Te	_ amwo	rk, Saf	ety an	ıd Qua	lity, Kno	wledge :	Skills and F	 Performance
32	effective handover, referral and discharge procedures in paediatrics								\		
33	an understanding of the effects of local, national and international policies on their work and on the health of children	√	√	√	√	√					
Probity								Maint	aining Tr	ust, Safety	and Quality
34	sound ethical personal and professional practice			_	√		_		_		
35	reliability and responsibility in ensuring their accessibility to colleagues and patients and their families				√				√		
Health											
36	an understanding of the importance of self-awareness and a responsible approach to personal health, stress and well-being				√				V		

Assessment Standards: Blueprints for Level 2

Standards	By the end of Level 2 training, trainees will demonstrate:	E-PAED MSF	СЬО	MiniCeX	SAIL	DOPS	Portfolio	Others to be developed	Comment
The dutie	s of a doctor nce						Know	/ledge,	Skills and
1	a commitment in their practice to the roles and responsibilities of paediatricians	✓							
Good cl Performa	linical care nce						Kno	wledge	, Skills and
2	increasing confidence, credibility and independence in response to challenge and stress in paediatrics	/	\	√			✓		
3	leadership skills in advanced neonatal and paediatric life support	√				V			Up to date APLS or equivalent
4	responsibility for an effective three-way consultation and examination		V	V					
5	responsibility for conducting effective paediatric assessments and interpreting findings appropriately		✓	√					
6	improving skills in formulating an appropriate differential diagnosis in paediatrics	✓	\	√					
7	responsibility for the effective management of common acute and chronic conditions in paediatrics seeking additional advice and opinion as appropriate (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 2 in Paediatrics)	✓	√	√					
8	effective skills in recognising and responding to behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families	√	V						
9	effective skills in performing and supervising common practical procedures in paediatrics, ensuring patient safety	√				✓	√		
10	improving skills in written communications for a range of audiences	✓	✓		V				
11	effective leadership skills in undertaking initial investigations in children, based on an understanding of the risks and benefits in each case	✓	√				√		
12	improving skills in safe prescribing in paediatrics and in advising others appropriately		/						
13	effective skills in the assessment of cases of suspected safeguarding issues and in contributing to their management			√			√		

Standards	By the end of Level 2 training, trainees will	MSF							
Standards	demonstrate:	E-PAED M	CbD	MiniCeX	SAIL	DOPS	Portfolio	Others to be developed	Comment
Maintaining	good medical practice					Knov	vledge,	Skills and	Performance
14	sound knowledge of the science-base for paediatrics (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 2 in Paediatrics)		\						
15	extended knowledge of common and serious paediatric conditions and their management		\						
16	effective skills in the assessment and management of children and young people with normal and abnormal growth and development		V						
		Kno	wledg	je, Skill	s and	Perfor	mance	, Safety	and Quality
17	a commitment to health promotion activities for children and their families						\		
18	development and refinement of evidence-based clinical guidelines in paediatrics	✓	√				√		
19	participation in clinical governance activities and audit in paediatric practise	✓	V				✓		
20	a commitment to reflective practice and continuing improvement of practice as a paediatrician	✓					√		
21	a commitment to an open-minded approach to equality and diversity in their role as a paediatrician		\				✓		
22	knowledge of the law regarding death, data protection, confidentiality and consent in paediatrics		\				✓		
Teaching	and training, appraising and assessing				_	<u> </u>			·
•	Knowledge, Skills and Performan	ce, Sat	ety an	d Qualit	y Comn	nunicat	ion, Pa √*	rtnersnip a	and Teamwork
23	skills in effective teaching in paediatrics	V					V		Presentations with comments from supervisor
24	a commitment to providing positive experiences of mentoring and educational supervision	✓					√		
25	an understanding of research methods and methodology and an involvement in research activities and publications						√		
Relations	hips with patients	ommı	ınicati	on, Part	nership	and Te	amwo	rk, Mainta	ining Trust
26	a commitment to effective communication and interpersonal skills with children of all ages	✓		√					
27	improving skills in building relationships of trust with children and their families	V		√					
28	increasing confidence in giving advice to young people and their families	V		V					

Standards	By the end of Level 2 training, trainees will demonstrate:	E-PAED MSF	СЬО	MiniCeX	SAIL	DOPS	Portfolio	Others to be developed	Comment
Working w	rith colleagues			,	Commu	nicatio	n, Partı	nership and	d Teamwork
29	skills in ensuring effective relationships with and between colleagues	√		✓					
30	increasing confidence in team-work and the ability to collaborate with a range of external agencies about the needs of children	√		√					
31	effective leadership and management skills in clinical and non-clinical settings	✓		√					
	Communication, Partnership and T	eamw	ork, Sa	afety an	d Qualit	ty, Kno	wledge	Skills and	Performance
32	effective skills in ensuring handover, referral and discharge procedures in paediatrics				V		√		
33	experience and understanding of working within international, national and local legal and health structures and organisations involved in the care of children	✓	V						
Probity						Mainta	ining Tı	rust, Safety	and Quality
34	sound ethical personal and professional practice	✓		√			√		
35	continued responsibility for their reliability and accessibility to colleagues, patients and their families	√					√		
Health									
36	a consistently responsible approach to personal health, stress and well-being	✓					✓		

Assessment Standards: Blueprints for Level 3

Standards	By the end of Level 3 training, trainees will demonstrate:	E-PAED MSF	CbD	MiniCeX	SAIL	DOPS	Portfolio	Others to be developed (ST7A)	Paed CCF	Comment
The du	ties of a doctor						Kno	wledge, S	kills P	erformance
1	a commitment to advocate for the individual child in her/his particular context	√								
Good	d clinical care									
2	responsibility for an effective response to complex challenges and stress in paediatrics	\	V	✓			√	ST7A		
3	effective responses to life-threatening situations and to unpredictability in paediatric clinical situations	√	✓			√				
4	responsibility for an analytic and focused three-way consultation and examination		V	\						
5	commitment to focussed and analytic assessments of common and complex clinical problems in paediatrics		\	\			√	ST7A		
6	effective skills in making a safe decision about the 'most likely' diagnosis in paediatrics	/	\	\				ST7A		
7	leadership skills in the management of common and complex conditions in general paediatrics and paediatric sub-specialities seeking additional advice and opinion as appropriate (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 3 in General Paediatrics and the Paediatric sub-specialties)	\	✓	\			√	ST7A		
8	effective skills in ensuring the management of behavioural, emotional and psychosocial aspects of illness in children and families	✓	✓					ST7A		
9	expertise in a range of practical procedures in paediatrics specific to general and sub-specialist training	V				V	V			
10	effective skills in written communications for a range of audiences, for children and their families, colleagues and other organisations	√	\		✓					
11	effective collaboration with other specialists in using and interpreting complex investigations undertaken in children	√	√							
12	responsibility for safe prescribing in paediatrics in common and complex situations and for the supervision of others		√					ST7A		
13	effective skills in advising other agencies in safeguarding cases		\		✓		√	ST7A		

Standards	By the end of Level 3 training, trainees will demonstrate:	E-PAED MSF	СЬБ	MiniCeX	SAIL	DOPS		Portfolio	Others to be developed (ST7A)	Paed CCF	Comment
Mainta	ining good medical practice					K	nowl	edge	e, Skills an	d Per	formance
14	detailed, up-to-date knowledge of the science-base for general paediatrics or a paediatric sub-specialty (as outlined in the Framework of Competences for Level 3 in General Paediatrics and the Paediatric subspecialties)		√						ST7A		
15	detailed knowledge of common and serious paediatric conditions and their management in General Paediatrics or in a Paediatric sub-speciality		√						ST7A		
16	effective skills in recognising and responding effectively to disordered growth and development of any kind in paediatrics		√						ST7A		
	·			Kno	owled	ge, S	kills a	nd P	erformance,	Safet	y and Quality
17	involvement in health promotion activities specific to general paediatrics or a paediatric sub-specialty							√			
18	independent thinking to enable them to challenge guidelines and procedures in paediatrics where appropriate	√	√					√			
19	an application of risk assessment strategies through active involvement in the development, evaluation and implementation of policy and clinical governance activities in paediatric practice	✓	√					√	ST7A		
20	effective skills to maintain and develop knowledge and clinical skills required of a specialist in paediatrics	√									
21	responsibility for ensuring an open-minded approach to equality and diversity in the paediatric team							√	ST7A		
22	detailed knowledge of the law regarding death, data protection, confidentiality and consent in paediatrics	√							ST7A		
Teachir	ng and training, appraising and assessing Knowledge, Skills and Performance, Safet	y an	ıd Qu	alit	y Coi	mmu	nicat	ion,	Partnershi	ip and	d Teamwork
23	a commitment to effective teaching and training of colleagues working in different contexts in the care of children and young people	✓						✓	ST7A		
24	effective skills in the training, supervision and assessment of a wide range of colleagues working in the care of children and young people	✓						√	ST7A		
25	understanding and application of complex methodological approaches in research in paediatrics							√	ST7A		

Standards	By the end of Level 3 training, trainees will demonstrate:	E-PAED MSF	СЪ	MiniCeX	SAIL	DOPS	Portfolio		Others to be	developed (ST7A)	Paed CCF	Comment
Relatio	nships with patients Commun	icati	ion, I	Parti	nersl	hip a	nd Tea	amv	work	, Ma	aintain	ing Trust
26	effective strategies to engage children in consultations and in the management of their care	√		√							V	
27	effective skills in conveying and discussing difficult information, including death and bereavement, with young people and their families	✓		√							V	
28	effective skills in giving information and advice to young people and their families in common and complex cases	√		√							\	
Workin	g with colleagues			Coı	nmu	ınica	tion, P	art	ners	hip a	and Te	amwork
29	positive and constructive relationships within teams of colleagues from a wide range of professional contexts	√		\					ST	7A		
30	a commitment to effective multi-agency and multi- disciplinary team-working for the care of children	√		V					ST	7A		
31	effective managerial skills in taking on a positive managerial role to support effective service provision	√		V			,		ST	7A		
	Communication, Partnership and	eam	work,	Safe	ty an	nd Qua	ality, K	now	ledge	Skil	ls and I	Performance
32	effective leadership skills in the organisation of paediatric team-working and effective handover	√	√				~		ST	7A		
33	effective skills in promoting clinical practice through engagement with local, national and international organisations involved in the care of children	√					\		ST	7A		
Probity					M	lainta	aining	Tru	ıst, S	afet	y and	Quality
34	exemplary professional and personal conduct so as to act as a role model to others			√			\	/				
35	responsibility for ensuring their own reliability and accessibility and that of others in the team	√					V					
Health						,						
36	effective skills in ensuring their own responsible approach to personal health, stress and well-being and that of others	✓					~					

Appendix 1 Data Protection

All information that we hold concerning you as an individual will be held and processed in accordance with the provisions of the Data Protection Act 1998. Such data will be used to administer our relationship with you for the purposes of your training and assessment and membership of the College. It will help us to provide you with the services necessary for you to demonstrate that you are following a recognised programme of training, have acquired the necessary competences outlined in the curriculum and have undertaken all the required assessments appropriate to your route of training.

The information held may be transferred to RCPCH suppliers, Deaneries and others for the purposes of assessment, ePortfolio, and research, solely for training or other College membership services. It will also be used to provide you with information on all our activities.

We will not, without your consent, supply your name and addresses to any third party except where (a) such transfer is a necessary part of the activities that we undertake for training and assessment, noted above or (b) we are required to do so by operation of law.

Appropriate technical and other security measures have been taken to safeguard your personal information. Action will be taken against unauthorised or unlawful processing of personal data and against accidental loss or destruction of, or damage to, personal data.

Personal information will not be transferred to a country or territory outside the European Economic Area without your prior permission. We will take all reasonable measures to ensure that personal information is not transferred abroad without suitable safeguards and in so doing complies fully with the specific terms of the DPA relating to this.

As an individual, you have a right under the Data Protection Act 1998 to obtain information from us, including a description of the data we hold on you. Should you have any queries concerning this right please contact our Compliance Officer on dataprotection@rcpch.ac.uk.

If you notice that any details we hold on you are inaccurate, please contact eportfolio@rcpch.ac.uk or training.enquiries@rcpch.ac.uk so that your details can be updated.

Appendix 2 Equal Opportunities

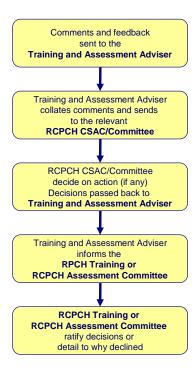
A new Equal Opportunities Statement will be uploaded once the new Equality Act has been implemented.

Appendix 3 Curriculum Monitoring, Review and Evaluation

Curriculum and assessment development is a dynamic and changing process. It is by continuous and cyclical review that the curriculum and assessment strategy can continue to be fit for purpose with ongoing national, institutional, service need or learning environment changes. Themes for monitoring, review and evaluation will be:

- i. the relevance of learning outcomes to clinical practice
- ii. the quality of training in individual units
- iii. the quality of formal training opportunities
- iv. the balance of learning experiences across clinical and non-clinical contexts
- v. the validity and feasibility of assessments within the training programmes.

There will be continuous feedback from individuals through CSACS, College Tutors, Regional Advisors, Programme Directors, Trainees Committee, lay representatives and external stakeholders. Contributions to the curriculum monitoring and review process can be put forward by contacting the Training and Assessment Advisor.



Curriculum Evaluation will be carried out every five years and will be based on data from a range of sources and include both qualitative and quantitative information. This process will be led by the RCPCH Training and Assessment Committees.